District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Responses to FY14-15 Performance Oversight Pre-Hearing Questions

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

TAB 1

District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Questions for Performance Oversight Hearing on FY15

I. Agency Organization

- 1. Please provide a complete, up-to-date organizational chart for each division within the Agency including an explanation of the roles and responsibilities for each division and subdivision, either attached or separately.
 - a. Please include a list of the employees (including name and title) for each subdivision and the number of vacant positions.
 - b. Please provide a narrative explanation of any organizational changes made during FY14.
 - c. Please describe the major functions and responsibilities of each division and subdivision of the Agency.
 - For response to Question 1, part (a), see Organizational Chart in TAB 2. For response to Question 1, part (b), see below, and Employee Position Listing in TAB 3.

There are currently seven vacant positions at DCHFA. They are as follows:

- Development Officer, Public Finance
- Associate Executive Director, Office of Executive Director
- Public Relations Officer, Office of Executive Director
- Director, Single Family
- Deputy Director, Single Family
- Senior Asset Manager, Compliance and Asset Management
- Law Clerk, Office of the General Counsel

Organizational Changes

The Director of Single Family Programs resigned effective September 30, 2014 and the Deputy Director of Single Family Programs was appointed as Acting Director effective October 1, 2014. The Acting Director of Single Family resigned effective February 3, 2015. The Agency is currently recruiting for the position of Director of Single Family Programs. The Law Clerk was promoted to Associate General Counsel effective October 1, 2014.

In response to Question 1, part (c) the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency has included an Organizational Chart in TAB 2 of this document that shows the divisions and subdivisions of the Agency. DCHFA is composed of seven divisions:

- (1) The Office of the Executive Director;
- (2) The Office of Administration;
- (3) The Office of Public Finance;
- (4) The Office of Single Family Programs;
- (5) The Office of Financial Management;
- (6) The Office of Compliance and Asset Management; and
- (7) The Office of General Counsel.

The responsibilities of each division are as follows:

- (1) THE OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR is responsible for the oversight of all agency divisions, business strategy, business development, marketing, government affairs, and all other external communications. In addition, the Executive Director serves as the Secretary to the Board of Directors.
- (2) THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION is responsible for the Agency's administrative operations, including procurement, human resources, information technology, and building maintenance.
- (3) THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC FINANCE is responsible for executing the Agency's multifamily financing program—which involves the financing of affordable rental housing through the issuance of tax-exempt bonds, taxable bonds, 4% low income housing tax credits, and funds made available from the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency's McKinney Act Loan Program.
- (4) THE OFFICE OF SINGLE FAMILY PROGRAMS is responsible for executing the Agency's affordable mortgage program for first-time and repeat homebuyers through homeownership workshops, marketing, and monitoring of the mortgages issued under the Agency's program by participating lenders. In addition, the Office of Single Family

Programs manages the Agency's newest initiative, the HomeSaver Program, a foreclosure prevention program and tax lien extinguishment program.

- (5) THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT is responsible for the Agency's budgeting, accounting, audit and financial management of assets.
- (6) THE OFFICE OF COMPLIANCE AND ASSET MANAGEMENT is responsible for ensuring that multifamily rental projects receiving funds from the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency maintain compliance with the terms of the applicable loan agreements, such as debt payments and affordability restrictions.
- (7) THE OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL is responsible for managing the legal aspects of the Agency's business decisions, tax-exempt and taxable bond transactions and Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests.

II. Personnel

- 2. Please provide a complete, up-to-date position listing for the Agency that includes the following information:
 - a. Title of position
 - b. Name of employee or statement that the position is vacant, unfunded, or proposed
 - c. Date employee began in position
 - d. Salary and fringe, including the specific grade, series, and step of position
 - e. Job status (continuing/term/temporary/contract)

Please list this information by program and activity

For response to Question 2 (sections (a) through (e)) see Employee Position Listing in TAB 3.

3. Please provide the average salary for administrative and managerial staff. (Managerial staff members are those who direct or supervise another employee or a significant component of a project.)

For response to Question 3, see Employee Position Information in TAB 4.

4. Please provide the number of FY15 full-time equivalents (FTEs) for the Agency, broken down by program and activity.

For response to Question 4, see Employee Position Listing in TAB 3.

- 5. Please list the number of vacancies at the close of FY14 and current vacancy information, by program and activity. What percent of the Agency's total FTEs were vacant at the close of FY14?
 - a. For each vacant position, please note how long the position has been vacant and whether or not the position has since been filled.
 - b. How many vacancies within the Agency were posted during FY14 and FY15 todate?

For response to Question 4, part (a), see Employee Position Listing in TAB 3. 14.28 percent of the Agency's total FTEs were vacant at the close of FY14.

Question 4, part (b): The following 6 vacancies were posted during FY14 and FY15:

Public Relations Manager Financial Analysis Manager Single Family Underwriter Development Officer Loan Processor Single Family Director

- 6. Does the Agency currently conduct annual performance evaluations of all its employees? Please include the following information:
 - a. Who conducts the evaluations? When are the evaluations conducted?
 - b. What steps are taken to ensure that all Agency employees are meeting individual job requirements?
 - c. What steps are taken to train and/or discipline employees who do not meet individual job requirements?

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency has a Pay for Performance evaluation system. All employees receive a quarterly performance evaluation from their direct supervisor. The performance evaluation measures and rewards

performance based on agreed upon job performance factors, goals and criteria. The performance evaluation is connected to the budget year performance goals of the Agency and the employee's respective division. The completed performance evaluations for each employee are reviewed by Human Resources quarterly and then discussed with the supervisor and Interim Executive Director, as necessary. If required, a Performance Improvement Plan is developed between the supervisor and Human Resources, prior to presenting the plan to the employee. The employee's final evaluation score from the fiscal year and the Agency's budget determines an employee's bonus percentage.

7. Please list all employees detailed to or from the Agency, if any. Please provide the reason for the detail, the detailed employee's date of detail, and the detailed employee's projected date of return.

The DCHFA has neither provided nor received detailed employees for FY14 or todate in FY15.

8. Please describe the Agency's participation in ethics training for staff and management, including the Agency's Board of Commissioners.

On an annual basis, a third party law firm provides anti-harassment, Hatch Act and ethics training to the entire Agency staff (including management). The training informs Agency staff of the laws associated with each area; examples of what is prohibited and what is permitted under the law; explains employee and supervisor responsibilities related to each area; and shares the disciplinary actions that can be taken when appropriate and necessary. The training is mandatory for all Agency staff and Agency staff attendance is referenced in their personnel files.

Additionally, on January 25, 2014, the same third party law firm conducted a similar training for the Agency's Board of Directors. The training content included anti-harassment, Hatch Act, and ethics related training. It is anticipated that the Board of Directors will receive this training annually.

- 9. Please provide the Committee with:
 - a. A list of all employees who receive cell phones, iPads, personal digital assistants, or similar communications devices at Agency expense
 - b. A list of all employees who receive Agency-issued credit cards and an explanation of accompanying usage conditions

- c. A list of all vehicles owned, leased, or otherwise used by the Agency and to whom the vehicle is assigned
- d. A list of employee bonuses or special award pay granted in FY14 and FY15 todate
- e. A list of travel expenses, arranged by employee
- f. A list of the total overtime and workers' compensation payments paid in FY14 and FY15, to-date
- Cell Phone/Travel Expense/Overtime information: See DCHFA Wireless Phone Log in <u>TAB 5</u>.
- The list of DCHFA employees who hold agency-issued credit cards is as follows:

Fran D. Makle, Deputy Executive Director Jacqueline Reid, Procurement Officer

- The list of DCHFA vehicles is as follows:
 - Nissan Quest GXE 2001
 - Chevy HP Bus 2001
 - Ford Taurus 2005
- Employee bonuses or special award pay: Not applicable (no local funds utilized)
- Travel Expenses: See DCHFA Training Travel Log in <u>Tab 5</u>.
- Overtime and Workers' Compensation payments: See DCHFA Overtime Chart in <u>Tab 5</u> (Workers' Compensation: None)
- 10. What percentage of the Agency's employees are District residents?

39.47 percent of the Agency's employees are District residents.

11. Does the Agency have a written policy to increase the hiring of District residents? If so, please provide a copy of the policy.

The Agency does not currently have a written policy to increase the hiring of District residents; however, the Agency does have a preference system when evaluating applicants, which has the effect of encouraging the hiring of District residents.

12. Please include other methods used by the Agency to increase the hiring of District residents.

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency encourages the hiring of District Residents to fill its vacancies. Generally, vacancy announcements include language that states qualified applicants can receive the 10 point residency preference. All recruitment efforts are advertised in the local media and posted on the Agency's website. In addition, the Agency's employment application informs prospective applicants of the Agency's use of the 10 point preference system for District Residents.

13. Please provide a complete list of members of the DCHFA Board of Commissioners, including their contact information.

DCHFA Board of Directors

- Derek Ford
- Leila Batties
- Charles R. Lowery, Jr.
- Stanley Jackson

The contact information for the Board of Directors can be found in Tab 6.

14. Does the Agency's Board of Commissioners have a complete complement? If not, what is the Agency's plan to fill any vacancy(s)?

The Agency's Board of Directors is a five member board. There is one vacancy. The Mayor's Office is aware of the vacancy and will appoint a new member.

III.Budget

15. Please provide a chart showing the Agency's approved budget and actual spending, by program, for FY14 and FY15 to-date. In addition, please describe any variance between fiscal year appropriations and actual expenditures for FY14 and FY15 to-date.

For response to Question 15, see DCHFA Budgets in TAB 7.

By statute, the Agency's budget is independent of the D.C. Government's Executive Branch. The Agency has its own financial reporting system and is not tied to the

Financial Reporting System of the District of Columbia ("the District"). The Agency is self-funded with no appropriations from the District government. The budget preparation, review and approval for the following fiscal year are done in the Fourth Quarter of the current Fiscal Year. The budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

The Agency closed FY14 with actual total expenditures of \$6.92 million. The Agency's approved FY15 Operating Budget is \$9.57 million. Variance in the actual expenditures of FY14 and FY15 budget is due to increase in anticipated software systems, financing charges and administrative and personnel costs.

16. Please list any reprogrammings, in or out, which occurred in FY14 and FY15 todate. For each reprogramming, please list the total amount of the reprogramming, the original purposes for which the funds were dedicated, and the re-programmed use of funds.

DCHFA has not reprogrammed any funds during FY14 or to-date FY15.

17. Please provide an updated status with respect to the Agency's plans to relocate headquarters.

The DCHFA has engaged a real estate advisory services firm to evaluate options for the use of its headquarters. The work of that firm has not concluded.

18. Please provide a complete accounting for all intra-District transfers received by or transferred from the Agency during FY14 and FY15 to-date.

DCHFA transferred \$1.4 million in HOME funds to DHCD in FY14. DCHFA has not transacted any intra-District transfers during FY15 to-date.

- 19. Please identify any special purpose revenue accounts maintained by, used by, or available for use by the Agency during FY14 and FY15 to-date. For each account, please list the following:
 - a. The revenue source name and code
 - b. The source of funding
 - c. A description of the program that generates the funds
 - d. The amount of funds generated by each source or program in FY14 and FY15 to-date

e. Expenditures of funds, including the purpose of each expenditure, for FY14 and FY15 to-date.

By statute, the Agency's budget is independent of the D.C. Government's Executive Branch. The Agency has its own financial reporting system and is not tied to the Financial Reporting System of the District. However, the Agency's audited financial statement data is included in the CAFR issued by the District. The Agency's fiscal year begins on October 1 and ends on September 30.

The Agency is self-funded with no appropriations from the District government. The budget preparation, review and approval for the following fiscal year is conducted in the Fourth Quarter of the current Fiscal Year and the budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

For additional DCHFA budget information requested in Question 19, please see DCHFA Budgets in <u>TAB 7</u>.

- 20. Please provide a list of all projects for which the Agency currently has capital funds available. Please include the following:
 - a. A description of each project
 - b. The amount of capital funds available for each project
 - c. A status report on each project, including a timeframe for completion
 - d. Planned remaining spending on the project

The DCHFA receives no capital dollars from the District government.

21. Please describe how the Agency has realized its spending to account for any federal cutbacks?

DCHFA is funded, at no cost to District taxpayers, primarily through fees earned for the issuance of federal tax-exempt and taxable multifamily housing mortgage revenue bonds, 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC), and the McKinney Act Savings Fund. The Agency is funded in smaller part through net revenue from origination and sale of mortgage-backed securities issued in connection with the Agency's Single Family Program. Given the sources of DCHFA's funding, federal budgetary cutbacks do not impact the Agency's ability to operate.

22. Please describe any programs or services the Agency has been forced to cut due to any decreased federal funding.

DCHFA is funded, at no cost to District taxpayers, primarily through fees earned for the issuance of federal tax-exempt and taxable multifamily housing mortgage revenue bonds, 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC), and the McKinney Act Savings Fund. The Agency is funded in smaller part through net revenue from origination and sale of mortgage-backed securities issued in connection with the Agency's Single Family Program. Given the source of DCHFA's funding, federal budgetary cutbacks do not impact the Agency's ability to provide its programs and services.

23. Please describe the Agency's efforts to utilize federal grants and other alternative funding sources.

In February 2010, the Obama Administration announced \$1.5 billion in Housing Finance Agency Innovation Fund dollars for the US Treasury's Hardest-Hit Fund program. Through the program, select state housing finance agencies received funding in support of innovative programs intended to stabilize the local housing markets and help families avoid foreclosure. In 2010, the Agency applied and was awarded over \$20 million to implement its Hardest Hit Fund (HHF) foreclosure program in the District, called The HomeSaver Program. The HomeSaver Program was designed to assist unemployed and underemployed District homeowners. HomeSaver has committed most of its federally allocated funds, and therefore stopped accepting new applications in November, 2013.

With \$2.9 in program funds remaining, DCHFA recognized the opportunity to further leverage HHF resources in favor of struggling District homeowners. Indepth research, as well as collaboration with the US Treasury, and the DC Office of Tax and Revenue followed, and ultimately resulted in the HomeSaver Phase II-Tax Lien Extinguishment Program. The program provides one-time assistance to eligible District of Columbia homeowners at risk of foreclosure due to delinquent real property taxes. HomeSaver Phase II is currently running in limited pilot format and will be available city-wide within the next few months.

The Agency continues to expend HomeSaver Phase I Program funds for the benefit of applicants who remain in the system, and expects to completely sunset the program by April, 2016.

In addition, DCHFA has maintained a line of credit with a regional bank to access capital for DCHFA programs and capital improvements.

- 24. What steps, if any, has the Agency taken during FY14 and FY15 to-date, to reduce the following:
 - a. Space utilization
 - b. Communications costs
 - c. Energy use

No activities were planned or completed in FY14 or FY15, to-date.

25. What District legislation has yet to be implemented by the Agency, if any? If legislation has not yet been implemented, please explain why.

The DCHFA is in compliance with all District legislation.

26. Please identify any revenue accounts maintained by, used by or available for use by, the Agency during FY14 or FY15 to-date, that were not included in the budget presented to the DC Council. Detail the use of or the commitment of such revenue.

By statute, the Agency's budget is independent of the D.C. Government's Executive Branch. The Agency is self-funded with no appropriations from the District government. Revenue is derived from the issuance of Multifamily Housing Mortgage Revenue Bonds, financing of single family loans, investment of bond proceeds and related funds, general funds, 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits, and McKinney Act Savings Funds.

IV. Agency Programs and Policies

- 27. Please list each policy initiative of the Agency during FY14 and FY15 to-date. For each initiative, please provide:
 - a. A detailed description of the program
 - b. The name of the employee who is responsible for the program
 - c. The total number of FTEs assigned to the program
 - d. The amount of funding budgeted to the program

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency has two primary program areas:

- (1) Multifamily Housing Development; and
- (2) Homeownership.

The Agency utilizes tax-exempt bonds, taxable bonds, 4 % Low Income Housing Tax Credits, and McKinney Act Savings Funds to ensure that each program increases the availability of affordable housing opportunities to residents of the District. A detailed description of each program area follows. Employee/FTE information related to each program is contained in the chart provided in Employee Position Listing in TAB 3.

MULTIFAMILY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

The Office of Public Finance manages the multifamily housing development functions for the Agency. Anthony Waddell serves as the Director of the division, which is comprised of 8 full-time employees. The Office of Public Finance underwrites and facilitates the processing of financing applications for affordable multifamily rental housing projects in the District.

The Agency's Multifamily Housing Development program uses tax-exempt and taxable bonds, 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits and low-cost specialized loan funds (McKinney Act Savings Funds) as financing tools that increase the development community's ability to provide affordable, safe and decent housing to low-income and special needs populations. The multifamily housing mortgage revenue bond and tax credit products serve as vehicles for developers to access low-cost institutional debt and equity tools that enhance return on investment. When combined with 4% Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and other subsidies, the Agency's housing mortgage revenue bond product, which is offered in enhanced and unenhanced structures, provides competitive below-market rate pricing and helps to preserve, rehabilitate or construct affordable and mixed-income housing in the District.

Nonprofit and for-profit developers are able to take advantage of the financing programs. Depending on the project's eligibility, tax-exempt bonds, taxable bonds or low-interest loans can be used for predevelopment activities as well as to finance the acquisition, rehabilitation and/or new construction of rental housing, cooperatives, assisted-living facilities and transitional housing.

The Agency's Multifamily Housing Development Program prides itself on serving the real estate development community by offering a streamlined financing process. Staff members and a committed slate of third party professionals provide technical assistance on all aspects of underwriting to affordable housing developers and act as facilitators with District and federal government agencies to help expedite the permitting process

and other approvals. In addition, the Agency's staff provides ongoing construction monitoring to ensure construction is successfully completed and properly managed.

HOMEOWNERSHIP PROGRAM

The Homeownership Program is the responsibility of the Director of Single Family Programs. That department was recently vacated by both its Director, and Deputy Director. The Agency is aggressively searching for replacements for both of those key positions, and hopes to fill at least one of those positions in the very near future. In the meantime, the program is being managed by Maria K. Day-Marshall, the Agency's Interim Director. It is worth noting that Ms. Day Marshall has more than 25 years of experience in the municipal finance industry. She served the District as Treasurer, Deputy Treasurer and Debt Manager in the Office of the Treasurer, and as an attorney and tax examiner in the Office of Tax and Revenue. Ms. Day-Marshall also served as Senior Business Development Manager for Fannie Mae's Community Lending Channel. In her capacity as the Agency's General Counsel, Interim Director Day-Marshall was also instrumental in the development of DCHFA's current single family programming. One FTE is assigned to the Single Family homeownership program. It is worth mentioning however that the program is also supported by 2 employees within the Agency's Financial Management Department.

In 2012, the Agency retooled its single family mortgage program in response to drastic changes in the national correspondent lending landscape. The new program, DC Open Doors, offers District residents a more competitive product offered by a trusted agency dedicated to the mission of affordable housing.

Through its Homeownership Program, the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency will continue to increase the number of participating lenders and the volume of loans produced.

HOMESAVER (FORECLOSURE PREVENTION PROGRAM)

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency's HomeSaver Program is currently overseen by Interim Executive Director Maria K. Day-Marshall. The HomeSaver Program is a federally funded, foreclosure prevention initiative that provides one-time and ongoing monthly mortgage assistance to eligible unemployed and underemployed District of Columbia homeowners.

2 FTEs were assigned to HomeSaver for FY14 and to-date FY15. The HomeSaver Program is funded by the US Treasury Department's Housing Finance Innovation Fund for the Hardest Hit Fund (HHF).

DCHFA suspended applicant intake due to full program commitment in November 2013. By the time of its conclusion, HomeSaver assisted roughly 700 families located in all eight Wards of the District. The Agency is proud to say that HomeSaver maintained the second highest approval ratio (84%) of all the 19 awarded HHF jurisdictions over several quarters, and was the 2nd HHF program to fully commit its program funds.

THE HOMESAVER PHASE II-TAX LIEN EXTINGUISHMENT PROGRAM.

With \$2.9 million in HomeSaver program funds remaining, including recycled funds from Phase I, DCHFA recognized the opportunity to further leverage HHF resources in favor of struggling District homeowners. In-depth research, as well as collaboration with the US Treasury, and the DC Office of Tax and Revenue followed, and ultimately resulted in the HomeSaver Phase II-Tax Lien Extinguishment Program. The program provides one-time assistance to eligible District of Columbia homeowners at risk of foreclosure due to delinquent real property taxes. HomeSaver Phase II has been running in limited pilot format since August 18, 2014 and will continue in that format through February 28, 2015. The Agency intends to expand the program city-wide in Spring 2015.

HomeSaver Phase II is overseen by DCHFA Interim Director Maria K. Day-Marshall. There are currently 2 contract employees dedicated to the initiative. \$2.9 million is allocated for this program.

28. Please describe any initiatives the Agency implemented in FY14 or FY15 to-date, to improve the internal operation of the Agency, reduce waste, fraud and abuse, or the interaction of the Agency with outside parties. Please describe the results, or expected results of each initiative.

The DC Housing Finance Agency created and implemented a system for reporting fraud or any unethical concern on September 5, 2014. The system is a fraud prevention hotline, which allows all agency employees the opportunity to make *anonymous* complaints through a toll free telephone number or secured website. Employees are encouraged to report any indications of fraud or unethical activities, such as:

- Conflicts of Interest
- Accounting or auditing irregularities
- Theft and Fraud
- Disclosure of propriety information
- Misuse of assets
- Antitrust and competition violations
- Improper dealings with vendors and customers
- Use or sale of illegal drugs
- Creating or ignoring safety hazards

All employees were notified of the fraud prevention hotline through email, posters and distribution of a hard copy pamphlet.

Additionally, the Agency prepared and implemented written policies and procedures regarding the use of credit cards, education assistance, and training and development.

29. Which programs at the Agency are in most need of funding?

There are currently no programs in need of funding.

30. What has the Agency done in the past year to make the activities of the Agency more transparent to the public? In addition, please identify ways in which the activities of the Agency and information retained by the Agency could be made more transparent.

The DCHFA is fully compliant with the Open Meetings Amendment Act of 2010, and therefore ensures that it performs meetings in an open and transparent fashion that are accessible by the public at-large. In addition, DCHFA maintains a website focused on strong outreach, marketing and public notice.

Information to which the public has access, includes the following:

- Postings of business opportunities including Requests for Qualifications,
 Requests for Bids, and Requests for Proposals.
- Publication of the Agency's "professional slates" of underwriters/investment banks, counsel, trustees, financial advisors, and other third party professionals.
- Official bond issuance statements.
- Audited financial statements.

- Annual reports.
- Available rental opportunities in developments financed by the Agency.
- Information on DC Open Doors, the Agency's single family mortgage program.

31. Please explain the impact on the Agency of any legislation passed at the federal level during FY14 or FY15 to-date.

While FY14-FY15 federal legislation did not greatly impact DCHFA, action was taken by the Obama Administration, which was of particular interest and concern to the Agency, and state HFAs nationwide.

Reduction of the FHA Mortgage Insurance Premium.

On January 8, 2015, the Administration announced that mortgage insurance premiums on Federal Housing Administration (FHA) loans would be reduced from 1.35 percent to .85 percent. The reduction is expected to increase the pool of new homebuyers eligible for FHA mortgages by 250,000 borrowers. More than 800,000 current homeowners are eligible for the reduction through refinancing.

DC Open Doors, DCHFA's single family mortgage program, offers two FHA loan products, the users of which will benefit from the recently-announced change. Borrowers who have already purchased through the Agency's FHA product, will not be able to take advantage of the change, and may choose to refinance into the newer product. The Agency is not aware of any such refinances, but is closely monitoring its portfolio for a trend on the issue.

Introduction of new HFA-specific loan product.

The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), is a Government Sponsored Enterprise, currently under the control of the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA). Freddie Mac's ability to insure and purchase residential mortgages gives it the ability to set the credit parameters of its residential loan products. In January, 2015, Freddie Mac introduced a new suite of so-called HFA Advantaged mortgage products. The program features a 3% down payment assistance option, competitive pricing, credit enhancement options, a streamlined application process, and HFA support and training.

While Fannie Mae offers a very similar product, which the DCHFA has included in its offering of single family loans, the release of the Freddie Mac product provides

the DCHFA with increased lending options to pass along to the customer. The DCHFA will evaluate the Freddie Mac HFA Advantaged product as it is rolled out to determine whether it is a good fit for the Agency, and its single family customer base.

32. Please identify any statutory or regulatory impediments to the Agency's operations.

There are currently no statutory or regulatory impediments to DCHFA operations.

33. Please provide as an attachment, a copy of the Agency's FY14 performance plan as submitted to the Office of the City Administrator, and indicate how well the Agency met the requirements of the performance plan.

The Agency's Performance Plan is provided in TAB 8.

34. What are your top five priorities for the Agency? Please provide a detailed explanation for how the Agency expects to achieve or work toward these priorities during FY15.

In addition to increasing the supply of affordable housing by providing financing through its Single Family and Multifamily programs, please find below, a detailed outline of some of the Agency's specific priorities:

- Determine the feasibility of developing a pooled loan product for smaller sized multifamily deals
 - i. Develop financing mechanism FY15
 - ii. Execute a pooled transaction FY16
- Revise criteria for taxable and/or tax-exempt bonds and 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits projects
 - Once the Board of Directors approves the criteria and finalizes the guidelines, they will be incorporated into the Multifamily Application Allocation Plan
- 3. Further develop DC Open Doors and DC employer partnerships to further grow the program
 - i. Partnership with unions
 - ii. Partnerships with 10 largest employers as well as other employers

- 4. Expand Marketing Efforts
 - i. Program specific
 - 1. Multifamily Program
 - a. For example, create an electronic tombstone and order new construction signs
 - 2. DC Open Doors
 - ii. Grow social media platforms
 - 1. Agency-wide
 - 2. Multifamily Program
 - iii. Agency-wide collateral materials
- 5. Evaluate the overall employee benefits and other incentives
 - i. Create a list of possible new incentives to offer
 - ii. Evaluate the creation of a retirement program
 - iii. Establish a retirement program

Finally, the Agency prioritizes the completion of the procurement and installation of financial management software and automation of other systems throughout the Agency.

35. How many projects and transactions did HFA fund in FY14 and FY15 to-date? Please include total funded amount in dollars, and how many transactions the Agency plans to close in this fiscal year. How does HFA prioritize the projects?

In response to Question 35, see Multifamily Bond Issuances list found in TAB 9.

DCHFA plans to close 10 transactions in total for this fiscal year.

DCHFA accepts applications on a rolling basis. The projects are scored / rated against objective scoring criteria. The scoring, as detailed in the Agency's Allocation Plan and Application, among other things measures the sponsors/ development team's experience and financial wherewithal. Additionally, the project is measured against city wide goals that have been adopted by the Agency and incorporated in the scoring criteria. If the project receives a score of at least 60 out of 100, the project is advanced to further underwriting with the goal of allocating tax exempt bonds and Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) in an amount necessary for the financing plan. To-date, the Agency's private activity bond volume cap, which is the agency's major financing tool, has not been constrained. If volume cap becomes constrained in the future, the Agency would award the volume cap based on the

date of receipt of the project's application and based on the score that the application achieves.

- 36. Please describe the Agency's policies regarding defaulting or distressed residential housing properties, including:
 - a. Following a default, how often the Agency communicates with stakeholders (such as tenants and tenant associations) with status-related information
 - b. How tenants are engaged in the decision-making process in the disposition of a defaulting property
 - c. The determination of how to dispose of a defaulting property backed by HUD.

DCHFA is a mission driven agency which is expressly committed to the goal of providing quality affordable housing to District residents. As such we feel a keen sense of responsibility to tenants at Agency-financed properties, and to the greatest extent possible, we strive to ensure that the tenants at distressed or defaulting properties are involved in the decision-making process and updated with regard to the execution of the disposition. Inclusion of the tenants to the greatest extent practicable at every stage of the disposition process has been our practice, and we plan to continue to do so.

Distressed Multifamily residential properties are closely monitored by reviewing monthly financials, annual financial audits, mortgagee inspections and requiring the Borrower to create a Corrective Action Plan (CAP). The CAP is monitored monthly to ensure corrective performance goals are obtained.

For defaulting Multifamily residential housing properties we work with the Borrower/Owner to attempt to resolve the matter causing the default. If Borrowers/Owners are unwilling to cooperate, the Agency will attempt to preserve the property by legally pursuing possession of the project by becoming the Mortgagee In Possession, or proceeding with the legal foreclosure process to adversely obtain possession.

The Agency notifies all stakeholders regarding all required reporting and noncompliance matters.

On the HUD Assisted developments, HUD is notified/copied on all correspondence issued to the Borrower, urgent matters are reported daily via email and a summary report regarding the portfolio is issued semi-annually.

DC Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) and DC Housing Authority (DCHA) are notified/copied on all correspondence issued to the Borrower/Owner if required. Urgent matters are reported daily via email and by telephone.

The Agency routinely meets with tenant groups before legal proceedings are initiated, and continues to provide status updates throughout the process.

The Projects funded with Bonds and FHA insurance through the HUD Risk Share program follow the guidelines set forth in the provisions of the HUD handbook, which specify required disposition methods for properties in default (4350.1 Chapter 10. & 4566.2 Chapter 10).

37. What were the outcomes of the Agency's foreclosure prevention initiatives? How many homeowners were served? What is the Agency's approval rate post-intervention?

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency launched its federally funded (Hardest Hit Fund Initiative, "HHF") foreclosure prevention program citywide in April 2011 and it suspended intake due to full program commitment in November 2013. By the time of its conclusion, HomeSaver assisted almost 700 families located in all eight Wards of the District. Of the homeowners who have completed assistance, over 25% have regained employment to maintain mortgage payments. To-date, HomeSaver has seen a foreclosure rate of 0.3% of its assisted homeowners. The Agency is proud to say that HomeSaver maintained the second highest approval ratio (84%) of all the 19 awarded HHF jurisdictions over several quarters, and was the 2nd HHF program to fully commit its program funds.

As discussed in response to question number 18, above, DCHFA worked with Treasury to create the HomeSaver Phase II-Tax Lien Extinguishment Program, which provides one-time assistance to eligible District of Columbia homeowners at risk of foreclosure due to delinquent real property taxes.

To-date, the HomeSaver Phase II-Tax Lien Extinguishment Program has run in a controlled pilot program and has assisted one homeowner with several others under review.

The Agency expects HomeSaver Phase II – Tax Lien Extinguishment Program to assist several hundred homeowners in the District.

38. Please provide an update on how the Agency is implementing recommendations from the Comprehensive Housing Strategy Task Force, including the database and affordable housing units goals for year 2020.

The Agency is collaborating with DMPED on the Affordable Housing Database Initiative. The business processes have been mapped and the data elements identified. We will continue to work with DMPED as the Data collection process becomes more synchronized and automated. Regarding the 10,000 affordable housing units by 2020 goal, the DCHFA's pipeline currently includes 11 projects that DHCD included in the FY14 Super NOFA award list. DCHFA will continue to provide debt and equity to projects that meet the DCHFA funding qualifications to help the city meet the goal of 10,000 units by 2020.

V. Contracting and Procurement

- 39. Please list each contract, procurement, lease, and grant awarded, entered into, extended and option years exercised, by the Agency during FY14 and FY15 to-date. For each contract, please provide the following information, where applicable:
 - a. The name of the contracting party
 - b. Whether the contracting party is a certified local, small or disadvantaged business enterprise
 - c. The nature of the contract, including the end product or service
 - d. The dollar amount of the contract
 - e. The term of the contract
 - f. Whether the contract was negotiated or competitively bid
 - g. The name of the Agency's contract monitor and the results of any monitoring activity

For chart detailing the items requested in Question 39, see Procurements List in TAB 10.

Fran D. Makle, Deputy Executive Director, serves as the contract monitor for the Agency.

40. Please provide a list of all MOUs currently in place, all MOUs entered into during FY14 and FY15 to-date, and any MOUs planned for the remainder of FY15 and for FY16.

- DCHFA and DHCD currently have in place an MOU for the administration of 4% Low income Tax Credits.
- The Agency has an MOU in place with DMPED for the administration of the Mayor's Comprehensive Housing Strategy Task Force.
- DCHFA, DHCD, DMH, DHS, and DCHA have in place an MOU to develop and/or subsidize permanent supportive housing units.
- It is anticipated that the DCHFA will execute an MOU with DHCD regarding the approval of a borrower's Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan for bond and 4% tax credit financed projects.
- 41. Please describe the steps taken by the Agency to provide oversight and management for contracts. Specifically:
 - a. How does the Agency ensure that its programmatic needs are being met?
 - b. How does the Agency ensure that contracting actions are standardized across various programs?
 - c. How does the Agency monitor contract compliance?
 - d. If the Agency has a written policy on contracting monitoring, please provide a copy of the policy.

Once a contract is let, the Agency reviews all deliverables and invoices prior to payment of the contract price. Contract compliance is reviewed by the appropriate Senior Staff member prior to recommending payment of an invoice. Should a discrepancy arise, the Deputy Executive Director or Executive Director will resolve the discrepancy prior to payment of the invoice.

42. What steps has the Agency taken to increase efficiency and cost savings in the District contracting and procurement process in FY14 and FY15 to-date?

No activities were planned or completed in FY14 or FY15, to-date.

43. Does the Agency have a written policy to increase contracting with, and procurement from, local, small, and disadvantaged business enterprises? If so, please provide a copy of the policy. Describe the methods used by the Agency to increase contracting with, and procurement from local, small and disadvantaged business enterprises.

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency works with the Department of Small and Local Business Development (DSLBD) to advertise contracting opportunities. Certified Business Enterprises are given priority treatment.

Additionally, developers of multifamily projects financed by DCHFA are required to comply with the Small Local and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Development and Assistance Act of 2005, as amended (Section 2-218.01 et seq. of the District of Columbia Code (the "CBE Act")). In order to comply with the CBE Act, the borrower must comply with the Certified Business Enterprise Utilization Agreement between the District of Columbia Department of Small and Local Business Development and the borrower. As such, the borrower must incorporate or cause to be incorporated all applicable requirements described in the CBE Act into any contract or subcontract for construction work or management services, or any other contract, subcontract, deed, contract for sale or transfer, or obligation regarding the project whatsoever and use all reasonable efforts to enforce those requirements and provisions and to obtain compliance therewith by its contractors, subcontractors, agents, representatives and transferees.

VI. Studies, Research Projects, Analyses, and Publications

44. Please provide a list of all studies, research papers and analyses the Agency prepared or contracted for or plans to prepare or contract for, during FY14 and FY15 to-date. State the status and purpose of each study.

The DCHFA prepared no such studies, research papers or analyses.

45. Please provide a copy of all publications, brochures and pamphlets prepared by or for the Agency during FY14 and FY15 to-date.

TAB 11 includes copies of the publications, brochures and pamphlets prepared by or for the agency during FY14 and FY15 to-date.

- Annual Report FY13
- HomeSaver Program Brochure
- DC Open Doors
- Multifamily Marketing Document

VII. Audits, Reports, and Lawsuits

46. Please list and describe any ongoing or completed (during FY14 or FY15 to-date) investigations, studies, audits, or reports on the Agency or any employee of the Agency.

In Fiscal Years 2013 and 2014 the Agency's Board of Directors conducted a review of the Agency's former Executive Director, Harry Sewell, related to Mr. Sewell's use of an Agency-issued credit card. That review was completed in Fiscal Year 2014. In Fiscal Year 2014, the Agency was informed by the Board of Ethics and Government Accountability that they were conducting a preliminary inquiry related to employee activities. That review was confidential and it is now complete.

For the Agency's most recent audited financial statements (Years ended September 30, 2014), see TAB 12.

47. Please describe whether HFA tracks AMI data and trends for the units the Agency funds. If not, does the Agency anticipate tracking the data in the future, and how does HFA ensure that affordable housing goes to those in greatest need?

Multifamily

The Agency tracks AMI information and has the ability to track/forecast trends through quarterly reporting submissions from Agency-financed projects in accordance with compliance requirements set forth in loan documents. These reports include the Agency's Management Operations Summary, Rent Rolls and Occupancy Reports providing household incomes, household composition, number of bedrooms, rents and other pertinent data to adequately monitor the Agency's portfolio. Through monitoring and approving these reports among other agreements and forms (Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plans, etc.), Agency staff is able to ensure that set-aside requirements and affordable housing requirements are met.

All Agency financed tax-exempt bond projects have to meet the minimum requirements of Section 142 of the Internal Revenue Code (hereinafter the "Code" (for tax exempt housing bonds) and Section 42 (for low income housing tax credits). The Code requires that at least 20% of units in a project must be affordable to individuals or families who earn 50% or less of the area median income; or 40% of units in a project must be affordable to individuals or families who earn 60% or less of the area median income. Additionally, our McKinney Act Loan Program stipulates that projects that are assisted with financing from this program must set aside a percentage of the units for very low income (50% or less of AMI) individuals

or families. The number of units is determined by the ratio of the McKinney Act Loan amount to the total development cost of the project.

Single Family Programs

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency tracks borrower income for both DC Open Doors and HomeSaver. To ensure the Agency is achieving its mission and stimulating and expanding affordable homeownership, the Agency imposed a maximum income limit of 115% of AMI on DC Open Doors and 120% of AMI on HomeSaver.

48. Describe any pending lawsuits involving the Agency.

There is one civil lawsuit involving the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency. On April 11, 2014, the Agency's former Executive Director filed a civil action asserting claims of breach of employment agreement and breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. This suit is his response to being terminated on November 22, 2013. The District of Columbia's Office of the Attorney General is defending the case on behalf of the Agency. The Agency has filed a motion to dismiss all counts that were alleged in the complaint. The motion to dismiss is pending before Judge Ronna Beck.

49. Have any disbursements been made out of the Settlement and Judgment Fund in FY14 or FY15 to-date arising from a legal claim filed against the District as a result of actions taken by the Agency or employees of the Agency?

No disbursements were made.

VIII. Information and Technology

- 50. Please identify all electronic databases maintained by the Agency, including the following:
 - a. A detailed description of the information tracked within each system
 - b. Identification of persons who have access to each system, and whether the public can be granted access to all or part of each system
 - c. The age of the system and any discussion of substantial upgrades that have been made or are planned to the system

Financial Management

The Office of Financial Management (OFM) has multiple databases devoted to the conduct of the Agency's fiscal affairs. Examples include data related to Single and Multifamily program bond issuance amounts, disbursement of construction funds, and facilities management. DCHFA's Chief Financial Officer has primary access to all OFM databases, with varying degrees of access to individuals within that department (see Tab 3). The public is not granted access to OFM databases. However, the DCHFA does publish official statements related to its bond issuances on the Agency's website.

In FY2013, the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency sought to automate its business operations and decided to purchase software for the Office of Financial Management. The Agency hired a Business Process Manager to oversee the project, and, more specifically, to accurately document the business processes of the Office of Financial Management. Once the business processes were evaluated, an interdepartmental team was formed with the task of developing, analyzing and reviewing responses to a Request for Proposals (RFP) for the Financial Management Software. The team is currently in the process of reviewing responses to the RFP, and the team plans to select a vendor soon. The Agency anticipates the Financial Management Software will create efficiencies and assist in the day to day operations of the Agency.

Public Finance

For the purpose of tracking projects within its pipeline, DCHFA's Public Finance Department uses three primary tools, all Microsoft Excel based including: 1) a pipeline report that includes location, unit count, level of affordability, type of construction, project tenancy (senior/family), sources and uses of funds and total development cost for each project; 2) a milestone schedule that tracks each project as it moves through the development process which includes the tracking status of design, entitlements and underwriting/credit approvals for each financing source; and 3) a database that tracks the construction progress of each project. DCHFA also submits monthly and semi-annual reports to DC DHCD as provided for in the memorandum of understanding between the two agencies regarding the administration of the District's 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program (LIHTC).

The database dates back to 2003. There is no current plan for an upgrade.

Each member of the Public Finance team (see Tab 3) has regular access to the database. With the exception of information enumerated in number 1 above which is shared periodically via our website or upon request, the general public does not have access to the database.

Office of the General Counsel

The DCHFA maintains a digital library of legal documents, which include bond documents and loan documents executed between borrower/sponsor developers and the Agency. Additionally, resolutions approved by the Agency's Board of Directors relating to the approval of multifamily project financing and other general matters of the Agency can be found in the library. Documents relating to the issuance of single family bonds are also kept in the library.

The library was created in 2000. There is no current plan for an upgrade.

The electronic database is available on a shared drive that is accessible to all staff members. It is not available to the general public. DCHFA, however, publishes official statements related to its bond issuances on the Agency's website.

Office of Administration

The Office of Administration maintains a database of information technology assets. The data is used for internal management purposes only.

The current system has been in place since 2013 and there are no upgrades presently planned.

Office of Compliance and Asset Management

The Compliance and Asset Management (C&AM) department tracks: Bond financed project's name, location, unit count, Borrower contact information, Management Agent contact information, building/mortgagee physical reports, Management Operation Review (MOR) reports, reports required by the IRS Section 142 (d) program, financial audit statements, project operational expenses, required unit set-aside ratios, debt service coverage ratios (DSCR), program subsidies included in the the project's overall financing, correspondence to and from Borrowers, Trustees, Management Agents, project residents and DC government agencies, mortgage loan servicing agent contact information, mortgage loan monitoring and hazard insurance monitoring.

All members of the C&AM department (see Tab 3) have direct access to each system. The public does not have access to the system.

The system dates back to 2007. There is no current plan for an upgrade.

Single Family Programs

The Single Family Programs department uses external databases provided by Counselor Direct and eHousingPlus to track applicant, participant and vendor data associated with our DC Open Doors and HomeSaver programs. The databases are accessible to the Single Family staff. Both databases contain confidential information about applicants and participants and are therefore restricted access.

The Single Family Programs department publishes periodic aggregate reports on our programs to the Agency website.

The CounselorDirect system has been in use since 2011, the eHousingPlus system has been in use since 2013 and there are no upgrades for either system presently planned.

51. Please describe how HFA is currently using its website to help fulfill its mission. Describe any improvements it has made to the website in FY14 and FY15 to-date and plans it has to do so in the near future, if any.

DCHFA uses its website to provide strong outreach to homeowners, developers, project managers and investors regarding DCHFA programs as well as providing transparency to the public at large. The public has access to the following information:

- Postings of business opportunities including Requests for Qualifications,
 Requests for Bids, and Requests for Proposals.
- Publication of the Agency's "professional slate" of underwriters/investment banks, counsel, trustees, financial advisors, and other third party professionals.
- Information relating to DCHFA's multifamily housing programs.
- Official bond issuance statements.
- Audited financial statements.
- Annual reports.

- Information on DC Open Doors, the Agency's single family mortgage program.
- Available rental opportunities in developments financed by the Agency.
- Notice of future meetings of the Board of Directors as well as minutes from previous meetings.
- 52. Please describe how HFA is currently using social media sites to help fulfill its mission. What plans, if any, does HFA have to be more active on social media sites in the near future?

In FY 2013, the DCHFA launched its redesigned homeownership program, DC Open Doors, and created a twitter feed (@dcopendoors) and Facebook page (DCOpenDoors) to market the program to potential homebuyers, lenders, realtors, housing counselors and sister agency partners. The outreach on the social media outlets compliments the redesigned website pages, the one on one outreach to the lenders and realtors and other events. The DCHFA continues to look for new ways to enhance our outreach efforts.

IX. Financing of Projects and Mortgages

53. Please describe how the Agency is financed.

DCHFA is funded, at no cost to District taxpayers, primarily through fees earned for the issuance of federal tax-exempt and taxable multifamily housing mortgage revenue bonds, 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC), and the McKinney Act Savings Fund. The Agency is funded in smaller part through net revenue from origination and sale of mortgage-backed securities issued in connection with the Agency's Single Family Program.

54. Please describe how HFA funds housing projects.

Primary Tools of Development Financing

DCHFA issues tax-exempt and taxable multifamily housing mortgage revenue bonds, allocates 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC), and uses loan proceeds from its McKinney Act Savings Fund to increase the availability of affordable multifamily housing opportunities to residents of the District.

Tax-exempt and taxable Bonds

The federal tax code enables local and state governments to issue tax exempt bonds to finance affordable housing projects. DCHFA issues taxable and tax exempt mortgage revenue bonds that typically carry lower interest rates than conventional loans on short-term and permanent loans, thereby allowing for a reduction in tenant rental payments needed to pay off the loans. This affords developers an opportunity to obtain loans to produce affordable housing in spite of having less rental income than a market rate housing developer would have. The bonds are sold to banks and investors.

4% Low income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC)

The Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) was created through the Tax Reform Act of 1986 (P.L. 99-514). Its purpose is to incentivize the development and rehabilitation of affordable rental housing nationwide. In a LIHTC program, developers (sponsors) apply to allocating agencies for tax credit allocations, and then partner with third party investors to provide equity. Equity contributed in exchange for tax credits works to reduce the debt and/or equity burden of the sponsor, a savings that effectively reduces the cost of the project, making it more likely to be financed and reducing costs to tenants. In order to receive a LIHTC allocation, projects must meet certain income thresholds or "tests," which ensure an affordable housing outcome.

The "20-50 test" requires that at least 20% of units must be occupied by individuals earning 50% or less of area median income. The "40-60 test" requires that at least 40% of project units be occupied by individuals earning 60% or less of area median income. Sponsors can only claim LIHTCs for those units which are occupied by low and moderate income tenants.

55. Please explain any factors HFA considers in the mortgage application process, such as the applicant's income, credit score, etc.?

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency administers DC Open Doors via a network of national and local lenders. The Agency imposes a maximum income limit of 115% of AMI to ensure it is achieving its mission; however, each individual mortgage loan is fully underwritten and processed by an approved lender following either Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") or Fannie Mae guidelines.

- 56. For FY14 and FY15 to-date, please provide the following information with respect to the Agency's loans or grants to multifamily housing projects:
 - a. The name of the project
 - b. The name of the recipient
 - c. The address of the project
 - d. The amount of the loan or grant
 - e. The number of units in the project
 - f. The number of units required to be affordable to households with incomes lower than 80% of the area median income

For response to Question 56, see Multifamily Bond Issuances list found in TAB 9.

- 57. For FY14 and FY15 to-date, please provide the following information with respect to the single-family mortgages financed by the Agency:
 - a. The total amount of financing provided
 - b. The number of mortgages provided
 - c. The number of mortgages financed at the following income levels: 60% or less of the area median income; 80% or less (but greater than 60%) of the area median income; and, greater than 80% of the area median income.
 - d. The number of mortgages financed at the following amounts:
 - **\$100,000** or less
 - **\$100,001-\$150,000**
 - **\$150,001-\$200,000**
 - **\$200,001-\$250,000**
 - Greater than \$250,000
 - a. The total amount of financing provided \$85,560,386 of mortgage financing, \$2,401,769 of down payment assistance loans
 - b. The number of mortgages provided 310 first trust loans, 270 down payment assistance loans
 - c. The number of mortgages financed at the following income levels:

60% or less of the area median income; 73 loans 80% or less (but greater than 60%) of the area median income; 109 loans

and, greater than 80% of the area median income; 128 loans

- d. The number of mortgages financed at the following amounts:
 - \$100,000 or less -1 loan
 - \$100,001-\$150,000 -5 loans
 - \$150,001-\$200,000 -31 loans
 - \$200,001-\$250,000 -83 loans
 - Greater than \$250,000 -190 loans
- 58. Please describe how the Agency coordinates and interacts with other local government agencies, including but not limited to DHCD, DCHA and DMPED.

In conjunction with the underwriting of multifamily residential projects, DCHFA works with the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) and the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Planning and Economic Development (DMPED) to provide additional sources of funds needed to close gaps in financing. In addition, certain projects receive HUD-sourced operating subsidies, which are administered by the DC Housing Authority, and other DC government subsidies. It is worth noting that the DC Housing Authority (DCHA) is also a borrower in DCHFA financings on properties that it (DCHA) owns and operates. The Agency also has a MOU with DHCD through which 4% LIHTC allocations are made.

59. How has HFA been impacted by any reductions in available local gap financing dollars? How is HFA continuing to seek new, low-cost sources of capital to use as gap financing for multifamily rental developers seeking benefits of the Agency's tax-exempt bonds?

On November 18, 2014, the District Council passed The Housing Production Trust Fund Baseline Funding Act of 2014. The legislation, which was introduced by then-Councilmember Bowser, authorizes the annual appropriation of \$100 million for the District of Columbia Housing Production Trust Fund. Those funds leverage DCHFA financing of multifamily projects by closing funding gaps that often present significant hurdles to financing the development of affordable housing in the District.

- 60. Please describe how the current financial market has impacted HFA over the past several years.
 - In 2008, the year of the financial collapse, the DCHFA provided roughly \$95 million in tax-exempt bond financing for 9 projects, yielding 955 rental units.

- As a result of the near complete collapse of the capital markets, that number dwindled in 2009 to roughly \$30 million in tax-exempt bonds for only 2 projects, yielding 297 rental units.
- Due in large part to low cost capital made available through the Obama Administration's New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) administered by the U.S. Treasury, in FY 2010, the Agency's investment in rental housing skyrocketed to roughly \$132 million in support of 9 projects and 987 units of rental housing.
- In FY 2011, NIBP enabled DCHFA to provide roughly \$87 million in bond financing for 7 projects, and 729 units of housing.
- NIBP funds allocated to DCHFA was expended through most of FY 2012, but
 was completely phased out by the end of that fiscal year. In FY 2012, DCHFA
 provided roughly \$177 million in bond financing in support of 9 projects,
 yielding 1,608 units of rental housing.
- The significant improvement of the capital markets, as well as an increase in rental housing demand in the District drove DCHFA activity in FY 2013, resulting in roughly \$140 million in bond financing for 8 projects, and 939 units of housing, all financed without special federal programming.
- The positive trend experienced during FY 2013 continued in FY 2014. In FY 2014 alone, DCHFA issued \$194.6 million in bond financing in support of 7 projects, and 1,009 units of housing.
- To date in FY 2015, the Agency has already financed 7 projects through the issuance of \$134 million in bond financing in support of 1,147 units of housing.
- 61. How does HFA work to secure new sources of capital to increase housing development in the District of Columbia?

DCHFA has conducted preliminary outreach to the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta (FHLB). A successful engagement with the FHLB will yield low-cost capital to be used as an additional resource for expanding much-needed affordable housing opportunities for District residents. The Agency is also exploring and preparing to use new multifamily housing financing tools offered by Freddie Mac, and the Federal Financing Bank and HUD.

- X. Deficiencies and Improvements
- 62. Please describe any improvements made to Agency operations during FY14 and FY15 to-date.

The DCHFA drafted policies and procedures for tuition reimbursement, training and development and credit card usage. In addition, the DCHFA implemented a fraud prevention hotline and the Investment Policy was updated.

63. Please describe any deficiencies that remain in the operations or activities of the Agency and describe your current or proposed efforts to correct those deficiencies.

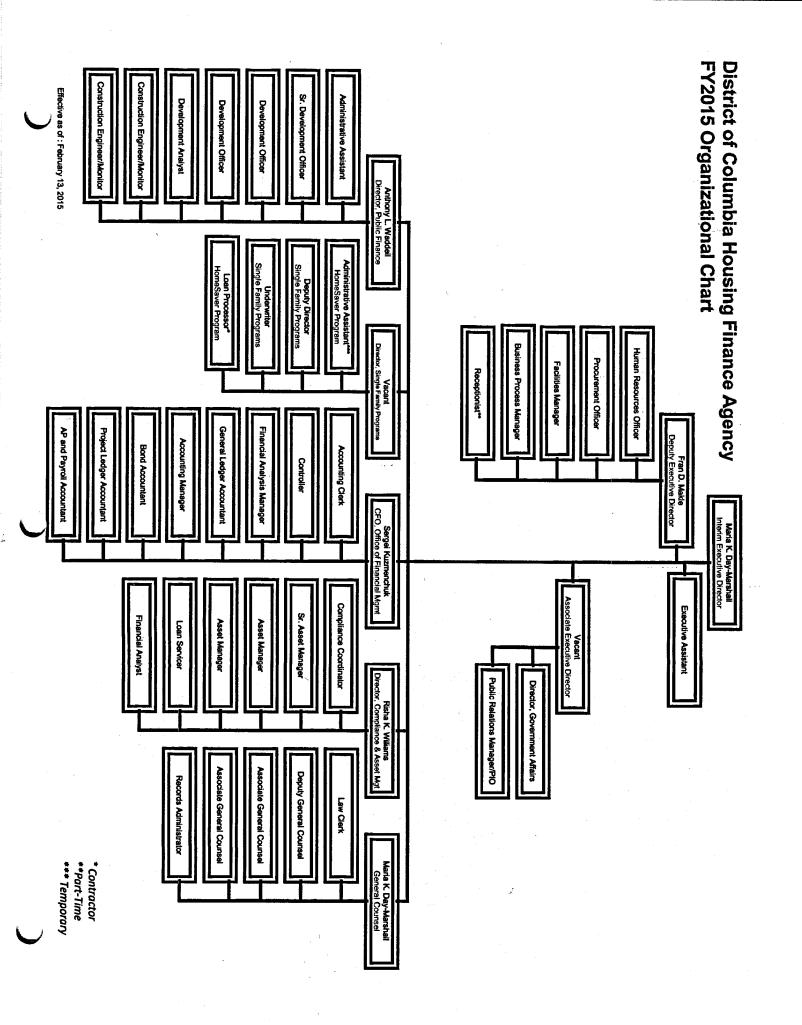
In FY2013, the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency recognized the need for automation within its business operations and decided to purchase software for the Office of Financial Management. The Agency hired a Business Process Manager to oversee the project, and more specifically to accurately document the business processes of the Office of Financial Management. Once the business processes were evaluated, an inter-departmental team was formed with the task of developing, analyzing and reviewing a Request for Proposal (RFP) for the Financial Software and plans to select a vendor soon. The Agency anticipates the Financial Software will create efficiencies and assist in the day-to-day operations of the Agency.

District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Responses to FY14-15 Performance Oversight Pre-Hearing Questions

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

TAB 2



Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

Employee Position Information

Number of Agency Positions:

47

Number of Agency Employees:

38*

35*: FTE
1: PTE
1: Contract

1: Temp

*Interim Executive Director and General Counsel counted as two (2) positions

Number of Employees that live in DC: 15* Number of Employees that live in MD: 17 Number of Employees that live in VA: 5

*Interim Executive Director and General Counsel counted as two (2) positions

Number of Vacant Positions:

7

Average Salary

Administrative Staff Full-Time: \$64,654 Administrative Staff Part-Time: \$26,540

Managerial Staff:

\$144,053*

*This number does not include a salary for General Counsel who is currently the Interim Executive Director

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

DC Housing Finance Agency Wireless Phone Log 815 Florida Avenue NW – Washington, DC 20001 1/13/2015

Employee	Title	Pho	one Tablet
Maria Day-Marshall	Interim Executive Director	✓	✓
Sue Ghazi	Construction Engineer/Monitor	✓	
Heather Hart	Human Resources Officer		✓
Deborah Jones	Single Family Underwriter	✓	
Tatsiana Kurlovich	Controller	✓	
Sergei Kuzmenchuk	Chief Financial Officer	· 🗸	✓
Fran Makle	Deputy Executive Director	✓	✓
Daniel Nunez	Associate General Counsel	✓	
Tracy Parker	Associate General Counsel	✓	
Thurston Ramey	Business Process Manager		✓
Marcus Thompson	Facilities Manager	· ✓	
Anthony Waddell	Director Public Finance	✓	✓
Risha Williams	Director Compliance and Asset Management	✓ ,	✓
Michael Winter	Deputy General Counsel	√	
Birol Yilmaz	Construction Engineer/Monitor	<u> </u>	<u>✓</u>
		13	8

DCHFA Employee Training FY 2014 to Present

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Title/Position	Training	Date	Vender	Training Cost	Texas Illerical	·	
				A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	Taver Foug.	CApellses	otal Cost
Exec. Secretary	Nat' Notary Assoc.	5/31/2015	Nat Notary	\$499.00	\$729.72		\$1,228.72
Assoc. Exec. Dir.	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$881.54	\$299.97	\$1,696,51
	Walkable Urban Develop. Mgmt.	10/31/2013	<u></u>	\$75.00			\$75.00
	City 1st Bank 2013 Summit	11/7/2013	City 1st Bank	\$75.00			\$75.00
	8 Keys to Career Success	1/30/2014	n.	\$40.00			\$40.00
	NALHFA Annual Educ. Conf.	4/2/2014	NALHFA	\$525.00	\$930.52	\$501.50	\$1,957.02
	Housing Credit Connect	6/24/2014	NCSHA	\$570.00	\$1,377.27	\$445.02	\$2,392.29
	DSLBD Compl. Training	7/22/2014	DSLBD	\$0.00			\$0.00
	Management Training Workshop	9/25/2014	SCS	\$598.23			\$598.23
							\$6,834.05
Dir. Gov. Affairs	DSLBD Compl. Training	7/22/2014	DSLBD	\$0.00			00 08
	New Directions Nat Hsg Summit	9/15/2014	BPC	\$195.00			¢105.00
Park Standard							\$195.00
Dir. Public Relations	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1.057.52	\$232 14	\$1 804 GE
	Meet the Multimedia Journalists	11/13/2013	PRSA	\$65.00	<u> </u>		\$65.00
							\$1,869.66
COMPLIANCE & ASSET MANAGEMENT	NAGEMENT						
Title/Position	Training	Date	Vender	Training Cost	Travel/Lodg.	Expenses	Total Cost
Dir. Compl. & Asset	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,103.56	\$458.82	\$2,077.38
Wanagement	HUD CAM Training	4/23/2014				\$39.33	\$39.33
	Management Training Workshop	9/25/2014	SCS	\$598.23			\$598.23
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpt.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,542.55		\$2,057.55
	504 Accessibility Training	11/5/2014	DHCD	N/A		\$32.13	\$32.13
							\$4,804.62
Asset Manager	Asst. Mang. Toolkit	10/31/2013	HAND	\$50.00			\$50.00
	Hsg. Develop. Fin. Prof. Cert.	1/7/2014	CNHED	\$950.00			\$950.00
	NCRC Annual Conf.	3/12/2014	NCRC	\$55.00		\$22.00	\$77.00
	Housing Credit Connect	6/24/2014	NCSHA	\$570.00	\$1,377.27	\$209.50	\$2,156.77
	504 Accessibility Training	11/5/2014	DHCD	N/A		\$32.13	\$32.13

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	Neighborhood Works Train.	12/8/2014	Neigh Wks	\$1,315.00			\$1,315.00	
	HFA Institute	1/11/2015	NCSHA	\$515.00			\$515.00	
							\$5,095.90	
Asset Manager	Asst. Mang. Toolkit	10/31/2013	HAND	\$50.00			\$50.00	
	The HFA Institute	1/14/2014	NCSHA	\$455.00			\$455.00	
	DC Law Review Class	2/4/2014	PDI	\$40.00			\$40.00	
	DC Fair Housing Class	2/4/2014	PO	\$40.00			\$40.00	
	NCRC Annual Conf.	3/12/2014	NCRC	\$55.00		\$14.00	\$69.00	
	Advanced Tax Credit	5/20/2014	A Johnson	\$75.00		\$122.08	\$197.08	
	Housing Credit Connect	6/24/2014	NCSHA	\$570.00	\$1,377.27	\$329.08	\$2,276,35	
	504 Accessibility Training	11/5/2014	DHCD	N/A		\$32.13	\$32.13	
	Neighborhood Works Online	11/25/2014	Neigh Wks	\$195.00			\$195.00	
	Neighborhood Works Train.	12/8/2014	Neigh Wks	\$1,315.00			\$1,315.00	
							64 660 56	
Loan Servicer	CCMS Prep Course	10/23/2013	MBA	\$300.00			630000	
	CCMS Certification Exam	2/19/2014	MBA	317.25			241.05	
	Commercial MF Serv. & Tech.	5/4/2014	MBA	00 068\$	\$1 130 48	4158 38	317.25	
	MS Excel Level I	1/5/2015	Knowloav	C187 50	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	9	\$4,170.00 \$407.50	
	MS Excel Level II	1/6/2015	Knowlogy	\$250 UD			\$187.50	
	MS Excellened III	1/0/0/15	(E01101)	00.00			00.0cz¢	
		C107/6/1	NIOWIOGS	0c./81¢			\$187.50	
							\$3,421.11	
Compliance Coordinator	NCRC Annual Conf.	3/12/2014	NCRC	\$55.00			\$55.00	
	Star 12 Annual Membership	7/21/2014	Nat' Seminar	\$249.00			\$249.00	
	Blended Occupancy Spec.	9/10/2014	NCHW	\$0.00	Credit Used		\$0.00	
	504 Accessibility Training	11/5/2014	ОНСО	N/A		\$32.13	\$32.13	
	Certified Finan. Specialist	11/5/2014	NCHW	Balance Due		\$42.00	\$42.00	
	Neighborhood Works Train.	12/8/2014	Neigh Wks	\$1,315.00			\$1,315.00	
			*				\$1,693.13	
Financial Analyst	The HFA institute	1/14/2014	NCSHA	\$455.00			\$455.00	
	Tax Credit LIHTC Training	3/12/2014	MHCN	£725.00			4101	
	504 Accessibility Training	11/5/2014	CHC	4/N		6 32 43	\$7.55.00	
	MS Excel Level 1	1/5/2015	Knowdowy			404.13	\$32.13	
	MS Evel Level II	1/3/2013	Knowlogy	\$187.50			\$187.50	
	MS Exact cost in	1,0001	Knowlogy	\$250.00			\$250.00	
	MS EXCELLENGIN	1/9/2015	Knowlogy	\$187.50			\$187.50	
	nry institute	1/11/2015	NCSHA	\$515.00			\$515.00	
							\$2,362.13	

LEGAL DEPATMENT

Title/Position	Training	Date	Vendor	Training Cost	Travel/Lodg.	Expenses	Total Cost
Interim Exec. Dir.	38th Bond Attorneys Workshop	9/25/2013	NABL	FY2013	FY2013	\$110.70	\$110.70
General Counsel	Tax Credit Developers Conf.	1/9/2014	Novogradac	\$595.00	\$1,211.05	\$191.80	\$1.997.85
	The HFA institute	1/15/2014	NCSHA	\$455.00			\$455.00
	DC TOPA & DOPA Luncheon	2/26/2014	DC Bar	\$25.00			\$25.00
	NCSHA Legislative Conf.	3/5/2014	NCSHA		\$989.03		\$989.03
	22nd Annual AHF Conf.	3/20/2014	Smith Reach.	Speaker	\$729.29	\$73.19	\$802.48
	Zoning Affordable Hsg. Law	4/2/2014	DC Bar	\$20.00			\$20.00
	Fannie Mae 4th Annual Summit	5/7/2014	Fannie Mae	\$150.00			\$150.00
	Speaker S&P Conference	6/10/2014	S&P	\$0.00	\$240.00	\$25.00	\$265.00
	A Housing Policy Introspective	6/12/2014	DCBIA	\$95.00			\$95.00
	NCSHA Exec. Dir. Workshop	7/20/2014	NCSHA	\$75.00			\$75.00
	Management Training Workshop	9/25/2014	SCS	\$598.23			\$598.23
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,341.35		\$1,856.35
	MCDC III The Issuer Deadline	10/15/2014	NABL	Free			20.00
	NALHFA Conf. & Bd Mtg.	10/24/2014	NALHFA	\$0.00	\$578.13		\$578.13
	NCSHA Legislative Conf.	3/2/2015	NCSHA	\$490.00			\$490.00
							\$7,439.64
Deputy General Counsel	38th Bond Attorneys Workshop	9/25/2013	NABL	FY2013	FY2013	\$403.60	\$403.60
	Fed. Taxation Municip. Bond Bk	12/18/2013	LexisNexis	\$193.55			\$193.55
	The HFA Institute	1/14/2014	NCSHA	\$455.00			\$455.00
	DC TOPA & DOPA Luncheon	2/26/2014	DC Bar	\$25.00			\$25.00
_	Zoning Affordable Hsg. Law	4/2/2014	DC Bar	\$20.00			\$20.00
	39th Bond Attorneys' Workshop	9/17/2014	NABL	\$795.00	\$1,030.17		\$1,825.17
	Management Training Workshop	9/25/2014	SOO	\$598.23			\$598.23
	MCDC III The Issuer Deadline	10/15/2014	NABL	Free			\$0.00
							\$3,520.55
Assoc. General Counsel	The HFA Institute	1/15/2014	NCSHA	\$455.00			\$455.00
T.	DC TOPA & DOPA Luncheon	2/26/2014	DC Bar	\$25.00			\$25.00
	SF MRB Compl. Training	3/20/2014	VHDA	\$0.00	\$321.32	\$187.07	\$508.39
	Zoning Affordable Hsg. Law	4/2/2014	DC Bar	\$20.00			\$20.00
	Fannie Mae 4th Annual Summit	5/7/2014	Fannie Mae	\$150.00		\$83.00	\$233.00
	39th Bond Attorneys' Workshop	9/17/2014	NABL	\$795.00	\$1,226.37	\$491.00	\$2.512.37
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,542.55		\$2,057.55
	MCDC III The Issuer Deadline	10/15/2014	NABL	Free			\$0.00
	Drafting Clearer Contracts	10/30/2014	T. Reuters	\$895.00			\$895.00
	HFA Institute	1/11/2025	NCSHA	\$515.00			\$515.00

Assoc. General Counsel	Fund. Municipal Bond Law DSLBD Compl. Training MCDC III The Issuer Deadline	4/30/2014 7/22/2014 10/15/2014	NABL DSLBD NABL	\$1,295.00 \$0.00 Free	\$894.00	\$319.70	\$2,508.70 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$2,508.70
Records Administrator	Comm. w/ Confidence Conf. Star 12 Annual Membership Nat' Notary Assoc.	3/26/2014 7/21/2014 5/31/2015	Nat' Seminar Nat' Seminar Nat Notary	Star 12 \$249.00 \$499.00	\$729.72		\$0.00 \$249.00 \$1,228.72 \$1,477.72
PUBLIC FINANCE							
Title/Position	Training	Date	Vendor	Training Cost	Travel/Lodg.	Expenses	Total Cost
Dir. Public Finance	NCSHA Fall Conf. City 1st Bank 2013 Summit Annual Economic Develop. Tax Credit Developers Conf. Preservation Energy Efficiency A Housing Policy Introspective	10/19/2013 11/7/2013 11/21/2013 1/9/2014 4/3/2014	NCSHA City 1st Bank DCBIA Novogradac NH&RA DCBIA	\$515.00 \$75.00 \$75.00 \$595.00 \$75.00	\$921.72 \$1,211.05 \$92.00	\$254.08 \$318.21	\$1,690.80 \$75.00 \$75.00 \$2,124.26 \$167.00 \$95.00
	Novogradac LIH I C 101 Webinar Management Training Workshop NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	8/8/2014 9/25/2014 10/18/2014	Novogradac CCS NCSHA	\$110.00 \$598.23 \$515.00	\$1,579.34		\$110.00 \$598.23 \$2,094.34 \$7,029.63
Senior Development Officer	Preservation Energy Efficiency Management Training Workshop NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	4/3/2014 9/25/2014 10/18/2014	NH&RA CCS NCSHA	\$75.00 \$598.23 \$515.00	\$51.00	\$34.00	\$160.00 \$598.23 \$1,667.21 \$2,425.44
Development Officer	NCSHA Fall Conf. City 1st Bank 2013 Summit DC Power Women in Real Estate	10/19/2013 11/7/2013 1/28/2014	NCSHA City 1st Bank Bisnow	\$515.00 \$75.00 \$54.00	\$792.72	\$315.70	\$1,623.42 \$75.00 \$54.00 \$1,752.42
Development Analyst	City 1st Bank 2013 Summit	1177/2013	City 1st Bank	\$75.00			\$75.00
Construction Engineer/ Monitor	Green Retrofits of MF AHP	3/27/2014	CNHED	\$60.00			\$60.00

\$7,221.31

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Development Officer	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl. NALHFA Hsg. Tax Crdt. Wksp.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00 \$100.00	\$1,242.21 \$98.00		\$1,757.21 \$198.00 \$1,955.21
Administrative Assist.	Star 12 Annual Membership	7/21/2014	Nať Seminar	\$249.00			\$249.00
FINANCE DEPARTMENT							
CFO	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$979.72	\$170.68	\$1,665.40
	Management Training Workshop		SOO	\$598.23			\$598.23
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,509.33		\$2,024.33
			-	•			\$4,287.96
Controller	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$979.72	\$204.50	\$1,699.22
	12 mo Training Rewards	3/28/2014	Fred Pryor	\$299.00			\$299.00
	Payment Alternatives	4/29/2014				\$22.00	\$22.00
	Fannie Mae 4th Annual Summit	5/7/2014	Fannie Mae	\$150.00		\$16.00	\$166.00
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,509.33		\$2,024.33
							\$4,210.55
Accounting Manager	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1 280 52	£164 67	£1 060 14
	Accounting Courses	1/7/2014	NVA College	\$919.50			\$919.50
	Fannie Mae 4th Annual Summit	5/7/2014	Fannie Mae	\$150.00		630 00	4470.00
	Accounting Courses	7/29/2014		\$459.75		\$29.00	\$179.00
	NCSHA Annual Conf. & Shown	10/18/2014	AHOON	4545 OO	64 594 30		0403:r3
				00.010	91,354.50		\$2,049:30
							\$9'J90'C\$
Financial Analysis Mang.	Fannie Mae 4th Annual Summit	5/7/2014	Fannie Mae	\$150.00	,		\$150.00
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,542.55		\$2,057.55
HOME RESOURCE CENTER							\$2,207.55
Title/Position	Training	Date	Vender	Training Cost	Travel/Lodg.	Expenses	Total Cost
Dir. Single Family Programs		10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$835.01	\$492.05	\$1,842.06
	MBA Annual Conf.&Expo	10/27/2013	MBA	\$700.00			\$700.00
	Annual Mtg. Holiday Lunch	12/13/2013	MBA	\$69.00			\$69.00
	The HFA Institute	1/15/2014	NCCHA	\$455.00			\$455.00
	SF MRB Compl. Training	3/20/2014	VHDA	\$0.00	\$321.32	\$92.89	\$414.21
	MBA Secondary Market Conf.	5/18/2014	MBA	\$1,200.00	\$1,294.87	\$161.08	\$2,655.95

j			•	j			j
							\$6,136.22
Dir. Single Family Prog.	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,528.34	\$217.37	\$2,260,71
	SF MRB Compl. Training	3/20/2014	VHDA	\$0.00	\$321.32		\$321.32
de .	MBA Secondary Market Conf.	5/18/2014	MBA	\$1 200 00	£1 294 87	6103 80	20.120
	Policy Housing Summit	9/15/2014	, Jan	6195.00	10:10:10	9	\$4,000.07 \$405.00
•	Management Training Workshop	9/25/2014) S	#155.00 #508.23			\$195.00
	NCSHA Annual Conf. & Shown	10/18/2014	VI SON	6.050÷			\$2.08C¢
	COLOR STREET COLOR COLOR STREET	1070101	Y LOS	00.010¢	rz.//r,r&		\$1,692.21
		٠.					\$7,756.14
SF Underwriter	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$595.00	\$1,317.21		\$1,912.21
	HFA Institute	1/11/2015	NCSHA	\$515.00			\$515.00
							\$2,427.21
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	Ø						
Title/Position	Training	Date	Vender	Training Cost	Travel/Lodg.	Expenses	Total Cost
Deputy Exec. Director	The HFA Institute	1/12/2014	NCSHA	\$455.00		\$6.00	\$461.00
	SF MRB Compl. Training	3/20/2014	VHDA	\$0.00	\$321.32	\$106.57	\$427.89
	Fannie Mae 4th Annual Summit	5/7/2014	Fannie Mae	\$150.00			\$150.00
	Contract Risk Management	8/13/2014	Marsh	\$0.00			\$0.00
	A Housing Policy Introspective	6/12/2014	DCBIA	\$95.00			\$95.00
	Management Training Workshop	9/25/2014	ccs	\$598.23			\$598.23
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,509.33		\$2,024.33
							\$3,756.45
Business Process Manag.	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$416.80	\$309.65	\$1 241.45
	NCSHA Annual Conf. & Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,544.30		\$2,059.30
							\$3,300.75
Human Resources Officer	NCSHA Fall Conf.	10/19/2013	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$979.72	\$303.95	\$1,798.67
	SHRM Annual Conf. & Expo	6/22/2014	SHRM	\$1,430.00	\$496.88	\$362.52	\$2.289.40
	Management Training Workshop	9/25/2014	SOO	\$598.23			\$598.23
	NCSHA Annual Conf. &Showpl.	10/18/2014	NCSHA	\$515.00	\$1,509.33		\$2,024.33
							\$6,710.63
Procurement Officer	DSLBD Compl. Training	7/22/2014	DSLBD	\$0.00			\$0.00
	Contract Risk Management	8/13/2014	Marsh	\$0.00			\$0.00
							\$0.00
Facilities Manager	Facilities Management	8/27/2014	Fred Pryor	\$399.00			\$399.00

Overtime for FY14-FY15 (throug	gh Januar	γ)
	·	
Employees	1	Total
Records Administrator	\$	1,081.23
Law Clerk	\$	345.57
Administrative Assistant, Public Finance	\$	208.96
Executive Assistant	\$	784.39
Underwriter, Single Family	\$	331.05
Compliance Coordinator	\$	205.61
Total	\$	2,956.81

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Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency List of Board Members

Member	Member
VACANT	Charles R. Lowery, Jr.
	Director, Fair Lending & Inclusion
	NAACP Financial Freedom Center
	Thurgood Marshall Center
	1816 12 th Street, NW
	Washington, DC 20009
	202-478-6408 (Direct)
	443-676-7219 (Cell)
	clowery@naacpnet.org
	Mailing Address
	1317 Somerset Place, NW
	Washington, DC 20011
Finance Member	Community Member
BOARD CHAIR	
	Stan Jackson
Derek Ford	52 Brandywine St. SW
4508 B St., SE, Unit #8	Washington, DC 20032
Washington, DC 20019	202-889-5090 (Office)
202-427-4474 (Cell)	202-731-4747 (Cell)
202-581-0888 (Home)	stan@aedc.net
Derek@ums.dc.com (Primary email)	Assistant: Monique Henson
dforddc@msn.com	
BOARD VICE CHAIR	
Leila Batties	
Holland & Knight	
800 17 th St. NW, Suite 1100	
Washington, DC 20006	
202-955-3000 305-321-5303 (Cell)	
Leila.Batties@hklaw.com	
Assistant: Lezlie Nye	
Mailing Address	
1452 Primrose Road, NW	
Washington, DC 20012	

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

Housing Finance Agency

www.dchfa.org

Telephone: 202-777-1600

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			% Change
	FY 2013	FY 2014	from
Description	Approved	Proposed	FY 2013
Operating Budget	\$8,734,900	\$9,689,000	10.9

Note: Prior year actuals are not reported for the Housing Finance Agency, because the agency does not use the District's financial system for its actual transactions.

The Housing Finance Agency (HFA) was established in 1979 as a corporate body with a legal existence separate from the Government of the District of Columbia to stimulate and expand homeownership and rental housing opportunities for low-and moderate-income families in the District.

The Housing Financing Agency issues taxable and tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds to lower the costs of financing single-family housing and of acquiring, constructing, and rehabilitating rental housing. In addition, HFA administers the issuance of 4-percent low-income housing tax credits to achieve its affordable housing preservation, rehabilitation, and development objectives on behalf of the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD).

The agency's FY 2014 proposed budget is presented in the following tables:

FY 2014 Proposed Gross Funds Operating Budget, by Revenue Type

Table HF0-1 contains the proposed FY 2014 agency budget compared to the FY 2013 approved budget.

Table HF0-1 (dollars in thousands)

Appropriated Fund	Approved FY 2013	Proposed FY 2014	Change from FY 2013	Percent Change*
General Fund				
Special Purpose Revenue Funds	8,735	9,689	954	10.9
Total for General Fund	8,735	9,689	954	10.9
Gross Funds	8,735	9,689	954	10.9

^{*}Percent change is based on whole dollars.

Note: If applicable, for a breakdown of each Grant (Federal and Private), Special Purpose Revenue type and Intra-District agreement, please refer to Schedule 80 Agency Summary by Revenue Source in the FY 2014 Operating Appendices located on the Office of the Chief Financial Officer's website.

FY 2014 Proposed Operating Budget, by Comptroller Source Group

Table HF0-2 contains the proposed FY 2014 budget at the Comptroller Source Group (object class) level compared to the FY 2013 approved budget.

Table HF0-2 (dollars in thousands)

Comptroller Source Group	Approved FY 2013	Proposed FY 2014	Change from FY 2013	Percent Change*
11 - Regular Pay - Continuing Full Time	4,699	5,034	335	7.1
14 - Fringe Benefits - Current Personnel	1,000	1,026	26	2.6
15 - Overtime Pay	32	32	0	0.0
Subtotal Personal Services (PS)	5,731	6,092	361	6.3
20 - Supplies and Materials	110	100	-10	-9.1
30 - Energy, Comm. and Building Rentals	140	130	-10	-7.1
31 - Telephone, Telegraph, Telegram, Etc	68	66	-1	-1.9
33 - Janitorial Services	56	76	20	35.3
34 - Security Services	18	20	2	11,1
40 - Other Services and Charges	1,170	1,700	530	45.3
41 - Contractual Services - Other	1,018	1,020	2	0.2
70 - Equipment and Equipment Rental	185	190	. 5	2.9
80 - Debt Service	240	295	55	23.1
Subtotal Nonpersonal Services (NPS)	3,004	3,597	593	19.8
Gross Funds	8,735	9,689	954	10.9

^{*}Percent change is based on whole dollars.

Program Description

Although the Housing Finance Agency appears as a single entity in the District's financial system, it operates through the following 3 programs:

Multi-Family Development – provides tax-exempt and taxable bonds, tax credits, and McKinney Act Savings Loan funds as financial tools that are integral to development of the community's ability to provide affordable, safe and decent housing to low-income and special needs populations. The multi-family mortgage revenue bond and tax credit products serve as vehicles for developers to access low-cost institutional debt and equity tools that enhance return on investment. When combined with 4-percent Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and other subsidies, the HFA's mortgage revenue bond product, which is offered in enhanced structures, provides competitive, below-market rate pricing and helps to preserve, rehabilitate, or construct affordable and mixed-income housing in the District.

This program contains the following 2 activities:

- Technical Assistance provides technical assistance on all aspects of underwriting to developers who produce
 affordable housing, and acts as facilitators with city and federal government agencies to help expedite the
 permitting process and other approvals. In addition, HFA's staff provides ongoing construction monitoring to
 ensure construction is successfully completed and properly managed; and
- Financing Assistance provides several financing programs, including the Multi-family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program, Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, and McKinney Act Savings Loan Fund. Depending on a project's eligibility, tax-exempt bonds, taxable bonds or low-interest loans can be used for pre-development activities, as well as the acquisition, construction and renovation of multi-family buildings. Financing can be used for the rehabilitation or construction of rental housing, cooperatives, assisted-living facilities, and transitional housing.

Single Family Development – provides low-interest mortgages for persons purchasing a home in the District at or below the national and local conventional rates.

This program contains the following 2 activities:

- Homebuyer Assistance provides 30-year fixed rate mortgages and assistance with down payment and closing costs, as funds are available; and
- Homeownership Education provides regular seminars and community outreach in an effort to empower persons seeking to become homeowners in the District. Through the HFA, information is made available to residents on the Single Family Bond products, financing options, the District government's employer assistance program, tax credits, tax abatements, the Home Purchase Assistance Program (HPAP), other programs to help with closing costs, and other incentives for homebuyers.

HomeSaver Program – This is a U.S. Treasury Hardest Hit Fund Initiative, which is federally funded and provides forgivable mortgage loans to homeowners of the District of Columbia who are at risk of foreclosure and who have experienced involuntary job loss.

Program Structure Change

The Housing Finance Agency has no program structure changes in the FY 2014 proposed budget.

FY 2014 Proposed Operating Budget and FTEs, by Program and Activity

Table HF0-3 contains the proposed FY 2014 budget by program and activity compared to the FY 2013 approved budget.

Table HF0-3

(dollars in thousands)

	Dollars in Thousands			Full-Time Equivalents		
Program/Activity	Approved FY 2013	Proposed FY 2014	Change from FY 2013	Approved FY 2013	Proposed FY 2014	Change from FY 2013
(1000) Housing Finance Agency						
(1100) Housing Finance Agency	8,735	9,689	954	0.0	0.0	0.0
Subtotal (1000) Housing Finance Agency	8,735	9,689	954	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Proposed Operating Budget	8,735	9,689	954	0.0	0.0	0.0

(Change is calculated by whole numbers and numbers may not add up due to rounding)

Note: For more detailed information regarding the proposed funding for the activities within this agency's programs, please see Schedule 30-PBB Program Summary by Activity in the FY 2014 Operating Appendices located on the Office of the Chief Financial Officer's website.

FY 2014 Proposed Budget Changes

The Housing Finance Agency's proposed FY 2014 gross budget is \$9,689,000, which represents a 10.9 percent increase over its FY 2013 approved gross budget of \$8,734,900. The budget is comprised entirely of Special Purpose Revenue funds.

Agency Budget Submission

Increase: The proposed budget includes increases of \$530,000 in Other Services and Charges to hedge against non-performing assets from projected expansion in financing activities; \$360,650 in personal services to cover Fringe Benefits and support the higher cost of non-District government staff increases; \$55,000 in Debt Service to support additional borrowing cost for operations and building renovation; \$20,000 in janitorial services to support anticipated increase for maintenance of agency headquarters; \$9,500 net increase in Security, Equipment and Equipment Rental, and Contractual Services – Other categories, to support increased costs associated with the daily activities of the agency.

Decrease: The proposed budget includes a decrease of \$21,250 due to a reduction in Fixed Cost projections across multiple commodities.

Mayor's Proposed Budget

The Housing Finance Agency has no changes from the FY 2014 agency budget submission to the FY 2014 Mayor's proposed budget.

District's Proposed Budget

The Housing Finance Agency has no changes from the FY 2014 Mayor's proposed budget to the FY 2014 District's proposed budget.

FY 2013 Approved Budget to FY 2014 Proposed Budget, by Revenue Type

Table HF0-4 itemizes the changes by revenue type between the FY 2013 approved budget and the FY 2014 proposed budget.

dollars in thousands)	PROGRAM	BUDGET	FTE
PECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUNDS: FY 2013 Approved Budget	8,735	0.0	
Increase: To support increased costs in Other Services and Charges	Housing Finance Agency	530	0.0
Increase: To cover costs for non-District government staff increases	Housing Finance Agency	361	0.0
Increase: To support increased debt service cost	Housing Finance Agency	55	0.0
Increase: To cover increased cost of janitorial services for building maintenance	Housing Finance Agency	20	0.0
Increase: To cover increased costs associated with daily operations	Housing Finance Agency	10	0.0
Decrease: To reflect a reduction in cost across multiple commodities	Housing Finance Agency	-21	0.0
PECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUNDS: FY 2014 Agency Budget S	ubmission	9,689	0,0
No Changes		0	0.0
PECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUNDS: FY 2014 Mayor's Proposed	l Budget	9,689	0.0
No Changes		0	0.0
PECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUNDS: FY 2014 District's Propose	d Budget	9,689	0.0
ross for HFO - Housing Finance Agency		9,689	0.0

(Change is calculated by whole numbers and numbers may not add up due to rounding)

Housing Finance Agency

www.dchfa.org

Telephone: 202-777-1600

		 		<u> </u>
				% Change
		FY 2014	FY 2015	from
Description		Approved	Proposed	FY 2014
Operating Budget		\$9,689,000	\$9,661,513	-0.3

Note: Prior year actuals are not reported for the Housing Finance Agency, because the agency does not use the District's financial system for its actual transactions.

The Housing Finance Agency (HFA) was established in 1979 as a corporate body with a legal existence separate from the Government of the District of Columbia to stimulate and expand homeownership and rental housing opportunities for low-and moderate-income families in the District.

The Housing Financing Agency issues taxable and tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds to lower the costs of financing single-family housing and of acquiring, constructing, and rehabilitating rental housing. In addition, HFA administers the issuance of four percent low-income housing tax credits to achieve its affordable housing preservation, rehabilitation, and development objectives on behalf of the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD).

The agency's FY 2015 proposed budget is presented in the following tables:

FY 2015 Proposed Gross Funds Operating Budget, by Revenue Type

Table HF0-1 contains the proposed FY 2015 agency budget compared to the FY 2014 approved budget.

Table HF0-1 (dollars in thousands)

()	and the second s	i i		
Appropriated Fund	Approved FY 2014	Proposed FY 2015	Change from FY 2014	Percent Change*
General Fund				
Special Purpose Revenue Funds	9,689	0	-9,689	-100.0
Total for General Fund	9,689	0	-9,68 9	-100.0
Enterprise and Other				
Enterprise and Other Funds	0	9,662	9,662	N/A
Total for Enterprise and Other	0	9,662	9,662	N/A
Gross Funds	9,689	9,662	-27	-0.3

^{*}Percent change is based on whole dollars.

Note: If applicable, for a breakdown of each Grant (Federal and Private), Special Purpose Revenue type and Intra-District agreement, please refer to Schedule 80 Agency Summary by Revenue Source in the FY 2015 Operating Appendices located on the Office of the Chief Financial Officer's website.

FY 2015 Proposed Operating Budget, by Comptroller Source Group

Table HF0-2 contains the proposed FY 2015 budget at the Comptroller Source Group (object class) level compared to the FY 2014 approved budget.

Table HF0-2 (dollars in thousands)

Comptroller Source Group	Approved FY 2014	Proposed FY 2015	Change from FY 2014	Percent Change*
11 - Regular Pay - Continuing Full Time	5,034	5,285	252	5.0
14 - Fringe Benefits - Current Personnel	1,026	1,077	51	5.0
15 - Overtime Pay	32	30	-2	-7.4
Subtotal Personal Services (PS)	6,092	6,392	301	4.9
20 - Supplies and Materials	100	100	0	0.0
30 - Energy, Communication and Building Rentals	130	135	5	3.8
31 - Telephone, Telegraph, Telegram, Etc.	66	69	3	4.2
33 - Janitorial Services	76	76	· 0	0.0
34 - Security Services	20	20	0	0.0
40 - Other Services and Charges	1,700	1,000	-700	-41.2
41 - Contractual Services - Other	1,020	1,400	380	37.3
70 - Equipment and Equipment Rental	190	190	0	0.0
80 - Debt Service	295	279	-16	-5.4
Subtotal Nonpersonal Services (NPS)	3,597	3,269	-328	-9.1
Gross Funds	9,689	9,662	-27	-0.3

^{*}Percent change is based on whole dollars.

Program Description

Although the Housing Finance Agency appears as a single entity in the District's financial system, it operates through the following 3 programs:

Multi-Family Development – provides tax-exempt and taxable bonds, tax credits, and McKinney Act Savings Loan funds as financial tools that are integral to development of the community's ability to provide affordable, safe and decent housing to low-income and special needs populations. The multi-family mortgage revenue bond and tax credit products serve as vehicles for developers to access low-cost institutional debt and equity tools that enhance return on investment. When combined with 4 percent Low-Income Housing Tax Credits and other subsidies, the HFA's mortgage revenue bond product, which is offered in enhanced structures, provides competitive, below-market rate pricing and helps to preserve, rehabilitate, or construct affordable and mixed-income housing in the District.

This program contains the following 2 activities:

- Technical Assistance provides technical assistance on all aspects of underwriting to developers who produce affordable housing, and acts as facilitators with city and federal government agencies to help expedite the permitting process and other approvals. In addition, HFA's staff provides ongoing construction monitoring to ensure construction is successfully completed and properly managed; and
- Financing Assistance provides several financing programs, including the Multi-family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program, Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, and McKinney Act Savings Loan Fund. Depending on a project's eligibility, tax-exempt bonds, taxable bonds or low-interest loans can be used for pre-development activities, as well as the acquisition, construction and renovation of multi-family buildings. Financing can be used for the rehabilitation or construction of rental housing, cooperatives, assisted-living facilities, and transitional housing.

Single Family Development – provides low-interest mortgages for persons purchasing a home in the District at or below the national and local conventional rates.

This program contains the following 2 activities:

- Homebuyer Assistance provides 30-year fixed rate mortgages and assistance with down payment and closing costs, as funds are available; and
- Homeownership Education provides regular seminars and community outreach in an effort to empower persons seeking to become homeowners in the District. Through the HFA, information is made available to residents on the Single Family Bond products, financing options, the District government's employer assistance program, tax credits, tax abatements, the Home Purchase Assistance Program (HPAP), other programs to help with closing costs, and other incentives for homebuyers.

HomeSaver Program – is a U.S. Treasury Hardest Hit Fund Initiative, which is federally funded and provides forgivable mortgage loans to homeowners of the District of Columbia who are at risk of foreclosure and who have experienced involuntary job loss.

Program Structure Change

The Housing Finance Agency has no program structure changes in the FY 2015 proposed budget.

FY 2015 Proposed Operating Budget and FTEs, by Program and Activity

Table HF0-3 contains the proposed FY 2015 budget by program and activity compared to the FY 2014 approved budget.

Table HF0-3

(dollars in thousands)

	Dollars in Thousands			Full-Time Equivalents		
Program/Activity	Approved FY 2014	Proposed FY 2015	Change from FY 2014	Approved FY 2014	Proposed FY 2015	Change from FY 2014
(1000) Housing Finance Agency						
(1100) Housing Finance Agency	9,689	9,662	-27	0.0	0.0	0.0
Subtotal (1000) Housing Finance Agency	9,689	9,662	-27	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Proposed Operating Budget	9,689	9,662	-27	0.0	0.0	0.0

(Change is calculated by whole numbers and numbers may not add up due to rounding)

Note: For more detailed information regarding the proposed funding for the activities within this agency's programs, please see Schedule 30-PBB Program Summary by Activity in the FY 2015 Operating Appendices located on the Office of the Chief Financial Officer's website.

FY 2015 Proposed Budget Changes

The Housing Finance Agency's (HF0) proposed FY 2015 gross budget is \$9,661,513, which represents a less than one percent decrease from its FY 2014 approved gross budget of \$9,689,000. The budget is comprised entirely of Enterprise and Other funds.

Note: For FY 2015, a new appropriated fund, Enterprise and Other funds, was created to replace the appropriated fund associated with the General Fund. In tables that categorized changes by fund, the budget associated with the original appropriated fund, Special Purpose Revenue is reflected as decrease. As the budget shifts from the General Fund to the new Enterprise and Other appropriated fund, the budget is shown as a corresponding increase.

Agency Budget Submission

Shift: The budget shows a shift from Special Purpose Revenue to Enterprise and Other funds, a decrease of \$9,689,000 offset by an increase of \$9,661,513. Included in the shift, the proposed budget includes increases of \$380,000 in Contractual Services to support the deployment of new accounting and portfolio administration software systems; \$300,562 in personal services to cover Fringe Benefits and support the higher cost of non-District government staff increases; and \$7,750 in Fixed Costs to support increased projections for two commodities, Telephone and Energy.

The proposed budget also includes decreases of \$15,800 in Debt Service to reflect the actual cost of additional borrowing to support operations and \$700,000 in Other Services and Charges because the agency is anticipating less exposure to losses and lower carrying costs in its financing activities.

Mayor's Proposed Budget

No Change: The Housing Finance Agency's budget proposal reflects no change from the agency budget submission to the Mayor's proposed budget.

District's Proposed Budget

No Change: The Housing Finance Agency's budget proposal reflects no change from the Mayor's proposed budget to the District's proposed budget.

FY 2014 Approved Budget to FY 2015 Proposed Budget, by Revenue Type

Table HF0-4 itemizes the changes by revenue type between the FY 2014 approved budget and the FY 2015 proposed budget.

Table HF0-4 (dollars in thousands)

DESCRIPTION	PROGRAM	BUDGET	FTE
SPECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUNDS: FY 2014 Approved Bu	dget and FTE	9,689	0.0
Shift: To reallocate funding within agency (across fund types)	Housing Finance Agency	-9,689	0.0
SPECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE FUNDS: FY 2015 Agency Budg	et Submission	0	0.0
ENTERPRISE AND OTHER FUNDS: FY 2014 Approved Budget	and FTE	0	0.0
Shift: To reallocate funding within agency (across fund types)	Housing Finance Agency	9,662	0.0
ENTERPRISE AND OTHER FUNDS: FY 2015 Agency Budget St	ıbmission	9,662	0.0
No Change	· · ·	0	0.0
ENTERPRISE AND OTHER FUNDS: FY 2015 Mayor's Proposed	i Budget	9,662	0.0
No Change		0	0.0
ENTERPRISE AND OTHER FUNDS: FY 2015 District's Propose	d Budget	9,662	0.0
Gross for HF0 - Housing Finance Agency		9,662	0.0

(Change is calculated by whole numbers and numbers may not add up due to rounding)

Table HFO-6

Agency Performance Measures

Measure 1.1: Add new rental units to the District's housing stock

	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	1400	1300	1300	1400
Actual	939	1008	•	
	·	•		

Measure 1.2: Percentage of multi-family units occupied by District residents whose

incomes are at or below 50 percent of the AMI

·	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	42	30	30	30
Actual	49	27		

Measure 1.3: Percentage of multi-family units occupied by District residents whose

incomes are at or below 60 percent of the AMI

	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	88	85	85	85
Actual	81	56		

Measure 1.4: Number of single-family and individual home purchases financed

	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	110	150	150	180
Actual	2	192		

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

Table HFO-6

Agency Performance Measures

Measure 1.1: Add new rental units to the District's housing stock

	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	1400	1300	1300	1400
Actual	939	1008		
	ŀ			

Measure 1.2: Percentage of multi-family units occupied by District residents whose

incomes are at or below 50 percent of the AMI

	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	42	30	30	30
Actual	49	27		

Measure 1.3: Percentage of multi-family units occupied by District residents whose

incomes are at or below 60 percent of the AMI

	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	88 81	85 56	85	85
Actual	01	56		

Measure 1.4: Number of single-family and individual home purchases financed

	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Target	110	150	150	180
Actual	2	192		

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

Year `	Bond Amount	LIHTC Amount	Total Units	Total Affordable	Total Development
					Cost
FY2014					
Trinity Plaza	\$9,000,000	\$5,610,987	49	49	\$ 17,098,35
Lofts at Capitol Quarter	\$42,000,000	\$4,075,361	195	39	\$ 54,710,361
Eastbrooke Apartments at Beulah Crossing	\$4,850,000	\$3,895,673	39	39	\$ 9,762,750
Metro Village	\$17,800,000	\$6,722,000	150	120	\$ 33,992,93
The Yards Parcel N	\$95,000,000	\$7,937,292	328	66	\$ 143,927,143
The Gregory Apartments	\$9,200,000	\$4,320,595	124	124	\$ 19,671,790
North Capitol Commons	\$16,750,000	\$9,786,018	124	124	\$ 32,733,300
	\$194,600,000	\$42,347,926	1,009	561	\$ 311,896,63
To-date FY2015					
2321 4th Street NE	\$ 15,500,000	\$ 10,375,751	116	116	\$ 32,822,38
Highland Dweliings	\$ 35,510,000	\$ 25,990,286	208	208	\$ 65,157,024
Lincoln Westmorland	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 6,799,767	110	110	\$ 30,552,45
Edgewood Terrace	\$ 21,570,000	\$ 9,391,856	292	292	\$ 44,820,94
7611 & 7701 Georgia Ave Apts.	\$ 11,223,000	\$ 5,625,757	95	81	\$ 22,794,74
Grove at Parkside	\$ 21,000,000	\$ 14,197,000	186	186	\$ 44,664,87
Brightwood Portfolio	\$ 14,316,000	\$ 4,450,502	140	126	\$ 28,232,21
	\$134,119,000	\$76,830,919	1,147	1,119	\$269,044,64

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency

FY 2014 Procurements FY 2014 to Present

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ProSource	COBRA Administration	So So	မာ	1,025.00	1 Year	Renewal
The Reznick Group	Audit	*	ક્ક	114,100.00	1 Year	Renewal
Walker & Co, LLP	Audit Subcontractor	Yes				
Abell Engineering Inc.	HVAC Maintenance	No	\$	20,400.00	1 Year	Renewal
Boland	Water Treatment Services	No	ક્ર	3,468.00	1 Year	Renewal
Pitney Bowes	Postage Equipment	No	s	2,940.00	1 Year	Renewal
Network Express	IT Support Services	No	ક્ર	150,000.00	1yr w/ 2yr Renewal Renewal	Renewal
Otis Elevator Co.	Elevators	No	ક્ર	6,253.00	1 Year	Renewal
Reingold	Website Hosting & Support	Yes	ક્ર	4,050.00	6 Months	Renewal
ACDC Inc.	Telephone Services	No	ક્ક	10,055.00	1 Year	Renewal
Rock Solid Dist. Group	Cleaning Services	No	\$	63,457.00	1yr w/ 3yr Renewal	RFP
Goldblatt Martin, Pozen	Board Counsel Legal Services	No	\$	54,000.00	1 Year	Renewal
Capital Corp. Solutions	Mngt. Training Workshop	No	ક	4,750.00	6 Months	Recommendation/HR Legal
Marsh	Insurance Broker	No	S	187,671.00	1 Year	Renewal
Riverside Advisors LIC	HFA Risk Share Program	No	\$	21,000.00	6 Months	RFP
Dun & Brad Street	Credit Reporting Services	N _o	\$	8,973.00	3 Years	Renewal
Green Door Advisors	Real Estate Advisory Services	Yes	မ	35,200.00	10 Weeks	RFP
Green Door Advisors	Real Estate Advisory Services	Yes	ક્ક		90 days	Extension
P	×					

^{*}The Reznick Group is not a CBE however they have subcontracted with Walker & Company LLP who has the designation.

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

Assistance Available Citywide!

HomeSaver



FACT SHEET

A Hardest Hit Fund Initiative

HomeSaver Phase II —Tax Lien Extinguishment Program

The **HomeSaver Program** is a U.S. Treasury Hardest Hit Housing Markets (HHF) Initiative administered by the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency. Phase II of the HomeSaver Program is the Tax Lien Extinguishment Program and will assist approximately 400 D.C. homeowners.

Program Components:

- Pilot Period—August 18, 2014 February 28, 2015;
- One time assistance to eligible DC homeowners at risk of foreclosure due to delinquent real property tax; and
- Maximum assistance is \$38,400.

Borrower Eligibility Criteria:

- District of Columbia homeowners residing in their primary residence;
- Homeowner(s) whose real property tax delinquency is greater than \$2,500 (Pilot Period only);
- Homeowner(s) must have received a Notice of Delinquency from the DC Office of Tax and Revenue;
- Homeowner(s) must have experienced an eligible involuntary financial hardship resulting in reduced income due to change in employment, medical hardship, death of a spouse/co-borrower, divorce or disability;
- Homeowner(s) gross income can not exceed \$120% Area Median Income (\$128,760);
- Homeowner(s) PITI payment must be 38% of gross income or less;
- Homeowner(s) total liquid assets cannot exceed three (3) times the tax delinquency amount; and
- Homeowner(s) must be current on monthly mortgage payments, excluding real property taxes, if a mortgage exists.

Structure of Assistance:

- Non-recourse and non-amortizing junior lien;
- Loans will be forgiven at a rate of 20% per year such that in year six (6), the loan will be forgiven and the lien removed; and
- The loan will only be repayable if the program participant sells or refinances the property prior to expiration of the lien period, and then only to the extent there is sufficient equity to repay.

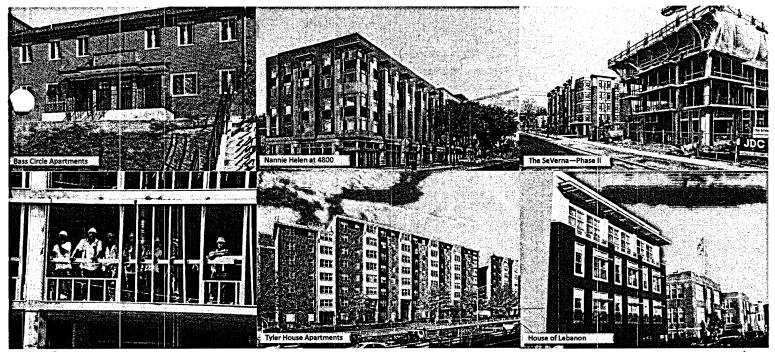
Program Exclusions:

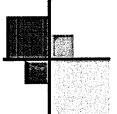
- No residential cooperative units;
- No property/tax delinquency that was sold at tax sale;
- Homeowner(s) in active bankruptcy; and
- Other program conditions may apply.



District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency 202-777-1690 or homesaver@dchfa.org

www.dchfa.org www.HomeSaverDC.org





We Make DC Affordable!

District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency

www.dchfa.org

JULTI-FAMILY RENTAL FINANCING PRODUCTS

DEBT:

Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds

♦ Long and Short Term Taxable and Tax-Exempt Bonds

EQUITY:

4% Low Income Housing Tax Credit Equity

PREDEVELOPMENT: McKinney Act Savings Loan Program

DEAL TYPES

- ♦ 100% Affordable (at 60% Area Median Income (AMI))
- ♦ 80/20 Mixed Income (20% affordable at 50% AMI)
- Public Offerings (Rated, Credit Enhanced)
- ♦ FHA Risk-Sharing, GSE Letter of Credit, Letter of Credit
- **♦** Private Placements (Unrated, Unenhanced)

DEAL SIZES

- ♦ Typical Bond Amount—\$15-\$25 million
- ♦ Typical Project Size—75-150 units

GENERAL TERMS

- ♦ Loan-to-Loan Value Ratio Generally up to 90% LTV; varies by type of financing and credit enhancement
- ♦ Debt Service Coverage Ratio Minimum DSCR of 1.15x
- ♦ Permanent Loan Term / Amortization Up to 40 years; varies by type of financing and credit enhancement

For More Information:

Anthony Waddell, Director of Public Finance

Email: awaddell@dchfa.org



District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Responses to FY14-15 Performance Oversight Pre-Hearing Questions

Submitted on February 17, 2015

Maria K. Day-Marshall, Interim Executive Director

TAB 12

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District of Columbia
Housing Finance Agency
Financial Statements With
Independent Auditor's Report
Years Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013



District of Columbia
Housing Finance Agency
Financial Statements With
Independent Auditor's Report
Years Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Required Supplemental Information	en en en en el como de la como de La como de la como de
Management's Discussion & Analysis (U	Jnaudited)3
Basic Financial Statements	and the state of t
Statements of Net Position	12
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and C	Change in Net Position14
Supplemental Information	en jaron erika erika Erika erika er
Combining Statements of Net Position	66
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	de la companya de la
Combining Statements of Cash Flows	<u> 1866) 18. j. 1868 - 1990 Batter 18</u> 69
Schedules of Cash/Cash Equivalents, Mo Investments By Fund	ortgage-Backed Securities and71
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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements, of the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency, (the Agency), a component unit of the Government of the District of Columbia, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as of September 30, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying 2014 and 2013 supplementary information on pages 65 through 96 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Baltimore, Maryland December 18, 2014

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Our discussion and analysis of the District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency's financial performance provides an overview of the Agency's financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. The financial statements, accompanying notes, and additional information should be read in conjunction with the following discussion.

Overview -

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency") was established in 1979 to stimulate and expand homeownership and rental housing opportunities for low and moderate-income families in the District of Columbia (the "District"). The Agency primarily issues taxable and tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds to lower the financing costs for single family homebuyers and multifamily developers acquiring, constructing, and rehabilitating rental housing in the District. In addition, the Agency administers the issuance of four percent low-income housing tax credits to achieve its affordable housing preservation, rehabilitation, and development objectives on behalf of the District of Columbia Department of Housing and Community Development ("DHCD").

The Agency accounts for its financial activities using funds for its single family and multifamily bond programs and general operations. The General Fund is used to record the receipt of income not directly pledged for repayment of debt securities, to pay expenses related to the Agency's administrative functions and operations, including bond program administration, mortgage servicing, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") Risk-Sharing insurance program and the McKinney Act savings program. The other funds include Single Family Program, Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program and DC Building Finance Corporation. These funds are used to account for bond proceeds, revenue and debt service and bond administration expenses related to single family mortgage revenue bonds, multifamily housing revenue bonds and certificates of participation of the District of Columbia Building Finance Corporation.

The accompanying financial statements exclude the Agency's HomeSaver Program (a U.S. Treasury Hardest Hit Fund Initiative). The Agency prepares separate financial statements for the HomeSaver Program Fund, which is set up to account for the HomeSaver Program proceeds received under the U.S. Treasury Hardest Hit Fund Initiative as they are used for program disbursements to fund mortgage loans to the homeowners of the District of Columbia who are at risk of foreclosure and who have experienced involuntary job loss or became underemployed with decreased employment income, and to pay the Agency's administrative expenses of the HomeSaver Program.

Financial Highlights for the Year Ended September 30, 2014, and Comparative Financial Highlights for the Years Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Significant Macroeconomic Factors and Program Updates

The Agency's total debt portfolio decreased by \$25.28 million from \$838.72 million in fiscal year 2013 to \$813.44 million in fiscal year 2014, continuing the downward trend from fiscal year 2013, when the portfolio decreased from \$869.16 million at beginning of the year to \$838.72 million at year end. In fiscal year 2012 the portfolio underwent a net decrease of \$32.11 million, when the debt portfolio went down from \$901.27 million to \$869.16 million. The total amount of bonds issued during fiscal year

2014 was \$130.46 million, comprised completely of multifamily project issuance, compared to \$118.22 million in total new multifamily bond issuance in fiscal year 2013. In fiscal year 2012 total debt issuance was \$126.16 million, including \$112.01 million in multifamily bonds and \$14.15 million in single family bonds.

During fiscal year 2010, the Agency secured two committed credit lines with the PNC Bank, National Association ("PNC Bank"), in the total amount of \$53.00 million: one for two years for \$3.00 million to be used for acquiring ownership of and making improvements to the Agency's headquarters building; the other for one year for \$50.00 million to be used for providing interim financing of the costs of extending multi- and single family mortgages and/or mortgage-backed securities under the United States Treasury New Issue Bond Program or any subsequent bond program of the Agency as approved by PNC Bank. During fiscal year 2011, the Agency and PNC Bank modified the \$50.00 million credit line by reducing it to \$25.00 million. In fiscal year 2013, the same credit line was further modified to reduce its size down to \$15.00 million. The term of both credit lines was extended in 2014 till March of 2015. The Agency plans to use these credit lines as a source of low interest rate liquidity to fund the acquisition of single family mortgage-backed securities pending the issuance of permanent long-term single family mortgage revenue bonds at a future date. The Agency intends to continue to maintain access to PNC credit lines for any supplemental liquidity needs.

Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements include: Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Net Position shows the financial position of the Agency and its programs as of the end of the reporting period, while the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position shows the results of operations for the reporting period. The Statement of Cash Flows shows sources and uses of cash in the operating, investing and financing activities of the Agency and its programs.

During fiscal year 2013 the Agency implemented a GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. During fiscal year 2014, the Agency carried out an economic refunding of several of its multifamily bond series and recorded a deferred outflow of resources associated with the bond refunding in its Statement of Net Position for the year ended September 30, 2014.

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Financial Statement Analysis

The following information is an analysis of the Agency's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2014, compared to the financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

Non-current other assets 808,740,911 -0.8% 815,510,616 -9.2% 898,120,78 Non-current capital assets 2,218,668 -9.5% 2,450,708 -7.1% 2,637,34 Total assets 976,647,343 -2.1% 997,238,270 -7.5% 1,077,891,59 Total deferred outflow of resources 238,080 100.0% - 0.0% Current liabilities \$ 94,221,951 2.8% \$ 91,673,324 -33.4% \$ 137,647,33 Non-current liabilities 791,871,623 -3.0% 816,577,766 -3.6% 847,035,44 Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	en government jakob 1984 Politika et 1984 – moje	2014	Net <u>Change</u>	<u>2013</u>	Net Change	<u>2012</u>
Non-current capital assets 2,218,668 -9.5% 2,450,708 -7.1% 2,637,34 Total assets 976,647,343 -2.1% 997,238,270 -7.5% 1,077,891,59 Total deferred outflow of resources 238,080 100.0% - 0.0% Current liabilities \$ 94,221,951 2.8% \$ 91,673,324 -33.4% \$ 137,647,33 Non-current liabilities 791,871,623 -3.0% 816,577,766 -3.6% 847,035,44 Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Current assets	\$ 165,687,764	-7.6%	\$ 179,276,946	1.2%	\$ 177,133,475
Total assets 976,647,343 -2.1% 997,238,270 -7.5% 1,077,891,59 Total deferred outflow of resources 238,080 100.0% - 0.0% Current liabilities \$ 94,221,951 2.8% \$ 91,673,324 -33.4% \$ 137,647,33 Non-current liabilities 791,871,623 -3.0% 816,577,766 -3.6% 847,035,44 Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Non-current other assets	808,740,911	-0.8%	815,510,616	-9.2%	898,120,782
Total assets 976,647,343 -2.1% 997,238,270 -7.5% 1,077,891,59 Total deferred outflow of resources 238,080 100.0% - 0.0% Current liabilities \$ 94,221,951 2.8% \$ 91,673,324 -33.4% \$ 137,647,33 Non-current liabilities 791,871,623 -3.0% 816,577,766 -3.6% 847,035,44 Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Non-current capital assets	2,218,668	-9.5%	2,450,708	-7.1%	2,637,342
Current liabilities \$ 94,221,951 2.8% \$ 91,673,324 -33.4% \$ 137,647,33 Non-current liabilities 791,871,623 -3.0% 816,577,766 -3.6% 847,035,44 Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	in a consistence of the control of t	976,647,343	-2.1%	997,238,270	-7.5%	1,077,891,599
Non-current liabilities 791,871,623 -3.0% 816,577,766 -3.6% 847,035,44 Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Total deferred outflow of resources	238,080	100.0%		0.0%	y tanàna ao amin'ny faritr'i Nord-Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neural Neura
Non-current liabilities 791,871,623 -3.0% 816,577,766 -3.6% 847,035,44 Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Bork Burgother (1900 and declar)	1.0				
Total liabilities 886,093,574 -2.4% 908,251,090 -7.8% 984,682,78 Net position: Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Current liabilities	\$ 94,221,951	2.8%	\$ 91,673,324	-33.4%	\$ 137,647,336
Net position: 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Non-current liabilities	791,871,623	-3.0%	816,577,766	-3.6%	847,035,448
Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Total liabilities	886,093,574	-2.4%	908,251,090	-7.8%	984,682,784
Net invested in capital assets 1,568,668 -5.5% 1,660,708 -3.0% 1,712,34 Restricted for: Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	Net position:					
Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program 32,915,936 -4.7% 34,532,184 -16.9% 41,571,16	-	1,568,668	-5.5%	1,660,708	-3.0%	1,712,342
randia di singgan da mangan isang Mangaran Singgan da mangan da singgan ing ing mangan da mangan da minggin da	Restricted for:					
	Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Prog	ram 32,915,936	-4.7%	34,532,184	-16.9%	41,571,166
McKinney Act Fund 8,645,549 0.8% 8,576,551 -3.9% 8,926,10	McKinney Act Fund	8,645,549	0.8%	8,576,551	-3.9%	8,926,106
Total Restricted 41,561,485 -3.6% 43,108,735 -14.6% 50,497,27	Total Restricted	41,561,485	-3.6%	43,108,735	-14.6%	50,497,272
Unrestricted 47,661,696 7.8% 44,217,737 7.9% 40,999,20	Unrestricted	47,661,696	7.8%	44,217,737	7.9%	40,999,201
Total Net Position 90,791,849 2.0% 88,987,180 -4.5% 93,208,81	Total Net Position	90,791,849	2.0%	88,987,180	-4.5%	93,208,815
Total Liabilities and Net Position \$976,885,423 -2.0% \$997,238,270 -7.5% \$1,077,891,59	Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 976,885,423	-2.0%	\$ 997,238,270	-7.5%	\$ 1,077,891,599

In fiscal year 2014, the Agency' combined assets decreased by 2.1%, compared to the 7.5% decrease in fiscal year 2013. The short-term asset holdings were used to redeem bonds while the new issuance did not result in new asset increase since most of the new debt structures were done as draw down deals. The current assets decrease was in part driven by the reduction in the claims receivable accounts due to the final claim settlement with the HUD. The current liabilities have increased 2.8% while the noncurrent liabilities dropped 3.0% in fiscal year 2014 due to a different composition of debt outstanding by its maturity date compared to prior fiscal year when the current and non-current liabilities decreased by 33.4% and 3.6%, respectively, from fiscal year 2012. In fiscal year 2013, the 9.2% decrease in the noncurrent non-capital assets came from utilization of proceeds from long term investments and loan assets to redeem short term bonds. This trend almost reversed in fiscal year 2014 with only 0.8% reduction in the non-current non-capital assets. The 2.0%, or \$1.8 million, in net position increase in fiscal year 2014 is due to a net operating income of \$2.3 million slightly offset by the \$0.5 million non-operating unrealized loss in the value of mortgage-backed securities. In fiscal year 2013 the net assets decreased by \$4.2 million primarily from the \$8.1 million non-operating unrealized loss on mortgage-backed securities driven by higher market interest rates. Current liabilities in fiscal year 2012 decreased by 0.7% due to a slight decrease in bonds coming due within one year. The 5.5% decrease in net invested in capital assets in fiscal year 2014 was due to greater depreciation and amortization of the accumulated

capital assets versus the addition of new assets. The same reason underlay the fiscal year 2013 3.0% reduction in the net invested in capital assets.

Operating Results

During fiscal year 2014, the Agency's combined net position increased by \$1.8 million, or 2.0%, which comprises net revenue of \$2.3 million from operations and a non-operating loss of \$0.5 million due to a decrease in the unrealized fair value of mortgage-backed securities. For fiscal year 2013, net position decreased by \$4.2 million, consisting of a \$3.9 million income from operations offset by the \$8.1 million non-operating loss due to a decrease in the unrealized fair value of mortgage-backed securities. The value of the securities moves in opposite direction to the market interest rates. The Agency typically holds all of the mortgage-backed securities to the expected life of the underlying loans.

During fiscal year 2014, combined operating revenues decreased by \$13.6 million or 19.4% from fiscal year 2013, primarily due to a 25.1% decrease in mortgage loan interest revenue, 20.5% decrease in mortgage-backed security income and 36.65% reduction in investment revenue offset by the 26.4% increase in other revenue from project revenue and issuer and administrative fees. The decreasing investment income was the direct result of low investment interest rates, short-term nature of investment holdings in the multifamily trust indentures and entailed the project revenue contributions from the owners required to support the debt service on the underlying debt. Both the decrease in interest revenue on mortgage loans and the interest expense from 2013 were mostly a result of the \$8.25 million one-time spike in contingent interest receipt and payment based on the surplus cash agreement under one of the paid off multifamily projects in fiscal year 2013. Such one-time contingent interest settlement was processed through the project trust accounts in a pass-through manner at the election of the project owners and sole bond holder. Both the \$4.6 million decrease in service project receipts and payments was the result of all serviced projects receiving federal subsidies paying off in fiscal year 2013.

Combined operating expenses in fiscal year 2014 decreased by \$11.9 million, or 18.1%, from fiscal year 2013, primarily due to a 26.0% drop in interest expense based on the \$8.25 million one-time spike in contingent interest and elimination of \$4.6 million service project receipts and payments as described above and the generally lower interest rates from the new bond issuance compared to the historical interest rate levels.

During fiscal year 2013, combined operating revenues increased by \$2.92 million or 4.4% from fiscal year 2012, primarily due to a 30.4% increase in mortgage loan interest revenue and 26.6% increase in other revenue stemming primarily from new multifamily bond issuance. The decreasing investment and mortgage-backed security income fell short of turning the operating results into negative. Combined operating expenses in fiscal year 2013 increased by 15.2% or \$8.71 million from fiscal year 2012, primarily due to a 23.6% jump in interest expense based on the contingent interest and increased general and administrative and other fee expenses carried by the bond programs. This increase was slightly offset by a reduction in service project payments from the corresponding receipts due to the payoff of one of the serviced projects. The fiscal year 2013 operating income was \$3.90 million, augmenting and continuing a positive trend from fiscal year 2012 with its net operating income of \$9.69 million. Both

the increase in interest revenue on mortgage loans and the interest expense included a one-time \$8.25 million contingent interest receipt and payment as described above.

	2014	Net <u>Change</u>	<u>2013</u>	Net <u>Change</u>	<u>2012</u>
Operating Revenues					
Investment interest income	\$ 1,247,223	-36.6%	\$ 1,966,344	-38.6%	\$ 3,203,285
Mortgage-backed security interest income	5,481,058	-20.5%	6,890,283	-49.5%	13,646,776
Interest on mortgage and construction loans	31,340,466	-25.1%	41,856,888	30.4%	32,089,494
McKinney Act interest revenue	66,101	-45.8%	121,892	29.2%	94,333
Application and commitment fees	283,132	-5.9%	300,813	64.0%	183,422
Service project receipts		-100.0%	4,580,901	-29.9%	6,536,023
Other	17,856,302	26.4%	14,123,543	26.6%	11,159,842
Total operating revenues	56,274,282	-19.4%	69,840,664	4.4%	66,913,175
Non-operating revenues	(460,212)	94.3%	(8,125,357)	267.9%	(2,208,568)
Total revenue	55,814,070	-9.6%	61,715,307	-4.6%	64,704,607
Operating Expenses					
General and administrative	9,748,101	39.0%	7,012,927	6.4%	6,591,266
Personnel and related costs	4,450,169	4.0%	4,278,160	5.5%	4,053,725
Interest expense	35,345,822	-26.0%	47,752,731	23.6%	38,625,017
Depreciation and amortization	247,504	0.9%	245,364	7.5%	228,255
Service project payments	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	-100.0%	4,581,667	-29.9%	6,532,506
Trustee fees and other expenses	4,217,805	104.1%	2,066,093	73.7%	1,189,441
Total operating expenses	54,009,401	-18.1%	65,936,942	15.2%	57,220,210
Operating Income (Loss)	2,264,881	-42.0%	3,903,722	-59.7%	9,692,965
Change in Net Position	1,804,669	-142.7%	(4,221,635)	-156.4%	7,484,397
Net position, beginning of year	88,987,180	4.5%	93,208,815	8.7%	85,724,418
Net position, end of year	\$ 90,791,849	2.0%	\$ 88,987,180	4.5%	\$ 93,208,815

In fiscal year 2014, the Agency recorded a \$3.0 million net operating income and a \$3.4 million overall net income in its General Fund, increasing General Fund net position from \$56.4 million at the beginning of the year to \$59.8 million at year end. In fiscal years 2013 and 2012, the General Fund net operating income amounted to \$2.5 and \$1.6 million, respectively.

Debt Administration

Debt activity, including credit lines and certificates of participation, for the years ended September 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

•	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 838,718,934	\$ 869,157,282	\$ 901,265,129
New issuance/draws	130,464,992	118,218,431	126,163,530
Redemptions/maturities	(155,746,933)	(148,656,779)	(158,271,377)
Ending balance	\$ 813,436,993	\$ 838,718,934	\$ 869,157,282

In fiscal year 2014, the Agency's combined outstanding debt decreased by \$25.3 million from fiscal year 2013. The Certificates of Participation outstanding balance decreased by \$140,000 from \$0.79 million at the beginning of the year to \$0.65 million at year end. Total single family revenue bonds were reduced by \$17.9 million due loan prepayment redemptions. No new single family bonds have been issued in fiscal year 2014.

There was no New Issuance Bond Program bond issuance in fiscal year 2013 except for a \$0.55 million additional market bond issuance for one of the multifamily transactions, which was redeemed by the end of the fiscal year. All of the \$168.10 million in NIBP multifamily and \$5.12 million in NIBP single family escrow bonds issued in fiscal year 2010, have been modified through supplemental indentures in financing seventeen multifamily projects, six of which were financed in fiscal year 2012. The release of the \$173.22 million of NIBP escrow bonds was done concurrently with the issuance of \$91.23 million in non-NIBP bonds.

During fiscal year 2014 DCHFA financed seven multifamily projects for a total authenticated and delivered bond amount of \$194.6 million. A number of multifamily revenue bonds, closed in fiscal years 2011-2014, were issued in a draw-down mode, where out of the total amount of bonds closed, only a portion may get drawn during any given reporting period. The amount of such draws during fiscal year 2014 was \$60.8 million. The amount of outstanding multifamily bonds from new issuance and draws on the new and existing draw down bonds during fiscal year 2014 was \$130.5 million, and, when offset by \$137.8 million in matured and redeemed bonds, resulted in the net decrease in multifamily bonds outstanding of \$7.3 million, compared to a net decrease of \$4.0 million in fiscal year 2013.

During fiscal year 2013 DCHFA financed nine multifamily projects for a total authenticated and delivered bond amount of \$139.4 million. A number of multifamily revenue bonds, closed in fiscal years 2010-2013, were issued in a draw-down mode, where out of the total amount of bonds closed, only a portion may get drawn during any given reporting period. The amount of such draws during fiscal year 2013 was \$61.6 million. The amount of outstanding multifamily bonds from new issuance and draws on the new and existing draw down bonds during fiscal year 2013 was \$118.2 million, and, when offset by \$122.2 million in matured and redeemed bonds, resulted in the net decrease in multifamily bonds outstanding of \$4.0 million, compared to a net increase decrease of \$21.68 million in fiscal year 2012.

Capital Assets

The Agency issued \$2.4 million of Certificates of Participation in 1998 to finance the acquisition of its headquarters building at 815 Florida Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. and entered into a lease agreement with the District of Columbia Building Finance Corporation to lease the office space. The lease term is through June 2018; however, the Agency has an annual right to terminate the lease in the event that the Agency fails to budget sufficient amounts due under the lease terms for the ensuing fiscal year. The Agency has the option to purchase the building at any time during the lease at an amount necessary to discharge the outstanding Certificates of Participation. As of September 30, 2014, both the Certificates of Participation and the lease agreement had approximately four years remaining, and an outstanding balance of \$0.65 million. The Agency redeemed \$140,000 of the Certificates of Participation in fiscal year 2013 in addition to \$135,000 and \$130,000 redeemed in fiscal years 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, were \$2,218,668 and \$2,450,708 as of September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$2,637,342 as of September 30, 2012. The detailed analysis of changes in capital assets is in Note 5.

Key Bond Programs

Multifamily New Issue Bond Program ("Multifamily NIBP")

The Multifamily NIBP started in fiscal year 2010 with the issuance of \$168.1 million in taxable escrow bonds. As of September 30, 2012, all of these escrow bonds have been released in the form of tax-exempt bonds to finance sixteen multifamily projects. In addition, \$5.1 million of the Single Family NIBP escrow bonds have been released as tax-exempt bonds to fund one multifamily project. Concurrently with the release of NIBP escrow bonds, the Agency issued \$91.2 million in market bonds, not including \$0.6 million in market bonds issued for an existing project in fiscal year 2013. All seventeen transactions using NIBP bonds were structured as stand-alone pass-through financings with no direct economic recourse to the Agency as the issuer. Some of the bonds issued in fiscal years 2010-2013 were issued in a draw down mode. The amount of draws under such existing and new draw down projects for fiscal year 2014 was \$1.7 million. When offset by \$15.9 million in redeemed and matured bonds, the fiscal year 2014 net decrease in total Multifamily NIBP Bonds outstanding was \$14.2 million, compared to a net decrease of \$6.2 million in fiscal year 2013 and a net increase of \$32.1 million in fiscal year 2012. As of September 30, 2014, the total bonds outstanding under the Multifamily NIBP, were \$212.9 million, compared to \$226.4 million as of September 30, 2013.

Single Family New Issue Bond Program ("Single Family NIBP")

The Single Family NIBP started in fiscal year 2010 with the issuance of \$25.0 million in taxable escrow bonds. All of the Single Family NIBP bonds remained in escrow as of September 30, 2011. In fiscal year 2012, the Agency used the advantageous cost of NIBP capital to design competitive interest rate mortgage loan products offered to the District homebuyers. The Agency modified and redelivered \$14.2 million of taxable NIBP escrow bonds into tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds. In fiscal year 2011, due to the non-negative arbitrage nature of the NIBP escrow bonds, the Agency elected to use its own General Fund monies and proceeds from the draw on the PNC Bank credit line to provide interim financing source for the acquisition of the mortgage-backed securities, the practice known as

"warehousing". The warehoused mortgage-backed securities became assets collateralizing the new NIBP tax-exempt bonds issued at the end of calendar year 2011 and the General Fund was reimbursed from the released bond proceeds. The demand for the Agency loans remained low throughout the year due to a relatively small interest rate competitive advantage of the Agency's loans compared to conventional lender loans. Early in fiscal year 2012, the Agency master servicer, Bank of America, terminated its corresponding lender relationships, which disrupted the Agency's ability to securitize the originated homeownership loans into mortgage-backed securities for the remainder of the year and half of fiscal year 2013. The Agency decided to use \$5.1 million of the single family NIBP escrow bonds to finance one multifamily transaction, which is accounted for under the Multifamily NIBP, and to redeem the \$5.73 million in unused NIBP single family taxable escrow bonds as the deadline for their use was December 31, 2012. Due to the executive management decision the Agency changed its single family business model from bond financing to a purchase and sale of the mortgage backed securities. These purchase and sale transactions are accounted for under the DCHFA General Fund and not under the Single Family Program Funds. As of September 30, 2014, the total bonds outstanding under the Single Family NIBP were \$9.2 million.

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program:

All mortgage revenue bond multifamily projects financed to date under the Multifamily Program have been issued by the Agency as stand-alone pass-through financings with no direct economic recourse to the Agency as the issuer. In fiscal year 2014, the Agency closed five project financings involving \$167.6 million in mortgage revenue bonds issued in a draw down mode. The total amount of draws on the newly issued and existing draw-down bonds in fiscal year 2014 was \$59.2 million. When offset by \$121.9 million in redeemed and matured bonds, the fiscal year 2014 net increase in total Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program bonds outstanding was \$6.9 million, compared to a net increase of \$2.3 million in fiscal year 2013 and a net decrease of \$10.4 million in fiscal year 2012.

Single Family Program:

Outside the Single Family NIBP, the Agency has not issued new bonds under the Single Family Program since 2007 due to persistent interest rate disadvantages of pricing loans based on the traditional tax-exempt mortgage revenue bond market. Following the prudent financial management practice of minimizing costs, the Agency elected to carry out more frequent optional bond redemptions. Total bond redemptions and maturities for the fiscal year 2014 was \$15.7 million, bringing the total bonds outstanding down to \$30.7 million at September 30, 2014, from \$46.4 million at September 30, 2013.

HUD Risk-Sharing Program and Agency General Fund

The Agency has entered into a risk-sharing agreement with HUD, where HUD pays 100% of the amount needed to retire bonds issued in connection with a defaulted project at the time of the initial claim. Any loss at the time of final claim on a defaulted multifamily project is shared between FHA at 90% and the Agency at 10%. In order to participate in this program, the Agency has set aside an initial deposit of \$500,000 in a separate HUD Risk-Sharing Reserve account. In addition, with every risk-sharing project, an FHA placement fee of 1%-1.15% of the mortgage balance is collected and deposited into the reserve account. The Agency also collects under its General Fund monthly mortgage insurance premiums commensurate with the risk exposure on its HUD Risk-Sharing portfolio of outstanding mortgage loans. As of September 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the HUD Risk-Sharing Reserve funds had a balance of \$2.54

million, \$2.53 million and \$2.51 million, respectively, and the outstanding principal balance of the risk-sharing insured loans was \$125.7 million, \$133.2 million and \$155.5 million, respectively. During fiscal year 2014 one the risk-sharing projects paid off their loans.

In fiscal year 2010, one risk-share deal, the Elsinore Courts Apartments project defaulted. The Agency filed the initial claim and paid off the underlying bonds. The project continued being occupied and covered its operating expenses with limited Agency support. In October of 2012 the Agency conducted a competitive sale of this property and submitted its final claim to HUD. The disposition of the property and finalization of the claim resulted in the actual loss to the Agency of \$243,444 recorded as of September 30, 2013. The actual loss includes an estimated loss of \$236,519 recorded as contingent liability as of September 30, 2012.

In addition, Parkway Overlook East & West (the Parkway Overlook Property) had its Section 8 HAP subsidies abated in 2007 by HUD due to successive REAC failures. The Agency took over the ownership of the Parkway Overlook Property as a mortgagee in possession in 2007. In April of 2014, the Agency acquired the title to this property and sold to the District of Columbia Housing Authority for \$5 million, or its appraised value, with a seller take back note of \$4.975 million. The Agency has also submitted its final claim package to HUD, which was accepted and settled in January 2014. The Agency is currently preparing to submit its supplemental claim to HUD for all expenses that were incurred prior to January 2014 but not paid until after that date. Based on the estimated value of the supplemental claim, the Agency estimates the loss exposure as of September 30, 2014 to be \$69,000, and accordingly, has established the contingent liability under the General Fund in the year ended September 30, 2014.

Conclusion

Management's discussion and analysis is presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of the Agency and also to meet the disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the Chief Financial Officer, Sergei Kuzmenchuk, District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency, (202) 777-1620, 815 Florida Avenue, N.W. Washington DC 20001, skuzmenchuk@dchfa.org or go to our website at www.dchfa.org.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

ASSETS	2014	<u>2013</u>
CURRENT ASSETS		
Unrestricted current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,672,832	\$ 29,858,055
Mortgage and construction loans receivable	135,360	146,813
Other receivables	3,014,048	11,526,498
Accrued interest receivable	16,827	20,587
Prepaid fees	152,874	126,800
Total unrestricted current assets	35,991,941	41,678,753
Restricted current assets:		41,070,733
Cash and cash equivalents	92,737,196	101,582,019
Mortgage-backed securities at fair value	10,694,801	8,021,310
Mortgage and construction loans receivable	22,372,780	23,393,796
Accrued interest receivable	3,824,798	4,540,313
Other receivables	66,248	60,755
Total restricted current assets	129,695,823	137,598,193
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	165,687,764	179,276,946
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Unrestricted non-current assets:		
Investments	3,216,887	3,361,379
Mortgage and construction loans receivable	5,073,864	249,921
Total unrestricted non-current assets	8,290,751	3,611,300
Restricted non-current assets:		
Investments held in trust	24,716,301	35,721,340
Mortgage-backed securities at fair value	95,081,007	119,606,044
Mortgage and construction loans receivable	676,887,853	652,774,882
Loans receivable	2,309,116	2,464,857
McKinney Act loans receivable	1,455,883	1,332,193
Total restricted non-current assets	800,450,160	811,899,316
Capital assets:		
ta Land to the transfer of the control of the contr	573,000	573,000
Property and equipment	3,971,449	3,955,985
Leasehold improvements	1,745,285	1,745,285
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(4,071,066)	(3,823,562)
Total capital assets, net	2,218,668	2,450,708
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	810,959,579	817,961,324
TOTAL ASSETS	976,647,343	997,238,270
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized deferral on bond refundings	238,080	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	238,080	-

(Continued)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 451,990	\$ 2,656,374
Accrued salary and vacation payable	285,024	267,889
Prepaid fees	996,426	1,182,997
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	1,733,440	4,107,260
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	en e	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	48,727	64,982
Project funds held for borrower and other liabilities	61,509,007	53,678,950
Interest payable	6,782,997	8,803,336
Bonds payable	23,997,780	24,878,796
Certificates of participation	150,000	140,000
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	92,488,511	87,566,064
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	94,221,951	91,673,324
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Non-current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	e de la composition	
Bonds payable	791,371,623	815,927,766
Certificates of participation	500,000	650,000
Total non-current liabilities payable from restricted assets	791,871,623	816,577,766
TOTAL LIABILITIES	886,093,574	908,251,090
NET POSITION		
Net invested in capital assets	1,568,668	1,660,708
Restricted for:		
Bond Fund, collateral and Risk Share Program	32,915,936	34,532,184
McKinney Act Fund	8,645,549	8,576,551
Total restricted net position	41,561,485	43,108,735
Unrestricted net position	47,661,696	44,217,737
TOTAL NET POSITION	90,791,849	88,987,180
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 976,885,423	\$ 997,238,270

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	e version	
Investment interest income	\$ 1,247,223	\$ 1,966,344
Mortgage-backed security interest income	5,481,058	6,890,283
Interest on mortgage and construction loans	31,340,466	41,856,888
McKinney Act interest revenue	66,101	121,892
Application and commitment fees	283,132	300,813
Service project receipts	erika yazilen esperi Tangan	4,580,901
Other	17,856,302	14,123,543
Total operating revenues	56,274,282	69,840,664
OPERATING EXPENSES		
General and administrative	9,748,101	7,012,927
Personnel and related costs	4,450,169	4,278,160
Interest expense	35,345,822	47,752,731
Depreciation and amortization	247,504	245,364
Service project payments	· •	4,581,667
Trustee fees and other expenses	4,217,805	2,066,093
Total operating expenses	54,009,401	65,936,942
OPERATING INCOME	2,264,881	3,903,722
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/EXPENSES	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
Decrease in fair value of mortgage-backed securities	(460,212)	(8,125,357)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,804,669	(4,221,635)
Net position, beginning of year	88,987,180	93,208,815
Net position, end of year	\$ 90,791,849	\$ 88,987,180

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

	•	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Interest received on loans	\$ 31,880,350	\$ 42,380,964
Other cash receipts	63,474,867	110,444,368
Payments to vendors	(9,608,572)	(7,381,588)
Payments to employees	(4,431,360)	(4,242,460)
Net mortgage and construction loans (disbursements) receipts	(29,640,703)	(5,519,343)
Receipts of service project income	an a	4,580,901
Payments of service project expenses		(4,581,667)
Principal and interest received on mortgage-backed securities	82,595,281	65,129,701
Purchase of mortgage-backed securities	(53,782,455)	(626,966)
Other cash payments	(36,130,385)	(142,238,993)
Net cash provided by operating activities	44,357,023	57,944,917
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets	(15,464)	(58,730)
Payments of bonds and long-term debt	(140,000)	(135,000)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(155,464)	(193,730)
		The second second
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities	(07.670.610)	(40,001,000)
Interest paid on bonds and loans	(37,653,610)	(48,891,060)
Proceeds from bond issuances	132,337,473	118,218,431
Principal payments on issued debt and loans	(157,479,414)	(148,971,779)
Net cash used in non-capital financing activities	(62,795,551)	(79,644,408)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest received on investments	1,441,419	2,350,205
Sale of investments	26,975,162	53,409,357
Purchase of investments	(15,852,635)	(34,228,969)
Net cash provided by investing activities	12,563,946	21,530,593
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(6,030,046)	(362,628)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	131,440,074	131,802,702
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 125,410,028	\$131,440,074
Capit and capit adatabase, and as last		

(Continued)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided		
by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 2,264,881	\$ 3,903,722
Depreciation and amortization	247,504	245,364
Amortization of deferred items	(1,397,996)	(1,462,770)
Interest on bonds	37,653,610	48,891,060
Amortization of discount on investments	39,958	31,929
Provision for uncollectible other revenue	19,445	14,124
Provision for uncollectible interest revenue	62,890	(299,664)
Contingent loss expense	1,863,122	613,060
Increase in mortgage and construction loans	(27,748,703)	(5,212,339)
Decrease in mortgage-backed securities	75,173,789	57,954,578
Purchase of mortgage-backed securities	(53,782,455)	(626,966)
Decrease in fair value of investments	27,003	6,189
Interest received on investments	(1,441,419)	(2,350,205)
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Receivables	719,276	1,082,183
Other current assets	(26,075)	86,247
Other receivables	7,281,947	(625,382)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	in in the state of	
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities	(2,222,901)	(41,360)
Prepaid items (146 care of the later of the later of the later) has	(186,571)	1,118,955
Project funds held for borrower and other liabilities	7,830,057	(44,546,589)
Accrued interest payable	(2,020,339)	(837,219)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 44,357,023	\$ 57,944,917

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NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND PURPOSE

The District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency" or "DCHFA") was created as a corporate body which has a legal existence separate from the Government of the District of Columbia (the District) but which is an instrumentality of the District, created to effectuate certain public purposes. The Agency is empowered to, among other activities, generate funds from public and private sources to increase the supply and lower the cost of funds available for residential mortgages and notes and for the construction of permanent multifamily rental properties.

In 1991, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. In determining financial accountability for legally separate organizations, the Agency considered whether its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the Agency. The Agency also considered whether there are organizations that are fiscally dependent on it. It was determined that there are no component units of the Agency.

These financial statements present only financial information about the Agency, an enterprise fund of the District. The enterprise fund qualifies for inclusion in the District's reporting entity pursuant to GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the District and the changes in its financial position and cash flows, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Agency is included in the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a discretely presented component unit.

The Agency established the District of Columbia Building Finance Corporation (the "D.C. Building Finance Corporation") as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of the District of Columbia in July 1998. The D.C. Building Finance Corporation's financial transactions are included in these financial statements as a separate fund of the Agency.

The accompanying combined financial statements include DCHFA's General Fund and Revenue Obligation Funds: D.C. Building Finance Corporation Fund, Single Family Program Funds, Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program Funds. Within each Revenue Obligation Fund are separate accounts maintained for each obligation in accordance with the respective indentures.

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND PURPOSE (Continued)

The bonds and notes issued by the Agency and the D.C. Building Finance Corporation are special obligations of the Agency and the D.C. Building Finance Corporation payable principally from revenue and repayments of mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities and investments, financed by or purchased from the proceeds of such bonds under applicable indentures and are not a debt of the District. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the District is pledged for the repayment of the bonds.

The General Fund credit line draw by the Agency is backed by the General Fund assets and constitutes Agency's general obligation.

The following is a description of the funds maintained by the Agency (Funds):

General Fund - The General Fund is used to record the receipt and accrual of income not directly pledged for repayment of debt securities under the Revenue Obligation Funds, to pay expenses related to the Agency's administrative functions and operations, including mortgage servicing, HUD Risk-Share insurance program, McKinney Act program and purchase and sale of single family mortgage-backed securities.

D.C. Building Finance Corporation Fund - The D.C. Building Finance Corporation Fund is used to account for the building located at 815 Florida Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C., and the related lease payments and debt service on Certificates of Participation issued by the D.C. Building Finance Corporation to finance the purchase of the Agency headquarters building.

Single-Family Program Funds - The Single Family Program Funds are used to account for the proceeds of single family mortgage revenue bond issues, investments, mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities held pursuant to the indentures authorizing the issuance of the bonds, the debt service requirements on the bonds, and debt service collected from mortgage loans purchased for the financing of owner-occupied single family residences in the District. Single Family Program Funds include the following indentures: 1986 Whole Loan Program, 1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, 1996 Taxable Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds, 1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds General Indenture of Trust and 2009 Single Family New Issue Bond Program (Single Family NIBP). Both the 1986 Whole Loan Program and the 1996 Taxable Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds indentures were closed during the year ended September 30, 2012, as bonds were fully redeemed and residual assets transferred to the General Fund.

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND PURPOSE (Continued)

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program Funds - The Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program Funds are used to account for the proceeds of multifamily mortgage revenue bond issues, investments held pursuant to the indenture authorizing the issuance of the bonds, the debt service requirements on the bonds, and the related mortgage loan financing for newly constructed or rehabilitated multifamily rental housing in the District. The Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program Funds combine multifamily housing revenue bond series issued on a pass-through conduit basis with no direct or indirect recourse to the Agency as the issuer. No individual conduit multifamily project's assets are available to collateralize other projects' debt obligations. The Multifamily New Issue Bond Program ("Multifamily NIBP") bonds have also been issued as standalone pass-through bonds. The Agency elects to include these conduit financings in its financial statements. These bonds are secured solely by the properties, financial assets and related revenues of the projects and the applicable credit enhancements or the Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") receipts. Neither the faith and credit of the Agency nor the assets of any other Fund have been pledged as security for these bonds.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the Agency's significant accounting policies:

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus - For financial reporting purposes only, the Agency is a component unit of the District. The Agency's General Fund and Revenue Obligation Funds are accounted for as enterprise funds. Accordingly, the accompanying combined financial statements have been prepared using the accrual method of accounting and on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Agency reports its financial activities by applying Standards of the Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Agency has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

The Agency has adopted GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. Under GASB Statement No. 34, net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the net position use are either: externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

regulations of other governments; or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Accordingly, the net position of the Revenue Obligation Funds is restricted as to its use as substantially the net position within each indenture is pledged to respective bondholders.

Operating Revenues and Expenses - The Agency distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34. Operating revenue and expenses are identified as those activities that are directly related to financing affordable housing in the District. The Agency's activities are considered to be operating except for unrealized changes in the fair value of mortgage-backed securities. Operating revenues primarily consist of interest on mortgage-backed securities, interest on mortgage and construction loans and investment of bond proceeds, HUD Section 8 housing assistance receipts, issuer fees, construction monitoring fees, servicing fees and other revenues. Operating expenses primarily consist of bond interest, personnel costs, depreciation, amortization of bond cost of issuance, discounts and premiums, housing assistance payments, bond administrative fees, trustee, legal and financial advisory fees and other operating expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, collateralized demand deposits, collateralized or FDIC-insured certificates of deposit, money market funds and investments in highly liquid short-term instruments with original maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase.

Investments – Investments consist of debt obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agencies, government-sponsored enterprises ("GSEs"), corporate debt securities, and investment agreements. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by financial services providers, except for certain non-participating fixed interest investment contracts which are valued using cost based measures. Debt securities are stated at fair value, based on the quoted market prices. Investments of the General Fund are made in accordance with the Agency's investment policy. Investments in the Revenue Obligation Funds follow the Agency Investment policy and consist of those permitted by the respective trust indentures adopted by the Agency providing for the issuance of notes and bonds. Investments are reported at fair value in the Statements of Net

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Position and changes in the fair value of investments are recognized in the Statements of changes in the fair value of investments are recognized in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as part of operating income.

Mortgage-Backed Securities - Mortgage-backed securities represent certificates issued by the Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae" or "GNMA"), the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae" or "FNMA") and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac" or "FHLMC"), which guarantee the receipt by the Agency's trustee of monthly principal and interest from mortgages originated with proceeds from the Agency's Single Family and Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Programs. These securities are stated at fair value, as determined by financial services providers or financial publications. These guaranteed securities are issued in connection with single family mortgage loans and mortgage loans on multifamily projects. Each of these securities is generally intended to be held to maturity or optional par redemption date for the underlying bonds or until the payoff of the related loans. repayment and prepayments of the mortgage-backed securities are at par value based on the guarantees embedded in these securities. Mortgage-backed securities are reported at fair value on the Statements of Net Position and unrealized changes in the fair value of mortgage-backed securities are recognized in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as part of non-operating income.

Mortgage and Construction Loans Receivable - Mortgage loans are carried at their unpaid principal balances and construction loans are carried at amounts advanced, net of collections and allowances for potential loan losses. As of September 30, 2014 and 2013, no allowance for potential loan losses was necessary.

Property, Furniture and Equipment - Property, furniture and equipment purchases are recorded in the General Fund, capitalized at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives in general ranging from five to seven years.

Leasehold Improvements - Capital improvements to leased space are recorded as leasehold improvements under the General Fund and amortized over the shorter of the applicable lease term or the useful life of the improvement.

Deferred Outflow of Resources – The deferred outflow of resources includes unamortized deferral which resulted from the economic refunding of several bond series at call premiums and a difference between the reacquisition price and net carrying amount of the refunded bonds.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Bond Discounts and Premiums - Bond discounts or premiums arising from the sale of serial or term bonds are amortized using the straight-line method which approximates the effective yield method, over the life of the bond issue.

Net Position - Net position is reported in three separate categories:

- Net invested in capital assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net assets whose use by the Agency is subject to externally imposed stipulations (such as bond covenants) that can be fulfilled by actions of the Agency pursuant to those stipulations or that expire with the passage of time. Such net assets include all Revenue Obligation Funds, HOME Program funds under the Single Family Program, certain holdings under the General Fund: the McKinney Act Program funds, HUD Risk-Share Reserve and assets used as collateral for the credit line draws or as warehouse securities for future bond issues.
- Unrestricted Net position that is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Directors or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

Financing and Other Fee Revenue – Under the Single Family Program, the Agency originates single family mortgage loans which are pooled into mortgage-backed securities used as direct collateral for the respective bonds. As part of this securitization, the Agency earns servicing release fees net of originating lender fees. Under the Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program, the Agency also charges application and financing fees to developers for structuring mortgage revenue bond financings, allocation of Low Income Housing Tax Credits, legal counsel, and construction monitoring fees. These fees are recognized as revenue when the services have been performed.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Combined Totals - The totals of similar accounts of the various Funds in the accompanying financial statements are presented for information purposes only. The totals represent an aggregation of the Funds and do not represent consolidated financial information, as inter-fund balances and transactions are not eliminated. Individual amounts may not add up to the total amount due to rounding.

The Agency reviews all GASB accounting pronouncements for their applicability and impact on the Agency's financial statements. During fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, the Agency did not have any new GASB pronouncements affecting the Agency' financial statements.

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

Bond proceeds and revenues from mortgages, mortgage-backed securities and investments are invested in authorized investments as defined in the respective indentures and, for the General Fund, in accordance with the Agency's Investment Policy, until required for purchasing mortgage-backed securities or originating mortgage loans, funding reserves, paying debt service or redeeming outstanding bonds and notes, and funding program and administrative and operating expenses.

(continued)

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

The following assets, reported at fair value and held by the Funds at September 30, 2014, were evaluated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40 for interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk and custodial credit risk. All cash and cash equivalents are stated at their actual bank balance values and may differ from the book balances and the balance of cash and cash equivalents presented in the Statements of Net Position.

		Sing	le Family Program F	\tinds	Multifamily	Program Funds		
Asset	General Fund	1988 Collaiteralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Single Family NIB Program	Multifamily (Cenduit Bond) Program	Multifamily NIB Program	DC Building Finance Corporation	<u>Tetal</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 5,653,623	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 242,788	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,896,411
Demand Money Market Deposits	42,009,566	•			34,326,567	19,963,367		96,299,500
Money Market Funds	•	1,555,606	1,693,759	1,516,834	18,259,396	-	188,522	23,214,117
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	47,663,189	1,555,606	1,693,759	1,516,834	52,828,751	19,963,367	188,522	125,410,028
Investments								
Certificates of Deposits	199,925	_	-	-		-	-	199,925
U.S. Treasury Obligations	501,842	-	-	-	9,805,290	-	-	10,307,132
U.S. Agency Obligations	124,628		· _	-	•	-	-	124,628
Investment Agreements	-	10,000,000	1,883,458	-	3,027,552	-	-	14,911,010
Corporate Obligations	1,248,327	-	•	-		•	•	1,248,327
GSE Obligations	1,142,166		•				-	1,142,166
Total Investments	3,216,887	10,000,000	1,883,458	<u>:</u>	12,832,842			27,933,188
Mortgage-Backed Securities								
Ginnie Mae	463,569	1,281,364	10,905,140	8,264,272	37,807,827	20,105,333	•	78,827,504
Fannic Mae	1,322,018	•	8,736,887	248,075		•		10,306,980
Freddie Mac	•	-	16,641,324	•	•	. •	. · .• .	16,641,324
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,785,587	1,281,364	36,283,351	8,512,347	37,807,827	20,105,333		105,775,808
Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- Backed Securities	\$ 52,665,664	\$ 12,836,970	\$ 39,860,568	\$ 10,029,181	\$ 103,469,420	\$ 40,068,699	\$ 188,522	\$ 259,119,025

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NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

The following assets, reported at fair value and held by the Funds at September 30, 2013, were evaluated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40 for interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk and custodial credit risk.

		Single F	amily Program Fun	ds	Multifamily	Program Funds		
		1988 Collaiteralized 1996 Single		e garage				
1911	General	Single Family Mortgage Revenue	Family Mortgage	Single Family	Multifamily (Conduit Bond)	Multifamily NIB	DC Building Finance	
Asset	Fund	Bonds	Revenue Bonds	NIB Program	Program	Program	Corporation	<u>Total</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 37,357,859	•	\$	\$ -	\$ 16,335,084	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,692,942
Demand Money Market Deposits	7,321,105	•	•	•	17,150,710	21,882,673	* •	46,354,488
Money Market Funds	259,040	944,326	4,310,750	2,659,457	22,824,152	•	188,522	31,186,248
Commercial Papers				•	287,577			287,577
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	44,938,004	944,326	4,310,750	2,659,457	56,597,523	21,882,673	188,522	131,521,255
		tut u						
Investments								
Commercial Papers		•	•	•	7,094,716	-	•	7,094,716
U.S. Treasury Obligations	995,404	•	. •	•	5,906,667	-	•	6,902,071
U.S. Agency Obligations	150,006	•		•	•	. •	•	150,006
Investment Agreements	-	10,000,000	4,638,439	•	8,081,518	•	•	22,719,957
Corporate Obligations	1,136,246	•	•	•		•	· . · · ·	1,136,246
GSE Obligations	1,079,723	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,079,723
Total Investments	3,361,379	10,000,000	4,638,439		21,082,901			39,082,719
Mortgage-Backed Securities								
Ginnie Mae		1,677,879	13,718,709	9,465,808	48,310,647	20,189,672	_	93,362,716
Fannie Mae	•	.,,	11,106,097	-				11,106,097
Freddie Mac	•	. •	23,158,542	-	•	•	•	23,158,542
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities		1,677,879	47,983,348	9,465,808	48,310,647	20,189,672		127,627,355
Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- Backed Securities	\$ 48,299,383	\$ 12,622,205	\$ 56,932,537	\$ 12,125,265	\$ 125,991,071	\$ 42,072,346	\$ 188,522	\$ 298,231,329

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Under the Revenue Obligation Funds, the terms of the investments are set to allow for no market value loss at the time the invested funds are drawn for uses authorized under the respective

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

indentures. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses from rising interest rates under the General Fund, the Agency's Investment Policy requires that the maturities of the investment portfolio are structured to be concurrent with cash needs in order to minimize losses that may be incurred from sale of investments prior to maturity. The money market funds operate in accordance with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. These funds can reasonably be expected to have a fair value that will be unaffected by interest rate changes because the interest rates are variable and the principal can be recovered on demand. The cost of the money market mutual funds approximated fair value.

As of September 30, 2014, the amortized cost, fair value and maturities for the cash, cash equivalents, investments and mortgage-backed securities for the General Fund are as follows:

•				Maturities (in years)									
Asset	Cost	Fair Value		Fair Value Less t		Less than 1 From 1 Up To 5		From 5	Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15		15 and More	
Cash and Cash Equivalents		* *											
Non-Money Market Deposits Demand Money Market Deposits	\$ 5,653,623 42,009,566	\$	5,653,623 42,009,566	s	5,653,623 42,009,566	\$	·	\$		s	-	\$	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	47,663,189		47,663,189		47,663,189								
Investments													
Certificates of Deposits	200,000		199,925		199,925		_				_	_	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	501,375		501,842		350,096		151,746					-	
U.S. Agency Obligations	125,000		124,628		´ •		124,628		_				
Corporate Obligations	1,245,962		1,248,327		527,311		721,016		-		-	_	
GSE Obligations	1,141,049		1,142,166		560,040		582,126		-		-		
Total investments	3,213,386		3,216,887	_	1,637,372		1,579,516					<u> </u>	
Mortgage-Backed Securities													
Ginnie Mae	436,761		463,569		_				_		_	463,569	
Famic Mac	1,244,112		1,322,018								•	1,322,019	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,680,873		1,785,587				.				-	1,785,587	
General Fund Total Cash and Investments	\$ 52,557,448	5	52,665,664	\$	49,300,561	5	1,579,516	s		s	-	\$ 1,785,587	

(continued)

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

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As of September 30, 2013, the amortized cost, fair value and maturities for the cash, cash equivalents, investments and mortgage-backed securities for the General Fund were as follows:

			Maturities (in years)							
Asset	Cest	Fair Value	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More			
Cash and Cash Equivalents										
Non-Money Market Deposits Demand Money Market Deposits Money Market Funds	\$ 37,357,859 7,321,105 259,040	\$ 37,357,859 7,321,105 259,040	\$ 37,357,859 7,321,105 259,040	•		\$	\$.			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	44,938,004	44,938,004	44,938,004			<u> </u>	-			
<u>Investments</u>										
U.S. Treasury Obligations U.S. Agency Obligations	993,103 150,000	995,404 150,006	391,161 -	604,244 150,006	•		-			
Corporate Obligations GSE Obligations	1,119,218 1,079,442	1,136,246 1,079,723	221,612 50,237	914,634 1,029,486	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•			
Total Investments	3,341,763	3,361,379	663,010	2,698,370		•				
General Fund Total Cash and Investments	\$ 48,279,767	\$ 48,299,383	\$ 45,601,013	\$ 2,698,370	\$.	\$ -	\$ -			

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

As of September 30, 2014, the amortized cost, fair value and maturities for the cash, cash equivalents, investments and mortgage-backed securities for the combined Revenue Obligation Funds are as follows:

			Maturities (in years)								
Asset	Cost	Fair Value	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More				
Cash and Cash Equivalents											
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 242,788	\$ 242,788	\$ 242,788	s -	s -	s -	s -				
Demand Money Market Deposits	54,289,933	54,289,933	54,289,933	-		-	-				
Money Market Funds	23,214,118	23,214,118	23,214,118	•	-	-	-				
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	77,746,839	77,746,839	77,746,839								
Investments					term of the second						
U.S. Treasury Obligations	9,810,143	9,805,291	9,805,291		- · · · · -		•				
Investment Agreements	14,911,010	14,911,010	•	866,088	_	10,000,000	4,044,922				
Total Investments	24,721,153	24,716,301	9,805,291	866,088		10,000,000	4,044,922				
Mortgage-Backed Securities											
Girnic Mae	72,230,234	78,363,935		451,224	2,710,355	2,791,220	72,411,136				
Famie Mae	8,262,962	8,984,962	•			246,867	8,738,095				
Freddie Mac	14,845,350	16,641,324	-	• -	•		16,641,324				
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	95,338,546	103,990,221		451,224	2,710,355	3,038,087	97,790,555				
Combined Revenue Obligation Funds											
Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$197,806,538	\$ 206,453,361	\$ 87,552,130	\$ 1,317,312	\$ 2,710,355	\$ 13,038,087	\$101,835,477				

(continued)

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NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

As of September 30, 2013, the amortized cost, fair value and maturities for the cash, cash equivalents, investments and mortgage-backed securities for the combined Revenue Obligation Funds were as follows:

					Maturities (in years)							
Asset	<u>Co</u>	st	Fa	ir Value	Les	than 1	Fro	m 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To	10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents												
Non-Money Market Deposits Demand Money Market Deposits		,335,084 ,033,383	\$	16,335,084 39,033,383	\$.	16,335,084 39,033,383	\$	• !	\$.	•	\$	•
Money Market Funds Commercial Papers		,927,209 287,577		30,927,209 287,577		30,927,209 287,577		•		•	. •	•
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	86,	583,253		86,583,253		86,583,253				三		
Investments												
Commercial Papers U.S. Treasury Obligations Investment Agreements	5.	,087,580 ,907,766 ,719,956		7,094,716 5,906,667 22,719,956	2.1	7,094,716 2,703,051		3,203,616 1,057,755			10,000,000	- 11,662,201
Total Investments	35	,715,303		35,721,339		9,797,767		4,261,371		Ξ	10,000,000	11,662,201
Mortgage-Backed Securities	i. Li											
Ginnic Mae Fannic Mae Freddic Mac	10	,940,191 ,378,069 ,092,494		93,362,715 11,106,097 23,158,543		• • •		•	2,798	3,964 - -	4,418,292 329,485	86,145,459 10,776,612 23,158,543
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	118	,410,754		127,627,354					2,798	3,964	4,747,777	120,080,613
Combined Revenue Obligation Funds Total Cash, Investments and	\$ 240),7 0 9,309	s	249,931,947		96,381,020	\$	4,261,371	\$ 2,79	8,964	\$ 14,747,777	\$ 131,742,815
Mortgage-Backed Securities												

As of September 30, 2014 and 2013, the amortized cost, fair value and maturities for the cash, cash equivalents, investments and mortgage-backed securities for each Revenue Obligation Fund are included as Supplemental Information to these financial statements.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency will not be able to recover its deposits or the value of its collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2014 and 2013, the Agency's cash and cash equivalents and investments were not subject to custodial credit risk under GASB Statement No. 40. The investments held by the trustees under the Revenue Obligation Funds are kept separate from the assets of the trustee bank and from other trust accounts and are titled in the name of respective bond indentures. The demand deposit and money market accounts and certificates of deposits under the General Fund are collateralized through a tri-party collateral agreement with an independent

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

collateral agent bank or Federal Reserve Bank. The investments under the General Fund are held by US Bank and are titled in the Agency's name.

Additionally, demand deposits and investments in certificates of deposit are FDIC-insured up to applicable amounts.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. All of General Fund cash and investments are either collateralized, FDIC-insured, or invested in the U.S. Government, U.S. Government Agency or governmentsponsored enterprises ("GSEs") or highly rated corporate debt securities. In general all investment securities under the Revenue Obligation Funds must be at a rating not adversely affecting the rating of the respective bonds; and financial institutions who are counterparty to the Agency must be rated at least comparable to the existing rating on the Agency's bonds, unless counterparty ratings lower than the bond ratings are permitted in a specific indenture and do not affect the ratings on the bonds as determined at the time the investment securities are acquired or investment agreements are executed. The ratings on the 1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds and 1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 were AA+ by Standard and Poor's. All conduit multifamily bond indentures under the Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program were rated by Moody's or Standard and Poor's at various levels depending on the credit quality of the underlying collateral or were unrated private placements where investment ratings conformed to the specific bond investor requirements.

(continued)

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

As of September 30, 2014, the credit quality and percentages of the total portfolio of cash equivalents and investments under the Agency's General Fund are as follows:

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					*_ + #
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 394,220	0.7%	Not Rated		Federal Reserve-Held Aaa Collateral
Non-Money Market Deposits	5,259,404	10.0%	Not Rated		Third Party-Held Aaa Collateral
Demand Money Market Deposits	41,120,513	78.1%	Not Rated		Federal Reserve-Held Aaa Collateral
Demand Money Market Deposits	889,053	1.7%	P-1	Moody's	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	47,663,190	90.5%			
Total Cash and Cash Equivarius	47,005,170	70.574			e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Investments					
Certificates of Deposits	199,925	0.4%	Not Rated		FDIC Insured
U.S. Treasury Obligations	501,842	1.0%	Aaa	Moody's	¥1 +
U.S. Agency Obligations	124,628	0.2%	Aaa	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	155,017	0.3%	Aa2	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	262,431	0.5%	Aa3	Moody's	·
Corporate Obligations	357,007	0.7%	Al	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	101,760	0.2%	A2	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	38,401	0.1%	A3	Moody's	Section 1
Corporate Obligations	283,453	0.5%	Baa1	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	50,258	0.1%	Baa3	Moody's	(L_{ij}, L_{ij})
GSE Obligations	1,142,166	2.2%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Investments	3,216,887	6.1%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities				and the second	
Ginnie Mae	463,569	0.9%	Aaa	Moody's	1.00
Farmie Mae	1,322,018	2.5%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,785,587	3.4%			
General Fund Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 52,665,664	100.0%			

(continued)

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

As of September 30, 2013, the credit quality and percentages of the total portfolio of cash equivalents and investments under the Agency's General Fund were as follows:

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 32,130,092	66.5%		Moody's	Federal Reserve-Held Aaa Collateral
Non-Money Market Deposits	5,227,767	10.8%		Moody's	Third Party-Held Aaa Collateral
Demand Money Market Deposits	7,321,105	15.2%		Moody's	Federal Reserve-Held Aaa Collateral
Money Market Funds	259,040	0.5%	AAAm	S&P	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	44,938,004	93.0%			
<u>Investments</u>					
U.S. Treasury Obligations	995,404	2.1%	Aaa	Moody's	
U.S. Agency Obligations	150,006	0.3%	Aaa	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	104,001	0.2%	AA+	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	61,750	0.1%	AA	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	87,059	0.2%	AA-	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	72,123	0.1%	A+	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	70,981	0.1%	A	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	664,986	1.4%	A-	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	50,257	0.1%	BBB+	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	25,091	0.1%	BBB	S&P	
GSE Obligations	1,079,723	2.2%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Investments	3,361,379	7.0%			
,	·· ·				
General Fund Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 48,299,383	100.0%			

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

As of September 30, 2014, the credit quality and percentages of the total portfolio of cash equivalents, investments and mortgage-backed securities under the Revenue Obligation Funds are as follows:

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 242,788	0.1%	Not Rated		Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Demand Money Market Deposits	54,289,933	26.3%	P-1	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Money Market Funds	23,214,118	11.2%	Aaa-mf	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	77,746,839	37.7%		,	
Investments				to a second	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	9,805,291	4.7%	Aaa	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	3,710,391	1.8%	A1	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	214,198	0.1%	A2	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	986,416	0.5%	A3 .	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	10,000,005	4.8%	Not Rated		
Total Investments	24,716,301	12.0%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities		*			
Ginnie Mae	78.363.935	38.0%	Aaa	Moody's	
Farmie Mae	8,984,962	4.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Freddie Mac	16,641,324	8.1%	Aa2	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	103,990,221	50.4%			
Combined Revenue Obligation Funds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- Backed Securities	\$ 206,453,361	100.00%			
			1\		

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

As of September 30, 2013, the credit quality and percentages of the total portfolio of cash equivalents, investments and mortgage-backed securities under the Revenue Obligation Funds were as follows:

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			- T	
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 16,335,084	6.5%	Not Rated		Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Demand Money Market Deposits	39,033,383	15.6%	AA-	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Money Market Funds	30,927,209	12.4%	AAAm	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Commercial Papers	287,577	0.1%	AA-	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	86,583,253	34.6%			
Investments	. 14.3				
Commercial Papers	7,094,716	2.8%	P-1	Moody's	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5,906,667	2.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	12,382,277	5.0%	AA+	S&P	
Investment Agreements	7,040,826	2.8%	AA-	S&P	
Investment Agreements	3,268,281	1.3%	A	S&P	
Investment Agreements	28,573	0.0%	Not Rated	the second	
Total Investments	35,721,339	14.3%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Ginnie Mae	93,362,715	37.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Fannie Mae	11,106,097	4.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Freddie Mac	23,158,543	9.3%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	127,627,354	51.1%			
Combined Revenue Obligation Funds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- Backed Securities	\$ 249,931,947	100.00%			

The cash and cash equivalents, investment and mortgage-backed security portfolio with breakdown by credit quality and percentage of total portfolio for each of the Revenue Obligation Funds at September 30, 2014 and 2013, are listed as Supplemental Information to these financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Agency's combined cash and cash equivalents balance as of September 30, 2014 and 2013, consists primarily of amounts held in fully collateralized demand deposit bank accounts under the General Fund and in highly rated money market fund trust accounts set up for each revenue bond indenture and Certificates of Participation and administered by the Agency's bond

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

trustees. The collateral for the demand deposits is held by either the Federal Reserve Bank or a third party, as a collateral agent under the tri-party agreements.

Investments – The Agency follows the Investment Policy guidelines with regard to its General Fund financial assets and Revenue Obligation Fund indentures. The policy states that the Agency financial assets shall be held in cash and cash equivalents or invested and managed with the intention of obtaining the highest possible total return consistent with the Agency liquidity needs and a prudent level of investment risk. Under the bond programs and Certificates of Participation the permitted investments are stipulated in the respective covenants of the indentures of trust.

Investments of proceeds from bond issuances in investment agreements are governed by the covenants of the respective indentures of trust entered between the Agency, the trustee and the investment agreement provider. All investment agreements are fixed interest rate investment contracts with rated financial institutions. In case of a downgrade beyond a preset threshold, the investment providers are required to collateralize both principal and interest with qualifying securities to be held by a designated collateral agent with mark to market and undervalue cure provisions.

Investments in money market funds are short-term in nature and are held by bond trustees for the benefit of the respective indentures. They carry the highest short-term credit ratings by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies, such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. Investments in the U.S. Treasury securities are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

Mortgage-backed Securities - Ginnie Mae mortgage-backed securities are guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae or GNMA), an instrumentality of the United States Government. GNMA securities are "fully modified pass-through" mortgage-backed securities which require monthly payments by an FHA lender, as the issuer of the Guaranteed Security to the Agency. GNMA guarantees timely payment of principal and interest on Guaranteed Securities.

Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac mortgage-backed pass-through securities are toprated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The principal and interest payment on these mortgage-backed securities are guaranteed by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, accordingly. Though there is no explicit guarantee that

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac mortgage-backed securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, there is, however, an implicit guarantee, as government-sponsored enterprises are chartered by the U.S. Congress. In 2008 both Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae were placed into the U.S. Government receivership. The rating agencies continue to assign high credit rating to both of these entities.

Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac mortgage-backed securities are reported at their market values in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. It is the intention of the Agency and the indentures to hold these mortgage-backed securities until the underlying loans are paid in full, or, if allowed, until the respective bonds become optionally redeemable and the sale of these securities does not negatively affect the indenture cash flows.

For the year ended September 30, 2014, the Agency's Single Family Program Fund recorded a non-operating expense of \$526,085 due to a decrease in unrealized fair value on a decreased mortgage-backed security portfolio. For the year ended September 30, 2013, the single family Funds recorded as non-operating expense a decrease in unrealized fair value of mortgage-backed securities of \$3,188,503, in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Under the DCHFA's Single Family NIBP Fund, a non-operating gain of \$37,074 was recorded in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, based on the increase in unrealized fair market value of the mortgage-backed securities during the year ended September 30, 2014. Under the same Fund, a non-operating loss of \$767,318 was recorded in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, based on the decrease in unrealized fair market value of the mortgage-backed securities during the year ended September 30, 2013.

As of September 30, 2014, there was \$104,715 non-operating revenue under the General Fund to record the unrealized gain due on the allocated portion of the single family mortgage-backed securities originated under the Single Family NIBP portfolio. There were no single family program mortgage-backed securities under the General Fund as of September 30, 2013.

For the year ended September 30, 2014, the Agency's Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program recorded \$181,257 non-operating expense from decreases in unrealized fair value of mortgage-backed securities, and \$4,429,511 unrealized loss for the year ended September 30, 2013, in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

NOTE 3: CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2014, the Agency's Multifamily NIB Program recorded a \$105,342 non-operating gain from increases in unrealized fair value of mortgage-backed securities, and \$259,975 unrealized gain for the year ended September 30, 2013, in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

NOTE 4: MORTGAGE AND CONSTRUCTION LOANS RECEIVABLE

Multifamily mortgage and construction loans receivable are assets under the Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program secured by deeds of trust evidencing first mortgage liens on related real property. These loans are either insured by the FHA, FHA and the Agency through the Risk-Share Program, credit enhanced through letters of credit from private banks, or unenhanced in cases when the Agency privately places the bonds with the interested banks, and the risk of default and loss of principal and interest rest exclusively with respective bond holders. Fixed and variable interest rates on the loans as of September 30, 2014, range from 0.45% to 7.8%, and the loans have a repayment period of up to 41 years.

All single family mortgage loans were secured by first liens on the related property. As of September 30, 2011, all whole single family loans were under the Single Family Whole Loan Indentures. During the year ended September 30, 2012, the Agency transferred all of the whole single family mortgage loans to General Fund and redeemed all outstanding bonds under the Single Family Whole Loan Indentures. Interest rates on first lien whole single family loans range from 8.5% to 11.10%, with remaining loan terms ranging from 1 to 4 years. Substantially all single family loans originally were enhanced through the FHA or the Veteran Administration ("VA") mortgage insurance programs or by private mortgage insurance policies. The VA is a U.S. Government Agency. outstanding loans have very low loan-to-value ratios due to short remaining terms. The outstanding balance of such loans as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$234,244 and \$396,734, respectively. During fiscal year 2014, the Agency funded subordinate lien forgivable 0% non-amortizing down-payment assistance loans in connection with the purchased and sold first lien loans under its General Fund. Due to the low likelihood of recovery for any of these loan amounts the Agency recorded an allowance equivalent to the original loan amounts. The amount of such loans and the corresponding allowance as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$1,858,644 and \$85,367, respectively.

Combined restricted mortgage and construction loans as of September 30, 2014 and 2013, were \$699,260,633 and \$676,168,678, respectively. For the years

NOTE 4: MORTGAGE AND CONSTRUCTION LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, there was no allowance for bond program loan losses under the Agency Revenue Obligation Funds.

As part of its General Fund operations, the Agency performs loan servicing under the risk-sharing agreement with HUD, where HUD pays 100% of the amount needed to retire bonds issued in connection with a defaulted risk-share loan at the time of the initial claim. Any loss at the time of final claim on a defaulted multifamily project is risk-shared between FHA at 90% and the Agency at 10%. As of September 30, 2014, the HUD Risk-Share Reserve funds had a balance of \$2.54 million and the outstanding principal balance of the risk-share insured loans on 17 active projects comprised of 20 loans, was \$125.7 million. As of September 30, 2013, the HUD Risk-Share Reserve funds had a balance of \$2.53 million and the outstanding principal balance of the risk-share insured loans on 18 active projects was \$133.19 million.

As of September 30, 2014, the Agency sold the Parkway Overlook, real estate owned after settling with HUD on the final claim in January 2014. Since the Agency settled with HUD on the final claim pertaining to Parkway Overlook, sold this non-performing asset during the fiscal year, and plans to file a supplemental claim, the Agency recorded a net decrease in the allowance for bad debt of \$2,131,560. See Note 13.

For the years ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the respective balances and changes in the provision for bad debt under the risk-sharing loans under the General Fund were as follows:

2014	<u>2013</u>
\$ 2,200,225	\$ 2,265,348
(2,131,560)	(65,123)
\$ 68,665	\$ 2,200,225
	\$ 2,200,225 (2,131,560)

The Agency's exposure to a loss on this property may change depending on the final review of the supplemental claim by HUD.

In addition to its bond programs, within its General Fund the Agency administers the McKinney Act Program. Under its McKinney Act Program, the Agency originates predevelopment McKinney Act bridge loans to finance acquisition, predevelopment and rehabilitation costs associated with multifamily housing developments applying for the bond financing with the Agency. These loans are typically unenhanced loans repaid at the time the bond financing is put in place. At September 30, 2014 the balance of total loans outstanding, before the allowance for uncollectible loans, was \$2,001,585, including \$873,702 in loans at various stages of default process. At September 30, 2013, the balance of total

NOTE 4: MORTGAGE AND CONSTRUCTION LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

loans outstanding was \$1,882,862, of which \$452,740 were attributed to loans at various stages of default process.

The Agency recorded an allowance for uncollectible McKinney Act Program loans for the years ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 in the amount of \$452,740. The Agency did not change the allowance for principal loss on McKinney Act Program loans during the year ended September 30, 2014.

	**************************************	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
A REPORT OF THE		4 77 - 4		
	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	452,740	\$	-
incollectible loans	ti Birki	·		452,740
ration rate and the	18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$(x,y,\frac{1}{2},y) \mapsto (y,y)$		•
	<u></u>	452,740	\$	452,740
	incollectible loans	ncollectible loans	\$ 452,740 mcollectible loans	s 452,740 s mcollectible loans

For the years ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the respective balances and changes in the provision for uncollectible interest on the McKinney Act loans under the General Fund were as follows:

			<u>2013</u>
Beginning balance Net increase / (decrease) in allowance for uncollectible interest	\$	234,731 62,890	\$ 534,395 (299,664)
Ending balance	<u> </u>	297,620	 234,731

and the Recommendation of the second of the

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is the detail of changes in capital assets during the year ended September 30, 2014:

	September 30,	Additions /	September 30,
	2013	Dispositions	2014
Non-depreciable capital assets			
Land	\$ 573,000	\$ -	\$ 573,000
Total non-depreciable capital assets	573,000	-	573,000
Depreciable capital assets			
Building	1 705 000		
Less: accumulated depreciation	1,795,238	(66.400)	1,795,238
Building net of accumulated depreciation	(1,010,282)	(66,490)	(1,076,772)
building net of accumulated depreciation	784,956	(66,490)	718,466
Furniture and equipment	1,777,643	15,464	1,793,107
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,633,898)	(33,007)	(1,666,905)
Furnitre and equipment net of accumulated depreciation	143,745	(17,543)	126,202
		(17,545)	120,202
Total building, furniture and equipment	3,572,881	15,464	3,588,345
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,644,181)	(99,497)	
Total building, furniture and equipment, net of accumulated	(2,011,101)	(33,431)	(2,743,678)
depreciation	928,700	(84,033)	844,667
Amortizable capital assets			
Leasehold improvements	1 515 005	•	
Less: accumulated amortization	1,745,285		1,745,285
	(842,831)	(123,103)	(965,934)
Leasehold improvement net of accumulated amortization	902,454	(123,103)	779,351
Software	383,104		383,104
Less: accumulated amortization	(336,550)	(24,904)	(361,454)
Software net of accumulated amortization	46,554	(24,904)	21,650
and the second of the second o		(=1,501)	21,030
Total leasehold improvements and software	2,128,389	ing die der der der der der der der der der de	2,128,389
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,179,381)	(148,007)	(1,327,388)
Total leasehold improvements and software, net of		<u></u>	(1,027,000)
accumulated amortization	949,008	(148,007)	801,001
Total depreciable and amortizable capital assets	5,701,270	15,464	5,716,734
Total capital assets	(274 272	10.15	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	6,274,270	15,464	6,289,734
Total capital assets	(3,823,562)	(247,504)	(4,071,066)
- v ···· v ··· p time modelo	\$ 2,450,708	\$ (232,040)	\$ 2,218,668

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The following is the detail of changes in capital assets during the year ended September 30, 2013:

sterne Prediction (1995) in the contract of th	September 30, 2012	Additions / Dispositions	September 30, 2013
Non-depreciable capital assets		The second second second	\$ 573,000
Land	\$ 573,000	<u> </u>	573,000
Total non-depreciable capital assets	573,000		373,000
Depreciable capital assets		en de la companya de La companya de la co	4 -0 - 00
Building	1,795,238		1,795,238
Less: accumulated depreciation	(943,792)	(66,490)	(1,010,282)
Building net of accumulated depreciation	851,446	(66,490)	784,956
Furniture and equipment	1,743,090	34,553	1,777,643
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,602,757)	(31,141)	(1,633,898)
Furnitre and equipment net of accumulated depreciation	140,333	3,412	143,745
T. 4.1 L. 21 diag. Comitions and agricument	3,538,328	34,553	3,572,881
Total building, furniture and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,546,549)	(97,631)	(2,644,181)
Total building, furniture and equipment, net of accmulated		(3.1,00.1)	
depreciation	991,779	(63,078)	928,700_
depresiation .			
Amortizable capital assets	1 702 052	22,232	1,745,285
Leasehold improvements	1,723,053	(123,103)	(842,831)
Less: accumulated amortization	(719,728) n 1,003,325	(123,103)	902,454
Leasehold improvement net of accumulated amortization		•	
Software	381,159	1,946	383,105
Less: accumulated amortization	(311,921)		(336,551)
Software net of accumulated amortization	69,238	(22,684)	46,554
Total leasehold improvements and software	2,104,212	24,177	2,128,390
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,031,649)		(1,179,381)
Total leasehold improvements and software, net of accum			
amortization	1,072,563	(123,555)	949,008
Total depreciable and amortizable capital assets	5,642,540	58,730	5,701,270
			(074 070
Total capital assets	6,215,540	58,730	6,274,270
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,578,198)		(3,823,562)
Total capital assets	\$ 2,637,342	\$ (186,633)	\$ 2,450,708

Depreciation expense for fiscal years 2014 and 2013 was \$247,504 and \$245,363, respectively.

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS

As of September 30, 2014 and 2013, there are no outstanding draws on the PNC Bank credit line under the General Fund.

The loans, bonds and notes issued by the Agency are special obligations of the Agency and are payable from the revenue and special funds of the applicable indentures. The bonds and notes do not constitute debt of and are not guaranteed by the District or any other program of the District. All mortgage revenue bond multifamily projects financed to date have been issued by the Agency as standalone pass-through financings with no direct economic recourse to the Agency as the issuer.

The provisions of the various bond indentures require or allow for the special redemption of bonds at par through the use of unexpended bond proceeds and excess funds accumulated primarily through prepayment of mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities. All outstanding bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Agency or the borrower, in whole or in part at any time, after certain dates, as specified in the respective bond indentures and bond resolutions, at prescribed redemption prices. The redemption premiums can range up to 5%. Under the Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program, this option generally cannot be exercised until the bonds have been outstanding for ten years as provided in the various indentures. Term bonds are generally subject to redemption, without premium, from mandatory sinking fund payments.

Bonds issued to provide financing for the Agency's housing programs are collateralized by:

- Mortgage-backed securities made in connection with underlying loans.
- Mortgage loans made on the related multifamily developments or single family residential mortgage loans purchased.
- Investments of bond proceeds, debt service reserves and escrow accounts, all revenues, mortgage payments, and recovery payments received by the Agency from investments, mortgage loans and mortgage-backed securities made on the related developments and pledged to the respective trust indentures.

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the bond and debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2014 and the debt outstanding and loans, bonds and certificates of participation payable as of September 30, 2014.

					<u> </u>	E	Bond A	ctivity			•								
DC Building Finance Corporation Certificates of Participation	Range of Interest Rates	Range of Maturities	Outst	Debt anding at 6/2013	New Bond Issued	\$	Schedi Matur Payme	ity	Bor Redec		Out	Debt standing 30/2014		ium (+) eant (-)		d Payable /30/2014		Withi e Year	
1998 Series Total	5.35%	2014~2018	<u>\$</u>	790,000 790,000	\$		\$ \$	<u></u> :			\$ \$	650,000 650,000	\$	-	\$	650,000 650,000		150,00 150,00	_
		i eta je je					Boac	l Activity	· .										
	Range of interest Rates	Range of Maturities		Debt istanding at /30/2013	New Bo		Ma	eduled turity ments	9.2	Bond deemed		Debt Outstanding £ 9/30/2014		remium (Discount (•	Bond Payabl at 9/30/2014	-	Due V	Vithin Year
1988 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds																	•	s :	85,000
1988 Series E-4 Total	6.375%	2015 ~ 2026	\$	2,505,000 2,505,000		Ė	\$:	\$	330,000 330,000						\$ 2,070,40 \$ 2,070,40			85,000 85,000
1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Bends 2005 Series A 2005 Series B 2006 Series A	5.50% 4.75% ~ 5.625% 4.95%	2015 ~ 2025 2015 ~ 2035 2015 ~ 2026	\$	2,390,000 5,045,000 1,575,000)	•	\$	20,000	S	520,000 1,130,000 455,000	* 1	\$ 1,850,00 3,915,00 1,120,00	0 '	173,85 279,13		\$ 2,023,85 4,194,12 1,120,00	21 00		95,000 55,000 65,000
2006 Series A 2006 Series D 2006 Series D 2006 Series E	5.1% ~ 5.35% 4.60%	2015 ~ 2037 2014 ~ 2020 2015 ~ 2037	- `	7,345,000 665,000 19,510,000) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		•		2,080,000 230,000 6,090,000		5,265,00 435,00 13,420,00	0	329,9	19 - -	5,594,91 435,00 13,420,00	00	1	105,000 40,000 180,000
2007 Series A Total	5.15%	2015~2038	<u>s</u>	7,400,000 43,930,000	<u> </u>	<u>:</u>	\$	20,000	5	4,890,000 15,395,000		2,510,00 \$ 28,515,00		33,1 8 816,0		2,543,18 \$ 29,331,00			40,000 580,000
Single Family New Issue Bond Program		2014~2041	, S	11,350,00	o :-s		s		s	2,110,000):	\$ 9,240,00			<u>.</u>	\$ 9,240,0			280,000
2009 Series A-l Total		2014 2043	3	11,350,00	<u>s</u>	-	\$	-	s	2,110,000	<u> </u>	\$ 9,240,00		\$	<u> </u>	\$ 9,240,0	_		280,000 45,000
Combined Single Family Indentures Total			<u> </u>	57,785,90	\$	•	. <u></u>	20,000	\$1 —	7,835,000		\$39,930,00	- -	\$ 711,4	<i>''</i>	\$40,641,4	<u>''</u>	\$ 9	-3,000

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

						Bond Activity					
		*.		Debt		Scheduled		Debt			
		Range of Interest	Range of	Outstanding at	New Bonds	Maturity	Boards	Outstanding at	Discount (-)/	Bonds Payable	Due Within
	Project Name	Rates	Maturities	9/30/2013	bsued	Payments	Redeemed	9/30/2014	Premium (+)	# 9/30/2014	One Year
Multifamily Conduit											
Bonds											
1994 Series D	Oak Street	7.00%	2014	\$ 1,140,000	\$.	\$ 90,000	\$ 1,050,000	s -	\$ -		\$ -
1997 Series A	Colorado Avenue	5.85% ~ 5.95%	2014	710,000		30,000	680,000		•		•
1999 Series	Garfield Park Apts	7.25%	2015~2036	2,666,690		76,026		2,590,665		2,590,665	81,724
1999 Series A	Walbraff Apts	6.10%	2014	1,785,000		25,000	1,760,000				•
1999 Series	Barnaby Manor	7.375%	2014	3,835,780			3,835,780				
1999 Series	Pt. Chapin	6.90%	2013~2035	22,217,435		436,878		21,780,557		21,780,557 [%]	467,995
1999 Series	Staton Glenn Apt	6.28%	2014	21,480,000		245,000	21,235,000			•	
2000 Series	Widrich Court Apt	7.30%	2014~2032	3,012,001		76,769	•	2,935,232		2,935,232	82,564
2000 Series C	636 Coop	6.50%	2014	550,000		5,000	545,000			•	•
2000 Scries A	Haven House	6.50%	2014	760,000		10,000	750,000				
2001 Series A	Douglas Knoll	5.90%	2014	9,244,000		55,000	9,189,000				
2001 Series D	Meridian Manor	5.70%	2014	2,140,000		40,000	2,100,000				
2001 Series	Clifton Terrace	5.96%	2014 ~ 2033	4,660,279		119,370		4.540,909		4540,909	126,720
2000 Series	WDCILP	Variable	2014~2032	6,995,000		230,000		6,765,000		6,765,000	240,000
2002 Series	Trenton Park Apts	Variable	2015~2035	5,665,000		110,000		5,555,000		5,555,000	120,000
2002 Series A	DCCH Pool: Euclid Street	5.75%	2014~2039	1,335,000		20,000		1,315,000		1,315,000	20,000
2002 Series C	DCCH Pool: Chapin Street	5.75%	2014~2039	1,130,000		10,000		1,120,000		1,120,000	10.000
2002 Series G	Trinity Towers Apts	4.65% ~ 5.55%	2014	7,800,000		130,000	7,670,000	•		•	•
2002 Series E	Golden Rule Plaza	4.75% ~ 5.70%	2014	5,945,000		65,000	5,880,000			· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2002 Series I	Henson Ridge	5.40%	2014	3,825,000		40,000	3,785,000				
2002 Series J	Fairmont I & II	4.50% ~ 5.30%	2014	14,665,000		225,000	14,440,000				
2003 Series	Bowling Green	4.50% ~ 4.70%	2014	9,870,000		65,000	9,805,000	_			
2003 Series B	Urban Village	5.25%	2014	5,850,000		70,000	5,780,000				
2003 Series C	St. Paul Sr. Living @ Wayne Place	5.40% ~ 5.60%	2014	3,365,000		40,000	3,325,000				
2004 Series A	1330 7th Street	4.10% ~ 5.00%	2014~2045	11,550,000		255,000		11,295,000		11,295,000	260,000
2004 Series A	Congress Park II	6.70%	2014~2041	4,554,816	•	60,002		4,494,814		4,494,814	64,148
2004 Series B&C	JW King Seniors Center	4.25% ~ 5.15%	2014~2045	4,950,000	· .	55,000		4,895,000		4,895,000	60,000
2004 Series	Savannah Heights	4.10% ~ 5.10%	2014~2045	7,455,000		85,000		7,370,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7,370,000	90,000
2004 Series D	Henson Ridge Phase II	4.65% ~ 4.90%	2014~2047	5,540,000		60,000		5,480,000		5,480,000	70,000
2004 Series E	Henson Ridge Phase II	4.10% ~ 5.10%	2014~2037	6,805,000		145,000		6,660,000		6,660,000	155,000
2005 Series A	Faircliff Plaza - West	6.50%	2014~2047	10,799,385		93,622		10,705,763		10,705,763	99,892
2005 Series B	Faircliff Plaza - West	6.50%	2014 ~ 2025	454,056		27,178	5.2	426,878		426,878	28,998
2005 Series	DCHA Modernization Program	3.60% ~ 5.00%	2015~2025	53,915,000		3,370,000		50,545,000	2.067,717	52,612,717	3,535,000
2005 Series	Shipley Park Apts	4.25% ~ 4.80	2014~2038	11,020,000		200,000		10,820,000	-	10,820,000	215,000
								,,		- alondono	213,000

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

						Bond Activity					
				Deht		Scheduled		Debt			
		Range of Interest	Range of	Outstanding at	New Bonds	Maturity	Bonds	Outstanding at	Discount (-)/	Bonds Payable	Due Within
	Project Name	Rates	Maturities	9/30/2013	Issued	Payments	Redeemed	9/30/2014	Premium (+)	±9/30/2014	One Year
Multifamily Conduit										W	
Bonds (Continued)											
	Tr. A. N	6.25%	2014~2048	10,227,278	100	87,692		10,139,586		10,139,586	93,332
2006 Series	Hunter Pines	5.875%	2014~2049	7,284,538		58,362		7,226,176		7,226,176	61,884
2006 Series	GW Curver Senior Apts	4.70% ~ 5.00%	2015~2036	3,665,000		75,000	_	3,590,000		3,590,000	80,000
2006 Series	Garfield Hills Apts		2013~2030	4,368,035		38,253	_	4,329,782		4,329,782	40,612
2006 Series	Galen Terrace	6.00%		10,809,462	•	90,000		10,719,462		10,719,462	95,789
2006 Series A	Southview I & II	6.25%	2014~2048	11,590,000	•	240,000		11,350,000		11,350,000	250,000
2006 Series	Golden Rule Apts	5.25%	2014~2048		•	85,000		8,910,000		8,910,000	90,000
2006 Series A	Wesley House	4.80%	2015~2049	8,995,000	•			3,300,000		3,300,000	140,000
2006 Series	Azeeze Bates Apts	4.80%	2014~2036	3,435,000	•	135,000	•			14,739,222	141,116
2007 Series	Cavalier Apts	5.60%	2014~2049	14,872,670	•	133,448		14,739,222		7,427,031	64,707
2007 Series	Residences at Georgia Ave Apts	5.80%	2014~2050	7,488,100	•	61,069	•	7,427,031		8,722,340	53,866
2007 Series	R Street Apts	5.60%	2014~2056	8,773,279		50,939	•	8,722,340	-	21,032,904	276,468
2007 Series A	Parkside Terrace Apts	Variable	2014~2045	21,294,741	-	261,837		21,032,904	•		-
2008 Scries	Henson Ridge UFAS Rentals	6.00%	2014~2050	4,463,507	•	82,834	•	4,380,672	•	4,380,672	87,943
2008 Series	Longfellow Arms Apts	5.70%	2014~2040	1,935,000	· . •	20,000	2.025.000	1,915,000	•	1,915,000	20,000
2008 A Series	Fairmont I and II Apts	5.70%	2013~2040	3,075,000	•	40,000	3,035,000		•		71.00
2008 Series A	Wheeler Terrace	Variable	2014~2050	7,422,375	•	70,868	•	7,351,507	•	7,351,507	74,620
2008 Series A&B	St. Martin's Apts	5.40%	2014~2046	11,755,849	•	132,305	•	11,623,544	•	11,623,544	139,647
2008 Series	Pentacle Apartments	Variable	2038	10,695,000	•		245,000	10,450,000		10,450,000	
2009 Series	Georgia Commons	2.875% ~ 5.875%	2015~2051	16,495,000	•	140,000	. •	16,355,000	(196,785)	16,158,215	140,000
2010 Series A	Sheridan Station	5.90%	2014~2040	3,349,882	•	44,479	-	3,305,403	•	3,305,403	47,175
2010 Series	Arthur Capper	Variable	2013	5,700,000	•	-	5,700,000	•	. •		
2011 Scries A-1	Victory Square	6.86%	2014~2043	1,366,847	. •	14,357		1,352,490	•	1,352,490	15,374
2011 Series A	The Heights	5.80%	2014~2045	11,423,558	939,994		4,457,472	7,906,080	•	7,906,080	52,76
2012 Series	Park 7 at Minnesota Benning	Variable	2046	51,000	•	•	•	51,000	-	51,000	
2012 Series	Fairway Park	Variable	2046	24,852,800	6,682,648	•	•	31,535,448		31,535,448	•
2012 Series	Yards D Building	Variable	2047	8,500,000	•	•.	•	8,500,000		8,500,000	
2012 Series A	Whitelaw Apartments	5.65%	2014~2029	2,350,000		-	-	2,350,000	•	2,350,000	25,29
2012 Series B	Whitelaw Apartments	3.15%	2014	1,379,904	730,096	•	•	2,110,000	-	2,110,000	2,110,00
2012 Series	Bass Circle	4.45%	2014~2029	8,428,901	3,000,285	-	7,610,229	3,818,957	. •	3,818,957	57,88
2012 Series	Severna II	Variable	2015~2049	2,254,467	11,548,999	•		13,803,466		13,803,466	2,046,15
2013 Series A	Senior Housing at O	Variable	2015~2033	4,384,908	2,455,092	-	-	6,840,000		6,840,000	45,86
2013 Series B	Senior Housing at O	Variable	2015	82,340	6,087,660			6,170,000		6,170,000	6,170,00
2013 Series	SOMEII	Variable	2033	6,169,276	8,566,111	•		14,735,387		14,735,387	
2013 Series	Tyler House	4.45%	2014~2031	45,760,000		415,000		45,345,000		45,345,000	435,00
2013 Series	Sheridan Station III	Variable	2032	100,000			-	100,000		100,000	
2013 Series	Sheridan Station III	Variable	2016	1,245,007	9,512,720	-		10,757,727		10,757,727	
2013 Series	Trinity Plaza Apts	Variable	2050		1,628,864			1,628,864		1,628,864	
2013 Series	Lofts at Capitol Quarter	Variable	2046		5,110,802			5,110,802		5,110,802	
2014 Series A	DCHFA Pass-Through Refunding	3.875%	2014~2045		42,615,830	162,399		42,453,431		42,453,431	675,24
2014 Series A	Eastbrooke Apts	Variable	2014-2045		51,000	,"		51,000		51,000	
	•	0.35%	2017	•	17,800,000	-	_	17,800,000		17,800,000	
AU14 Series D	Metro Village			, •	50,001	•	-	50,001		50,001	
2014 Series B	Yards - Parcel N	Variable Variable	2047	. •		•	•	2,809,891		2,809,891	
2014 Series	North Capitol Commons	Variable 0.40%	2017 2016	•	2,809,891 9,200,000	•	•	9,200,000		9,200,000	
2014 Series	The Gregory	0.40%	∆J10	-	7,200,000			7,4W,W		7,400,000	
Combined											
Multifamily Condui	t			\$ 553,733,168	\$ 128,789,992	\$ 9,003,687	\$ 112,877,481	\$ 560,641,993	\$ 1,870,933	\$ 562,512,924	\$ 19,257,78
Bonds Total	•							•			

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

								В	ad Activity										
				Del	X		-		cheduled				Debt						
		Range of Interest	Range of	Outstan	ing at	N	ew Bonds	-	Maturity		Bonds	Outst	tanding at	Disco	unt (-)/	Bo	ods Payable	Du	e Within
	Project Name	Rates	Maturities	9/30/2	013		Issued		ayments		Redeemed	9/3	0/2014	Premi	um (+)		9/30/2014	0	ne Year
Multifamily New								-											
ksue Bond																			
Program																			
Series 2009 A-1	Villages at Chesapeake	4.09%	2014~2042	\$ 10,6	30,000	\$	-	\$	130,000	\$	-	\$ 1	0,500,000	\$		S	10,500,000	S	130,000
Series 2009 A-2	Fort Stevens	4.09%	2014~2044	5,3	10,000		+ , =		90,000		•		5,220,000				5,220,000		60,000
Series 2009 A-3	Webster Gardens	4.09%	2014~2044	3,2	80,000		· .		50,000		10,000		3,220,000				3,220,000		30,000
Series 2009 A-4	SOME	4.09%	2015~2044	8,1	00,000						70,000		8,030,000				8,030,000		170,000
Series 2009 A-5	King Towers	4.09%	2015~2042	12,8	30,000				•		•	1	12,830,000		-		12,830,000		360,000
Series 2009 A-6	The Yards - Foundry Lofts	4.09%	2014~2051	47,7	00,000				-				17,700,000				47,700,000		1,620,000
Series 2009 A-7	Avalon Apartments	3.01%	2014~2044	5,0	40,000								5,040,000				5,040,000		160,000
Series 2010 A	Samuel J. Simmons	4.55% ~ 5.45%	2015~2033	7,7	65,000				235,000				7,530,000				7,530,000		245,000
Series 2009 A-8	Samuel J. Simmons	3.01%	2033 ~ 2040	13,0	00,000				· •				3,000,000				13,000,000		2.5,500
Series 2009 A-9	The Avenue	3.01%	2015~2044	3,6	40,000								3,640,000				3,640,000		120,000
Series 2009 A-10	Mayfair Mansions III	2.32%	2029 ~ 2044	8.3	90,000						_		8,390,000				8,390,000		120,000
Series 2011 A	Mayfair Mansions III	3.70% ~ 4.7%	2015~2029		10,000		_						2,610,000				2,610,000		85,000
Series 2011	Mayfair Mansions III	Vanable	2014		16,788		_				5,716,788		-				2,010,000		80,000
Series 2009 A-11	Dahlgreen Courts	3.53%	2015~2044		00,000				30,000		20,000		6,150,000		•		6,150,000		50,000
Series 2011 B	Alabama Avenue	Variable	2014		88,979				30,000		2.388,979		4,130,000		•		U,13U,000		30,000
Series 2009 A-12	Alabama Avenue	2.32%	2015~2044		50,000		11 144		, 18 E				5,050,000		•		5,050,000		40,000
Series 2009 A-13	Paul Laurence Dunbar Apartments	3.53%	2014~2051		20.000				190,000				8,330,000		-		18,330,000		200,000
Series 2011 A	Samuel Kelsev	1.40% ~ 5.00%	2014~2041	. ,	60,000		_		265,000		-		5,995,000		•		15,995,000		
Series 2009 A-14	Samuel Kelsey	2.49%	2041		00,000		_		200,000		•		7.700.000		-				270,000
Series 2009 A-15	Nannie Helen	2.49%	2016~2044		30,000		-		•		•		.,,		-		7,700,000		•
Series 2011	Capitol Hill Towers	1.40% ~ 4.90%	2014~2040		10,000	-			250,000		•		3,630,000		• • •		3,630,000		-
Series 2009 A-16	Capitol Hill Towers	2.49%	2040~2041		70,000				230,000		•		4,160,000		•		14,160,000		255,000
Series 2012	House of Lebanon	Variable	2015		0,000		1,675,000		•		C 605 001		8,370,000		•		8,370,000		•
Series 2009 A-2	House of Lebanon	3.82%	2016~2033		0,000		1,0/3,000		•		6,425,001		-		•				•
	THE REPORT OF LEGISLATION	J.02/6	2010~2033	3,12	.0,000						•		5,120,000		•		5,120,000		•
Combined																			
Multifamily New				\$ 226.41	0.768	s	1.675.000		1,240,000	s	14,630,768	\$ 212	2,215,000				313 317 303		
ksue Bond				# 240,T1	U,700		1,073,000	•	1,240,000	•	14,030,700	3 212	4213,000	\$	•	3 /	212,215,000	\$	3,795,000
Program Total	0																		
Combined Multi-					-	.,1			: .										
Family Indentures				\$ 780,143	916	C 12	3,464,992	\$14	,243,687	e 11	27,568,248	e 777	954 902	e 1 974	422		14 777 624		AF2 78A
Tetal				2 100,173		4 130	*,TV7,774	411	, 90¢C1-24	∌ £/	a 1,500,646	# 1129	856,993	\$ 1,870	,733	3 []	4,727,924	\$23,	952,780

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the bond and debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 and the debt outstanding and bonds and certificates of participation payable as of September 30, 2013:

							Bond A	ctivity										
DC Building Finance Corporation Certificates of Participation	Range of Interest Rates	Range of Maturities		Outstanding 9/30/2012	New I		Schedu Matur Payme	rity		Bond deemed	Outs	lebt tanding 30/2013		emium (+) iscount (-)		ond Payable at 9/30/2013	_	ue Within One Year
1998 Series Total	5.35%	2013 ~ 2018	\$	925,000 925,000	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$	÷	<u>\$</u>	135,000		790,000 790,000	- \$	-	<u> </u>		- <u>\$</u>	
10121			<u>-</u>	725,000	Ť			_	Ť		<u> </u>		=		= ==		-	
														•				
Single Family																		
Indentures								41. 14										
							Bond Ac Schedu				D.	bt						
	Range of Interest Rates	Range of Maturities		Outstanding 9/30/2012	New B		Materi Paymer	ty	- 1	ond eemed	Outsta at 9/30	nding		mium (+) count (-)		nd Payable 9/30/2013		e Within ne Year
1988 Single Family																		
Mortgage Revenue Bonds																		
1988 Series E-4	6.375%	2015 ~ 2026	\$	3,060,000	\$		\$			555,000		05,000				2,391,684	\$	<u> </u>
Total			3	3,060,000	\$		\$	<u>.</u>	\$	555,000	\$ 2,5	05,000	<u> </u>	(113,316)	<u>s</u>	2,391,684	\$	
1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue			. •															
Bonds				3,240,000	\$		\$ 60.	.000	\$	790,000	e 22	90,000	. 5	189,426	ŧ	2,579,426	s	115.000
2005 Series A 2005 Series B	5.50% 4.75% ~ 5.625%	2013 ~ 2025 2013 ~ 2035	\$	7.980,000	•	•	3 00,		-	935,000		45,000	•	292,308	•	5,337,308	•	70,000
2006 Series A	4.95%	2012 ~ 2026		2,240,000		-	40,	,000		625,000		75,000		•		1,575,000		55,000
2006 Series B	5.1% ~ 5.35%	2013 ~ 2037		11,210,000		-			3	,865,000		345,000		344,474		7,689,474		115,000
2006 Series D	4.60%	2013 ~ 2020		870,000		•	5	,000	_	200,000		65,000		-		665,000		45,000
2006 Series E	4.65%	2013 ~ 2037		29,005,000		•		•		,495,000	•	510,000		101,866		19,510,000 7,501,866		230,000 75,000
2007 Series A	5.15%	2013 ~ 2038	-	12,660,000 67,205,000	<u> </u>	÷	\$ 105	000	_	,170,000		930,000	<u> </u>	928,074		44,858,074	5	
Total			<u> </u>	07,203,000	,	<u> </u>	1 103	,000	<u> </u>	,170,000	* 10,	20,000	<u> </u>	720,011	. <u> </u>	.,,	Ť	
Single Family New Issue																		
Bond Program										240.000		250 000				11,350,000		150,000
2009 Series A-1	2.49%	2041	<u>\$</u>	13,890,000	· *	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		,540,000 ,540,000		350,000 350,000	. <u>\$</u>		_	11,350,000	÷	150,000
Total			<u> </u>	13,890,000	\$	<u> </u>	· · · ·	<u> </u>		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	* 11,	2.70,000	-	<u>-</u>	- -		÷	
Combined Single Family Indentures Total			\$	84,155,000	\$	•	\$ 105	5,000	\$ 20	5,265,000	\$ 57,	785,000	\$	814,757	. \$	58,599,757	\$	855,000
		•	-			_	-		_				=		===	-	_	

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

						Bond Activity					
				Debt		Scheduled		Debt	•		
		Range of Interest	Range of	Outstanding at	New Bonds	Maturity	Bonds	Outstanding at	Discount (-)/	Bonds Payable	Due Within
	Project Name	Rates	Maturities	9/30/2012	Issued	Payments	Redeemed	9/30/2013	Premium (+)	at 9/30/2013	One Year
Multifamily											
Conduit Bonds											
1994 Series D	Oak Street	7.00%	2013 ~ 2023	\$ 1,225,000	\$ -	\$ 85,000		\$ 1,140,000	\$ -	1,140,000	\$ 90,000
1995 Series	Tyler House	7.52%	2025	24,200,000		•	24,200,000	•	•		•
1997 Series A	Colorado Avenue	5.85% ~ 5.95%	2012 ~ 2027	735,000	•	25,000	•	710,000	6,250	716,250	30,000
1999 Series	Garfield Park Apts	7.25%	2012 ~ 2031	2,737,414	•	70,724	•	2,666,690	•	2,666,690	76,026
1999 Series A	Walbraff Apts	6.10%	2012 ~ 2039	1,810,000	•	25,000		1,785,000	•	1,785,000	25,000
1999 Series	Barnaby Manor	7.375%	2012 ~ 2032	3,922,693		86,913	•	3,835,780	-	3,835,780	166,821
1999 Series	Ft. Chapin	6.90%	2012 ~ 2035	22,625,272		407,831	•	22,217,441	•	22,217,441	436,878
1999 Series	Staton Glenn Apt	6.28%	2012 ~ 2042	21,710,000		230,000		21,480,000	-	21,480,000	245,000
2000 Series	Widrich Court Apt	7.30%	2012 ~ 2032	3,083,381	•	71,380		3,012,001		3,012,001	76,7 69
2000 Series C	636 Coop	6.50%	2013 ~ 2040	560,000		10,000		550,000	•	550,000	5,000
2000 Series A	Haven House	6.50%	2012 ~ 2042	770,000		10,000		760,000	. •	760,000	10,000
2000 Series D	Chesapeake/Hartford/Knox	6.10%	2012 ~ 2041	4,250,000		50,000	4,200,000		-		•
2001 Series A	Douglas Knoll	5.90%	2012 ~ 2043	9,344,000		100,000		9,244,000	•	9,244,000	110,000
2001 Series D	Meridian Manor	5.70%	2012 ~ 2037	2,175,000		35,000		2,140,000		2,140,000	40,000
2001 Series	Woodmont Crossing	5.45%	2013 ~ 2022	9,240,000	•	190,000	9,050,000	•	•	. •	
2001 Series	Clifton Terrace	5.96%	2012 ~ 2033	4,772,725		112,447		4,660,279	-	4,660,279	119,370
2001 Series E	Huntwood Apts	5.45%	2012 ~ 2038	6,185,000		100,000	6,085,000			•	•
2000 Series	WDCILP	Variable	2012 ~ 2032	7,215,000		220,000		6,995,000		6,995,000	230,000
2001 Series A&B	Columbia Heights	5.60% ~ 7.00%	2012 ~ 2043	32,400,000			32,400,000	•		•	•
2002 Series	Trenton Park Apts	Variable	2013 ~ 2035	5,770,000	•	105,00		5,665,000		5,665,000	110,000
2002 Series A	DCCH Pool: Euclid Street	5.75%	2012 ~ 2039	1,350,000		15,00		1,335,000		1,335,000	20,000
2002 Series C	DCCH Pool: Chapin Street	5.75%	2012 ~ 2039	1,140,000		10,00)	1,130,000		1,130,000	10,000
2002 Series G	Trinity Towers Apts	4.65% ~ 5.55%	2012 ~ 2038	7,920,000		120,00		7,800,000		7,800,000	130,000
2002 Series E	Golden Rule Plaza	4.75% ~ 5.70%	2012 ~ 2044	6,005,000		60,00) -	5,945,000		5,945,000	65,000
2002 Series I	Henson Ridge	5.40%	2012~2045	3,865,000		40,00) .	3,825,000		3,825,000	40,000
2002 Series J	Fairmont I & II	4.50% ~ 5.30%	2012 ~ 2040	14,885,000		220,00		14,665,000		14,665,000	225,000
2003 Series	Bowling Green	4.50% ~ 4.70%	2012 ~ 2044	9,995,000		125,00	0 -	9,870,000		9,870,000	130,000
2003 Series B	Urban Village	5.25%	2012~2044	5,920,000		70,00	0 -	5,850,000		5,850,000	70,000
2003 Series C	St. Paul Sr. Living @ Wayne Place	5.40% ~ 5.60%	2012~2045	3,395,000		30,00	· -	3,365,000) .	3,365,000	40,000
2003 Series A	1330 7th Street	4.10% ~ 5.00%	2012 ~ 2045	11,785,000		235,00		11,550,000		11,550,000	255,000
2004 Series A	Congress Park II	6.70%	2012 ~ 2041	4,610,940		56,12		4,554,81		4,554,816	60,002
2004 Series B&C	JW King Seniors Center	4.25% ~ 5.15%	2012~2045	5,005,000		55,00				4,950,000	55,000

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Boad Activity

						Bond Activity					
		and the state of		Debt		Scheduled		Debt			
•		Range of Interest	Range of	Outstanding at	New Bonds	Maturity	Bonds	Outstanding at	Discount (-)/	Bonds Payable	Due Within
	Project Name	Rates	Maturities	9/30/2012	Issued	Payments	Redeemed	9/30/2013	Premium (+)	at 9/30/2013	One Year
Multifamily					:						
Conduit Bonds		e e									
(Continued)				4	Market Carlos	100		rain .m.s			
2004 Series	Savannah Heights	4.10% ~ 5.10%	2012 ~ 2045	7,535,000		80,000	-	7,455,000		7,455,000	85,000
2004 Series D	Henson Ridge Phase II	4.65% ~ 4.90%	2012 ~ 2047	5,600,000		60,000		5,540,000		5,540,000	60,000
2004 Series E	Henson Ridge Phase II	4.10% ~ 5.10%	2012 ~ 2037	6,945,000		140,000		6,805,000		6,805,000	145,000
2005 Series A	Faircliff Plaza - West	6.50%	2012 ~ 2047	10,887,130	· · · · · · ·	87,746		10,799,385	_	10,799,385	93,622
2005 Series B	Faircliff Plaza - West	6.50%	2012 ~ 2025	479,529		25,472		454,056		454,056	27,178
2005 Series	DCHA Modernization Program	3.60% ~ 5.00%	2012 ~ 2025	57,120,000	- · ·	3,205,000		53,915,000	2,260,063	56,175,063	3,370,000
2005 Series	Shipley Park Apts	4.25% ~ 4.80	2012 ~ 2038	11,210,000		190,000		11,020,000	-,000,000	11,020,000	200,000
2006 Series	Hunter Pines	6.25%	2012 ~ 2048	10,309,670		82,392		10,227,277		10,227,277	87,692
2006 Series	GW Carver Senior Apts	5.875%	2012 ~ 2049	7,339,577		55,040		7,284,537		7,284,537	58,362
2006 Series	Garfield Hills Apts	4.70% ~ 5.00%	2013 ~ 2036	3,735,000		70,000		3,665,000	•	3,665,000	75,000
2006 Series	Galen Terrace	6.00%	2012 ~ 2048	4,404,065		36,030	-	4,368,035	•		•
2006 Series A	Southview I & II	6.25%	2012 ~ 2048	10,894,022		84,561		10,809,462	•	4,368,035 10,809,462	38,253 90,000
2006 Series	Golden Rule Apts	5,25%	2012 ~ 2048	11,815,000		225,000	•	11,590,000	•		-
2006 Series A	Wesley House	4.80%	2013 ~ 2049	9,075,000	_	80,000	•		•	11,590,000	240,000
2006 Series	Azeeze Bates Apts	4.80%	2012 ~ 2036	3,565,000	· ·		-	8,995,000	•	8,995,000	85,000
2007 Series	Cavalier Apts	5.60%	2012 ~ 2030	14,998,867	•	130,000	•	3,435,000	•	3,435,000	135,000
2007 Series	Residences at Georgia Ave Apts	5.80%	2012~2049			126,197	-	14,872,670	•	14,872,670	133,448
2007 Series	R Street Apts	5.60%		7,545,736	•	57,636	•	7,488,100	. •	7,488,100	61,069
2007 Series A	Parkside Terrace Apts		2012 ~ 2056	8,821,450	•	48,171		8,773,279		8,773,279	50,939
2007 Series A		Variable	2012 ~ 2045	21,542,720		247,979	-	21,294,741	•	21,294,741	261,837
	Henson Ridge UFAS Rentals	6.00%	2012 ~ 2050	4,541,529		78,022	•	4,463,507	•	4,463,507	82,834
2008 Series	Longfellow Arms Apts	5.70%	2012~2040	1,955,000	•	20,000	-	1,935,000	englighter i 🔸 .	1,935,000	20,000
2008 A Series	Fairmont I and II Apts	5.70%	2012~2040	3,115,000		40,000	. •	3,075,000		3,075,000	40,000
2008 Series A	Wheeler Terrace	Variable	2012 ~ 2050	7,489,680		67,305	•	7,422,375	•	7,422,375	70,868
2008 Series A&B	St. Martin's Apts	5.40%	2012 ~ 2046	11,881,341	: •	125,527	-	11,755,814	•	11,755,814	132,322
2008 Series	Pentacle Apartments	Variable	2038	10,970,000	•	•	275,000	10,695,000	•	10,695,000	-
2009 Series	Georgia Commons	2.875% ~ 5.875%	2013 ~ 2051	16,625,000	•	130,000		16,495,000	(203,442)	16,291,558	140,000
2010 Series A	Sheridan Station	5.90%	2040	3,385,000	•	35,118		3,349,882		3,349,882	44,479
2010 Series B	Sheridan Station	Variable	2012	4,290,000	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	4,290,000	-				
2010 Scries	Arthur Capper	Variable	2013	4,878,942	821,058		-	5,700,000		5,700,000	5,700,000
2011 Series A-1	Victory Square	Variable	2043	254,000	1,112,847			1,366,847		1,366,847	
2011 Series A-2	Victory Square	Variable	2043	· -	· ·	-					
2011 Series B	Victory Square	Variab le	2014	7,132,000			7,132,000			•	
2011 Series A	The Heights	Variable	2045	2,251,140	9,172,418			11,423,558		11,423,558	
2012 Series	Park 7 at Minnesota Benning	Variable	2046	51,000		•		51,000		51,000	_
2012 Series	Fairway Park	Variable	2046	18,182,455	6,670,345			24,852,800	-	24,852,800	_
2012 Series	Yards D Building	Variable	2047		8,500,000			8,500,000		8,500,000	
2012 Series A	Whitelaw Apartments	Variable	2029		2,350,000	_	-	2,350,000		2,350,000	-
2012 Series B	Whitelaw Apartments	Variable	2014		1,379,904			1,379,904	•	1,379,904	•
2012 Series	Bass Circle	4.45%	2030		8,428,901	-	- · · · · ·	8,428,901	•		7910.004
2012 Series	Severna II	Variable	2049	•	2,254,467	•	•	2,254,467	•	8,428,901	7,810,026
2013 Series A	Senior Housing at O	Variable	2033		4,384,908	• • • •	•		•	2,254,467	-
2013 Series B	Senior Housing at O	Variable	2015	•		- · · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	4,384,908	•	4,384,908	•
2013 Series	SOME II	Variable Variable	2013	•	82,340 6 160 276	•	•	82,340	. •	82,340	•
2013 Series	Tyler House	3.5% ~ 4.45%		•	6,169,276	•	•	6,169,276	•	6,169,276	
2013 Series 2013 Series	Sheridan Station III		2023 ~ 2031	•	45,760,000	•	•	45,760,000	•	45,760,000	415,000
		Variable	2032	• .	100,000	•	•	100,000	•	100,000	•
2013 Series	Sheridan Station III	Variable	2016	•	1,245,007		•	1,245,007	. •	1,245,007	•
Combined											
Multifamily											
Conduit Bonds				\$ 551,431,279	\$ 98,431,472	\$ 12,787,615	\$ 83,342,000	\$ 553,733,136	\$ 2,062,871	\$ 555,796,007	\$ 22,623,796
Total								•			
IVIII											

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

				•	r :	Bond Activity	,				
				Debt		Scheduled		Debt			
		Range of Interest	Range of	Outstanding at	New Bonds	Maturity	Bonds	Outstanding at	Discount (-)/	Bonds Payable	Due Within
	Project Name	Rates	Maturities	9/30/2012	Issued	Payments	Redeemed	9/30/2013	Prenium (+)	at 9/30/2013	Oue Year
Multifamily New Issue Bond Program					41 13	*:	•				
Series 2009 A-1	Villages at Chesapeake	4.09%	2012 ~ 2042	\$ 10,750,000	\$ -	\$ 120,000	\$ -	\$ 10.630.000	\$.	\$ 10,630,000	\$ 130,000
Series 2009 A-2	Fort Stevens	4.09%	2013 ~ 2044	5,310,000	-		•	5,310,000	•	5,310,000	90,000
Series 2009 A-3	Webster Gardens	4.09%	2013~2044	3,280,000				3,280,000		3,280,000	50,000
Series 2010	SOME	1.80%	2012	10,200,000			10,200,000	5,200,000	_	3,200,000	30,000
Series 2009 A-4	SOME	4.09%	2015~2044	8,100,000			10,200,000	8,100,000		8,100,000	•
Series 2009 A-5	King Towers	4.09%	2015~2042	12,830,000				12,830,000		12,830,000	•
Series 2009 A-6	The Yards - Foundry Lofts	4.09%	2014~2051	47,700,000				47,700,000		47,700,000	•
Series 2009 A-7	Avalon Apartments	3.01%	2014~2044	5,040,000				5,040,000	•	5,040,000	90,000
Series 2010	Samuel J. Simmons	Variable	2013	5,000,000		5,000,000		2,010,000		3,040,000	90,000
Series 2010 A	Samuel J. Simmons	4.55% ~ 5.45%	2013 ~ 2033	8,000,000		235,000		7,765,000		7,765,000	235,000
Series 2009 A-8	Samuel J. Simmons	3.01%	2033 ~ 2040	13,000,000		200,000		13,000,000		13,000,000	233,000
Series 2009 A-9	The Avenue	3.01%	2014 ~ 2044	3,640,000				3,640,000	•	3,640,000	70,000
Series 2009 A-10	Mayfair Mansions III	2.32%	2029 ~ 2044	8,390,000				8,390,000	•	8,390,000	/0,000
Series 2011 A	Mayfair Mansions III	3.70% ~ 4.7%	2015 ~ 2029	2,610,000	_	_	-	2,610,000	•	2,610,000	•
Series 2011	Mayfair Mansions III	Variable	2015	=,010,000	5,716,788	_		5,716,788	•		•
Series 2011	Dahlgreen Courts	Variable	2014	2,465,001	2,034,999	_	4,500,000	J,/10,/00		5,716,788	•
Series 2009 A-11	Dahlgreen Courts	3.53%	2014 ~ 2044	6,200,000	ررز _ا درب _ا در -	-	4,300,000	6,200,000	•	(300 000	10.000
Series 2011 B	Alabama Avenue	Variable	2015	51,000	2,337,979		•	2,388,979	•	6,200,000	30,000
Series 2009 A-12	Alabama Avenue	2.32%	2015~2044	5,050,000	والوادلية	•	·	5,050,000	•	2,388,979	•
Series 2009 A-13	Paul Laurence Dumbar Apartments	3.53%	2012~2051	18,700,000		180,000			•	5,050,000	100 000
Series 2011 A	Samuel Kelsey	0.80% ~ 5.00%	2012 ~2041	16,500,000		240,000	•	18,520,000 16,260,000		18,520,000	190,000
Series 2009 A-14	Samuel Kelsey	2.49%	2041	7,900,000	•	200,000			•	16,260,000	265,000
Series 2011 B	Nannie Helen	Variable	2015	150,001	4,447,193	200,000	4,597,194	7,700,000	•	7,700,000	•
Series 2009 A-15	Nannie Helen	2.49%	2016~2044	3,630,000	נכו,ודד,ד	•	4,171,174	1 (20 000	•	1 (10 000	•
Series 2011	Capitol Hill Towers	0.75% ~ 4.90%	2012~2040	14,610,000	•	200,000	•	3,630,000	•	3,630,000	
Series 2009 A-16	Capitol Hill Towers	2.49%	2040 ~ 2041	8,370,000	•	200,000	•	14,410,000	•	14,410,000	250,000
Series 2012	House of Lebanon	Variable	2015	50,001	4,700,000	•	•	8,370,000	•	8,370,000	•
Series 2009 A-2	House of Lebanon	3.82%	2016~2033	5,120,000	4,700,000	•	. 1 1 d .	4,750,001	•	4,750,001	•
Series 2011	Nannie Helen	Variable	2015	3,120,000	550,000		550,000	5,120,000	•	5,120,000	•
Combined											
Multifamily New											
Issue Bond Program				\$ 232,646,003	\$ 19,786,959	\$ 6,175,000	\$ 19,847,194	\$ 226,410,768	\$	\$ 226,410,768	\$ 1,400,000
Total								3	. T	V,,	• 1,100,000
Combined Multi-					-:				7.7		
Family Indentures				s 784,877,278	\$ 118,218,431	\$ 18,962,582	\$ 103,189,194	\$ 780,143,936	\$ 2,062,871	\$ 782,206,805	\$ 24,023,796
Total	Section 1999	4 4 5	1.5	- 12-421 19-18		J. apresposs	A 10011011111	# 100/12/1/2/A	# #y₹V#y811	* 100,000,000	# £4,8£3,170
									· · ·		

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

During fiscal years 2010 - 2014, the Agency issued certain multifamily revenue bonds in a draw-down mode. Out of the total amount of bonds closed, only a portion may get drawn during any given reporting period. The following is the detail of draw-down bond activity for fiscal year 2014. Total bonds issued may be different from the debt outstanding due to redemption and maturity activity.

Bond Series	Bond Series Project Name		Total Bonds Issued at September 30, 2013	Draw Down Bonds Issued, Fiscal Year 2014	Total Bonds Issued at September 30, 2014
Multifamily		en e			* 7 T
Conduit Bonds					
Condini Donds		the transfer of			
2011 Series A	Victory Square	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,366,847	s	\$ 1,366,847
2011 Series A	The Heights	12,377,163	11,423,558	939,994	12,363,552
2011 Series A 2012 Series	Park 7 at Minnesota Benning	45,250,000	51,000	-	51,000
2012 Series	Fairway Park	33,482,000	24,852,800	6,682,648	31,535,448
2012 Series	Severna II	17,600,000	2,254,467	11,548,999	13,803,466
2012 Series	Bass Circle	11,610,000	8,428,901	3,000,285	11,429,186
2012 Series B	Whitelaw Apartments	2,110,000	1,379,904	730,096	2,110,000
2012 Series B	SOMEII	14,912,000	6,169,276	8,566,111	14,735,387
2013 Series A	Senior Housing at O	6,840,000	4,384,908	2,455,092	6,840,000
2013 Series B	Senior Housing at O	6,170,000	82,340	6,087,660	6,170,000
2013 Series A	Sheridan Station III	10,245,000	100,000		100,000
2013 Series B	Sheridan Station III	12,700,000	1,245,007	9,512,721	10,757,728
2013 Series D	Trinity Plaza	9,000,000	-	1,628,864	1,628,864
2013 Series	Lofts at Capitol Quarter	42,000,000		5,110,802	5,110,802
2013 Series 2014 Series	Fastbrooke	4,850,000	-	51,000	51,000
2014 Series B	Yards - Parcel N	15,000,000		50,001	50,001
2014 Series A-1	Yards - Parcel N	50,000,000	· •	•	
2014 Series A-2	Yards - Parcel N	30,000,000	·		-
2014 Series A-2	North Capitol Common	16,750,000	-	2,809,891	2,809,891
Total Multifa	mily Conduit Bonds	342,496,163	61,739,008	59,174,164	120,913,172
Multifamily New Esue Bond					
Program					
rrogram		e de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la co			Y
2012 Series	House of Lebanon	7,000,000	4,750,001	1,675,000	6,425,001
Total Multifa	mily New Issue Bond Program	7,000,000	4,750,001	1,675,000	6,425,001
	ed Multifamily Bond Program	\$ 349,496,163	\$ 66,489,009	\$ 60,849,164	\$ 127,338,173
	. •				

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2014, the required principal payments for all Agency debt outstanding (including mandatory sinking fund payments but excluding special and optional redemptions) that occurred subsequent to September 30, 2014 and excluding the effect of unamortized discounts/premiums (which are listed as an adjustment to totals) and interest payments for each of the next five years and in 5-year increments thereafter, are as follows:

For the Year Ending	DC	Building Fi	nance (Corporation	198	8 Collaterali Mortgage R		ingle Family e Bonds	1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds					
September 30,	1	interest	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest		Principal		
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024 2025-2029 2030-2034	\$;	32,122 23,920 15,272 6,268	\$	150,000 160,000 165,000 175,000		136,865 127,051 117,167 107,235 96,559 306,119 28,027	\$	85,000 165,000 150,000 160,000 175,000 970,000 470,000	\$	1,383,974 1,334,126 1,280,118 1,225,452 1,169,985 4,995,799 3,585,622 2,093,546	\$	580,000 1,075,000 1,095,000 1,105,000 1,130,000 5,785,000 5,655,000 6,890,000		
2035-2039 Totals	<u> </u>	-						<u> </u>		412,433		5,200,000		
Unamortized Premium / (Discount)		77,582		650,000	2	919,023		2,175,000 (104,600)	<u>\$</u>	17,481,056		28,515,000 816,077		
Bonds and Certificates of Participation Payable			•	(50.000										
ı ayanı			-	650,000			2	2,070,400			S	29,331,077		

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

For the Year Ending		New Issue Bond gram	Multi-Family (Multifamily New Issue Bond Program					
September 30,	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal				
						4 4 70 7 8 8 8 8				
2015	\$ 226,028	\$ 280,000	\$ 28,480,864	\$ 19,257,780	\$ 7,818,605	\$ 3,795,000				
2016	218,767	300,000	21,784,550	29,482,858	7,726,673	2,445,000				
2017	211,380	290,000	21,145,838	30,531,390	7,639,093	2,560,000				
2018	204,076	300,000	20,558,297	10,406,859	7,545,641	2,715,000				
2019	196,689	290,000	20,056,019	10,966,410	7,446,180	2,805,000				
2020-2024	873,140	1,510,000	91,679,080	64,993,032	35,447,695	16,750,000				
2025-2029	674,242	1,670,000	74,812,329	67,429,468	31,624,940	21,420,000				
2030-2034	461,809	1,750,000	54,606,728	110,447,103	26,340,322	31,930,000				
2035-2039	239,624	1,850,000	36,430,496	75,113,185	19,497,023	35,045,000				
2040-2044	29,493	1,000,000	22,416,686	51,312,952	9,908,950	68,400,000				
2045-2049		•	7,343,066	83,522,169	3,253,741	14,820,000				
2050-2054	t, t		697,083	6,278,983	504,358	9,530,000				
2055-2059	H <u></u>	· <u>•</u>	42,845	899,806	:					
Totals	\$ 3,335,247	9,240,000	\$ 400,053,882	560,641,993	\$ 164,753,221	212,215,000				
Unamortized										
Premium /										
(Discount)	and the second of the second o			1,870,933						
Bonds Payable		\$ 9,240,000		\$ 562,512,926		\$ 212,215,000				

NOTE 6: BONDS PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The interest calculations on outstanding variable rate bonds under the Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program, and the Multifamily New Issue Bond Program are based on the variable rates in effect on September 30, 2014 and are not indicative of the actual interest expense that will be incurred in future years. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments will vary.

During fiscal year 2010, the Agency secured two variable rate committed credit lines with the PNC Bank, National Association ("PNC Bank"), in the total amount of \$53.00 million: one for two years for \$3.00 million to be used for acquiring ownership of and making improvements to the Agency's headquarters building; the other for one year for \$50.00 million to be used for providing interim financing of the costs of extending multi- and single family mortgages and/or mortgage-backed securities under the United States Treasury New Issue Bond Program or any subsequent bond program of the Agency as approved by PNC Bank. During fiscal year 2011, the Agency and PNC Bank modified the \$50.00 million credit line by reducing it to \$25.00 million, extending its term for another year. In fiscal years 2013 and 2014, PNC Bank and DCHFA modified the \$25.00 million credit line further by reducing the amount down to \$15.00 million and extending the term into March of 2015. Under either of the credit lines there are no outstanding amounts as of September 30, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 7: REBATE LIABILITY

In accordance with the Internal Revenue Service Code (the "Code"), the Agency has recorded as rebate liability for excess investment earnings in connection with tax-exempt bonds and notes issued after 1981. The excess investment earnings arise due to actual investment yields earned by the bond series being greater than yields permitted to be retained by the indentures under the Code. The Code requires 90% of such excess investment earnings to be remitted to the United States Treasury every five years and in full at the final redemption of the bonds. Interest income on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is reduced by the rebate liability due to excess investment earnings. The increase/decrease in fair value of investments on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is adjusted by the change in the estimated rebate liability due to the change in fair value of investments. The Revenue Obligation Funds had no rebate liability from interest income or from unrealized gains on investments.

NOTE 7: REBATE LIABILITY (Continued)

Rebate liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2014 was as follows:

	DC Building Finance Corporation	1986 Family Whole Loan Bond Program	1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Multi-Family (Conduit Bond) Program	Multifamily New Issue Bond Program
Rebate Liability as of September 30, 2013	'\$	8 5 - 1 - 1 - 1	s	\$ 64,982	s -	s -
Change in estimated liability due to excess investment earnings				(16,255)	• •	•
Change in estimated liability due to change in fair value of investments					11	-
Less - payments made		1 1	r _{eg} ara er	<u> </u>		
Rebate Liability as of September 30, 2014	\$ a1	s -	\$ -	\$ 48,727	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -

Total rebate liability as of September 30, 2014 was allocated as follows:

	Fin	ilding ance eration	Whol	Family le Loan Program	Sin N	1988 lateralized gle Family lortgage nue Bonds	. M	96 Single Family Jortgage nue Bonds	(Co	Family nduit ond) gram	New	family Issue Program
Estimated liability due to excess investment earnings	\$	1 _	\$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$	-	\$	48,727	s	-	s	-
Estimated liability due to change in fair value of investments		-		-		· _	:	•		-		-
Rebate Liability as of September 30, 2014	s		\$		\$		\$	48,727	<u>s</u>		\$	-

NOTE 7: REBATE LIABILITY (Continued)

Rebate liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 was as follows:

the state of the s					1	1988						
	Fi	suilding nance oration	1986 Fa Whole Bond Pr	Loan	Singi Mo	teralized e Family rtgage ue Bonds	M	6 Single Family fortgage nue Bonds	(Cor Bo	Family nduit ond) gram	New	family Issue Program
Rebate Liability as of September 30, 2012	.\$		Š ":	4.2	\$	- - .	\$	91,144	\$	-	s	-
Change in estimated liability due to excess investment earnings				• •		• •		(26,162)		-		
Change in estimated liability due to change in fair value of investments		4	# 10 2 14 10 21 11	<u>.</u>	19 19 18 (18)			. · ·		•		-
Less - payments made	-		, <u>1</u>		1,431	e 1 (*) i						
Rebate Liability as of September 30, 2013	\$		\$		S		\$	64,982	\$		\$	•

Total rebate liability as of September 30, 2013 was allocated as follows:

The state of the s	DC Building Finance Corporation	1986 Family Whole Loan Bond Program	1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	Multi-Family (Conduit Bond) Program	Multifamily New Issue Bond Program
Estimated liability due to excess investment earnings	\$ -	S	\$ -	\$ 64,982	\$ -	s -
Estimated liability due to change in fair value of investments	-	• 	ng 1 - 12 - 1			-
Rebate Liability as of September 30, 2013	s -	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u> -	\$ 64,982	\$ -	<u>s</u> -

NOTE 8: CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

On July 1, 1998, the Agency entered into a lease agreement with the District of Columbia Building Finance Corporation (the "Building Finance Corporation") to lease office space at 815 Florida Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. (the "Building"). The Building was financed by proceeds from the Agency's issuance of Certificates of Participation, Series 1998 (the "Certificates") evidencing assignments of interest in rights to receive payments under the lease.

NOTE 8: CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (Continued)

The lease term is through June 2018; however, the Agency has an annual right to terminate the lease in the event that the Agency fails to budget sufficient amounts due under the lease terms for the ensuing fiscal year. The Agency also has the option to purchase the Building at any time during the lease at an amount necessary to discharge the Certificates.

The Board of Directors of the Building Finance Corporation is comprised fully of members of the Agency's management. Since the Corporation is controlled by the Agency and it is the Agency's intention to continue the lease until title to the Building is acquired by the Agency, the Building and Certificates are presented in the financial statements as if the Agency owned and financed the Building. This activity is recorded in a separate fund, the D.C. Building Finance Corporation Fund. Inter-fund transactions are recorded between the General Fund and the Building Finance Corporation Fund to reflect the lease activity. Rental income for the year ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, amounted to \$183,102 and \$183,747, respectively and is included in the Building Finance Fund revenue. Rental expense for these amounts is reflected in the General Fund expenses. Improvements are funded by and recorded in the General Fund. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful life or the lease term.

The Certificates were issued in an original principal amount of \$2,400,000, with a balance at September 30, 2014 and 2013, of \$650,000 and \$790,000, respectively. Interest is payable semi-annually at 5.35% per annum for Certificates due through June 1, 2018.

NOTE 9: PROJECT FUNDS HELD FOR BORROWER AND OTHER LIABILITIES

The project funds held for borrower and other liabilities include funds contributed by the owners of the projects and/or funds received from low income housing tax credit equity providers; District agencies; and the Department of Housing and Community Development. The Agency includes, in the financial statements, funds received from these providers to the extent of unexpended monies in the project accounts (See Note 3).

Under the 1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, the Agency administers grant funds received from the District's Department of Housing and Community Development ("DHCD") under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Home Investment Partnership Program ("HOME"). These funds were either blended with the bond proceeds to yield interest rate subsidy on mortgage loans securitized into mortgage-backed securities or were used to help

NOTE 9: PROJECT FUNDS HELD FOR BORROWER AND OTHER LIABILITIES (Continued)

homebuyers with closing costs, including down-payment assistance. Under the respective grant agreements the Agency may recycle repayments of HOME funds into its bond programs. The Agency transferred some of the repaid HOME funds back to DHCD during fiscal year 2014. As of September 30, 2014 and 2013, total HOME Program restricted assets were \$1,327,205 and \$2,773,285, respectively.

NOTE 10: PREPAID FEES

The prepaid fees include funds related to non-refundable construction monitoring fees associated with multifamily financing activities. The prepaid fees are recognized over each project's anticipated construction period.

NOTE 11: NET POSITION

Net Invested in Capital Assets – Capital Assets include non-depreciable land as well as building, net of related debt and accumulated depreciation, furniture and equipment net of related accumulated depreciation, leasehold improvements and software net of related accumulated amortization. Net invested in capital assets at September 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$1,568,668 and \$1,660,708, respectively.

Revenue Obligations Funds - The Revenue Obligation Funds net position is restricted through debt covenants as collateral for the respective bond issues and credit lines. Combined restricted net position related to the Revenue Obligation Funds as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$30,374,648 and 32,005,579, respectively.

Risk Share Program - Under the General Fund, the initial deposit made to participate in the Risk Sharing Program and the contributions of 1% of the FHA-insured mortgage balances in the Risk Sharing Program reserve account are also restricted. The Agency maintained restricted net position related to the HUD Risk-Share Program as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 at \$2,541,288 and \$2,526,605, respectively.

McKinney Act Fund - The Agency qualified for 50% of the savings resulting from Financing Adjustment Factors (FAF) on Section (11)(b) bond refunding transactions. These funds are programmatically restricted as they are only to be used to benefit very low-income persons. As a result, the Agency established a revolving loan fund for non-profit developers to provide credit enhancement or loan guarantees, and finance certain special need projects, such as, shelter for the District's homeless and facilities for individuals who have contracted AIDS.

NOTE 11: NET POSITION (Continued)

Restricted net position related to the McKinney Act Fund as of September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$8,645,549 and \$8,576,551, respectively.

Unrestricted Net Position – As of September 30, 2014 and 2013, under the General Fund there were \$47,661,696 and \$44,217,737 in unrestricted net position. The unrestricted net position is used to support the Agency's issuer credit rating.

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLAN

The Agency established a defined contribution Retirement Plan, a Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "Retirement Plan"), effective October 1, 1982, covering all eligible Agency employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Agency does not have any current or post-retirement obligations toward the Retirement Plan.

The Agency amended the Retirement Plan effective August 10, 2002. Due to the amendment, future Agency contributions to the Retirement Plan ceased effective August 10, 2002. The amendment also provides that each participant and former participant with an account balance under the Retirement Plan as of such date shall be 100% vested in his or her account. Concurrent with the amendment, the Agency commenced participating in the Social Security and Medicare programs.

NOTE 13: OTHER INCOME

The Agency's other income for fiscal year 2014 is comprised of the following:

	2				Sin			rog	ram Fun	đs			M	ultifamily P	rogra	ım Funds			
Description	G	neral Fund	Sin	986, 1996 gle Family bole Loan Program	. :	Colaite Single Mort	ralized Family Igage e Bonds		1996 Singi Family Mortgage wenue Boo		Fam Issu	ingle ily New e Bond ogram	(C	Maltifamily onduit Bond) Program	New	ultifamily Issue Bond Program		C Building Finance orporation Fund	Total
Project revenue	\$	*	\$	* : . <u>.</u>	:	s		\$		•	\$	-	s	7,633,536	\$	598,112	\$	-	\$ 8,231,648
Financing fees Annual administrative fees	. '/	3,262,343 4,030,282		•			-			:		•				•		-	3,262,343 4,030,282
Construction and development monitoring fees	. :	1,180,186		•			-			-				-		-		-	1,180,186
Tax credit fees		265,452		-			-			•		· · -		-		•			265,452
Rental income		•		•						•		•				•		183,102	183,102
Legal fees		330,000					•			-		•		-		-		•	330,000
Mortgage servicing fees		207,526				2	•			•				• • •		-		•	207,526
MIP Risk Share Program		61,936		-			•			-		•		-		-		•	61,936
Interest reduction payment subsidy		•		-		:	-			. -				10,432		-		•	10,432
Other		1,975					<u>-</u> "	_		_:		<u> </u>		91,419			_	<u>:</u>	93,394
Total	5	9,339,700	s			s		\$	1 1	_	\$	-	\$	7,735,387	\$	598,112	S	183,102	\$ 17,856,301

The Agency's other income for fiscal year 2013 was comprised of the following:

						Singl		Progra	m Funds			M	ultifamily P	rogra	m Funds				
Description	Con	eral Fund	Sing Wi	986, 199 gle Fan noie Lo rogran	nily an	Sin N	1988 lakterafizer gle Family Mortgage enue Bonc	/ I Fam	996 Single ily Mortgage venue Bonds	Ne	e Family v Lisue Program	(Co	Iultifamily nduit Bond) Program	Ŀ	tifamily New usue Bond Program	1	C Building Finance orporation Fund		Total
		CI AL F WALL		t vg. an	<u> </u>		that Don't				1115							_	
Project revenue	\$		\$			\$		- \$		\$	-	\$	3,613,268	\$	1,830,512	\$	-	\$	5,443,780
Financing fees		2,407,120			-			-	•		-		•		-		-		2,407,120
Annual administrative fees		3,610,047			•			•			•		•		•		-		3,610,047
Permitted spread		80,730			•			•			•	٠	•		•		•		80,730
Construction and development monitoring fees		1,080,931			•								•				•		1,080,931
Tax credit fees		548,468						-											548,468
Rental income									-		-		•		•		183,747		183,747
Legal fees	1 -	390,000			-		100	•	-		€ .						-		390,000
Mortgage servicing fees		227,250			•								•				-		227,250
MIP Risk Share Program		71,296			٠.			•	•								-		71,296
Interest reduction payment subsidy	* * ; .		•		•				- N. 16. E		•	·	16,125		-		•		16,125
Other		63,549			- ,			• 2			•				<u>.</u>		500		64,049
Total	\$	8,479,392	5			5	1. 11	- 5		\$		5	3,629,393	·\$	1,830,512	\$	184,247	\$	14,123,543
							ř 	- -	ing lights Argung gr		·	. . :				-		-	

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NOTE 14: CONTINGENT LIABILITY

As of September 30, 2014, the Agency does not have any non-performing assets under its multifamily risk-sharing program. In 2007, Parkway Overlook East & West, had its Section 8 HAP subsidies abated by HUD due to successive REAC failures. The Agency took over the ownership of the Parkway Overlook Property as a mortgagee in possession in 2007. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, the Agency settled with HUD on a final claim under the Parkway Overlook project, took title to this project and sold it to the District of Columbia Housing Authority with a seller financing for an amount based on the most recent appraised value. Agency intends to file the supplemental claim to recover 90 percent of the additional cost incurred before the final claim settlement date of January 2014. The 10 percent of the supplemental claim amount is recorded as a contingent liability of \$68,665, in the Agency statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position at September 30, 2014.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, former Executive Director of the Agency ("Plaintiff") filed a civil action against the Agency asserting claims of breach of employment agreement and breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. Plaintiff seeks relief and requests \$1,000,000 in compensatory damages (in total), attorney fees and costs, and other just and proper relief as deemed by the court. The Agency is represented by the Office of Attorney General of the District of Columbia. The Agency filed its motion to dismiss both of Plaintiff's claims. As of the date of these financial statements, the Agency is currently not certain as to when the judge will rule on the motion. The final fiscal impact of the case on the Agency is not determinable at this time.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following subsequent events have occurred:

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program, New Issuances:

- On October 20, 2014, \$15,500,000 of District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 were issued in a draw down mode to finance the 2321 4th street project.
- On October 22, 2014, \$35,510,000 of District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 were issued in a draw down mode to finance the Highland Dwellings Project.
- On November 19, 2014, \$15,000,000 of District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 were issued to finance the Lincoln Westmoreland Project.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

- On November 25, 2014, \$21,570,000 of District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 were issued in a draw down mode to finance the Edgewood Terrace I Project.
- On December 10, 2014, \$11,186,000 of District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 were issued in a draw down mode to finance the 7611 and 7701 Georgia Avenue NW Project.
- Between October 1, 2014 and December 18, 2014, the following multifamily mortgage revenue bonds were issued through draws on the draw down bonds:

-	Series	Project Name	Draw Date(s)	Nev	wksue Draw Amount
20	012 Series	Fairway Park	10/3/2014 ~ 11/12/2014	\$	858,238
20	012 Series	Severna II	10/3/2014 ~ 12/16/2014		3,274,518
20	013 Series A	Sheridan Station III	11/19/2014		2,571,025
20	013 Series B	Sheridan Station III	10/15/2014 ~ 11/19/2014		1,942,272
20	013 Series	Trinity Plaza	10/15/2014 ~ 12/18/2014		2,290,640
20	013 Series	Lofts at Capitol Quarter	10/1/2014 ~ 12/4/2014		1,653,607
20	014 Series	Eastbrooke	10/1/2014 ~ 12/8/2014		471,582
20	014 Series A	7611-7701 Georgia Ave	12/10/2014		2,326,129
20	014 Series	North Capitol Common	12/5/2014		5,730
20	014 Series	2321 4th Street	10/21/2014		3,900,000
20	014 Series	Highland Dwellings	10/23/2014		50,001
20	014 Series	Edgewood Terrace	11/25/2014		2,701,643
T	otal		and the Albania	\$	22,045,385

Single Family New Issue Bond Program Redemptions and Maturities:

 On December 1, 2014, \$140,000 in District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Single Family Housing Revenue Bonds Series 2009 A-1 were redeemed through sinking fund maturity.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

• On December 1, 2014, the following 1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds were redeemed:

<u>Series</u>	Maturing P	rincipal	Principal I	Redemptions	<u>Total</u>
2005 Series A	\$	_	\$	160,000	\$ 160,000
2005 Series B		er elektrik		340,000	340,000
2006 Series A		15,000		40,000	55,000
2006 Series B			180 H	260,000	260,000
2006 Series D		5,000		25,000	30,000
2006 Series E	April 18 St. 20		Committee of the commit	975,000	975,000
2007 Series A	entraga terra disente de la compa	· . · - ·		410,000	410,000
Total	\$	20,000	\$	2,210,000	\$ 2,230,000

 On December 1, 2014, \$85,000 in District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Collateralized Single Family Housing Revenue Bonds 1988 Series E-4 were redeemed from prepayments.

Multifamily New Issue Bond Program Redemptions and Maturities:

- On December 1, 2014, \$18,330,000 in District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Housing Revenue Bonds GNMA Collateralized Series 2009 A-13 (Paul Laurence Dunbar Apartments Project) were fully redeemed due to loan payoff.
- Between October 1, 2014 and December 18, 2014, the following Multifamily
 NIBP mortgage revenue bonds were redeemed:

<u>Series</u>	Project Name	Redemption / Maturity Date	Princi	pal Redeemed
Series 2009 A-1	Village at Chesapeake	10/1/2014	\$	70,000
Series 2009 A-2	Fort Stevens	10/1/2014	÷ *	40,000
Series 2009 A-3	Webster Gardens	10/1/2014		20,000
Series 2009 A-6	Foundry Lofts	12/1/2014		1,470,000
Series 2011 A	Capital Hill Tower	12/1/2014		255,000
Series 2011 A	Samuel Kelsey Apts	12/1/2014		270,000
Total	entra en especie		\$	2,125,000

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program, Redemptions and Maturities:

- On December 1, 2014, \$6,170,000 in District of Columbia Housing Finance Agency Housing Revenue Bonds 2013 B Series (Senior Housing at O Project) were fully redeemed due to the loan payoff.
- Between October 1, 2014 and December 18, 2014, the following multifamily mortgage revenue bonds were redeemed or matured:

Series	Project Name	Redemption / Maturity Date	Principal Redeemed
1999 Series	Garfield Park Apts	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	\$ 19,881
1999 Series	Ft. Chaplin	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	113,998
2000 Series	Widrich Court Apt	10/1/2014	40,531
2001 Series	Clifton Terrace	12/1/2014	62,414
2002 Series A	DCCH Pool: Euclid Street	12/1/2014	10,000
2002 Series C	DCCH Pool: Chapin Street	12/1/2014	5,000
2004 Series A	1330 7th Street (RS)	12/1/2014	130,000
2004 Series A	Congress Park II	10/15/2014-12/15/2014	15,637
2004 Series B&C	JW King Seniors Center (RS)	12/1/2014	30,000
2004 Series D	Henson Ridge Phase II (RS)	12/1/2014	35,000
2004 Series E	Henson Ridge Phase II (RS)	12/1/2014	75,000
2005 Series A	Faircliff Plaza - West	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	24,369
2005 Series B	Faircliff Plaza - West	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	7,074
2005 Series	Shipley Park Apts	12/1/2014	105,000
2006 Series	Hunter Pines	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	22,791
2006 Series	GW Carver Senior Apts	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	15,133
2006 Series	Galen Terrace	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	9,926
2006 Series A	Southview I & II	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	23,390
2006 Series	Golden Rule Apts	11/1/2014	120,000
2006 Series	Azeeze Bates Apts	11/1/2014	70,000
2007 Series	Cavalier Apts	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	34,543
2007 Series	Residences at Georgia Avenue Apts	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	15,828
2007 Series	R Street Apts	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	13,186
2007 Series A	Parkside Terrace Apts (DD)	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	67,714
2008 Series A	Henson Ridge UFAS Rentals	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	21,495
2008 Series	Longfellow Arms	12/1/2014	5,000
2008 Series A	Wheeler Terrace (DD)	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	18,296
2008 Series A	St. Martin's Apts (DD)	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	34,210
2008 Series	Pemtacle	11/1/2014	165,000
2010 Series A	Sheridan Station	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	11,535
2011 Series A-1	Victory Square (DD)	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	3,745
2011 Series A	The Heights	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	12,906
2012 Series A	Whitelaw Apartments (DD)	12/1/2014	2,622
2012 Series B	Whitelaw Apartments (DD)	10/1/2014-11/1/2014	2,110,000
2012 Series	Bass Circle	10/1/2014-12/1/2014	14,209
2013 Series	Tyler House	12/15/2014	215,000
2014 Series A	Pass-Through Refunding	10/15/2014-12/15/2014	164,914
Total			\$ 3,845,347

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2013)

ASSETS	General	Single Family Program Fund	Single Family NIBP Fund	Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program Fund	Multifamily NIBP Fund	DC Building Finance Corporation	2014	2013
CURRENTASSEIS			*	*				
Unrestricted current assets:	CE 8 CLY CE - 3						CEB CLY CE 3	30 858 055
Mort case and construction loans receivable	135.	•	·•	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	•	•	135,360	
Other receivables	3,014,048	•	•	•	•	•	3,014,048	11,526,498
Accrued interest receivable	16,827	•		:	٠	•	16,827	20,587
Prepaid expenses	152,874						152,874	126,800
Total unrestricted current assets	35,991,941		1	•	•		35,991,941	41,678,753
Restricted current assets:	2200077	2 2 2 2 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 616 021	136 000 151	276 670 01	100 601	701 222 00	010 603 101
Cash and cash equivalents Mort man, backed committee at fair value	14,990,357	8,249,365	1,516,834	480 000	700 000	188,522	92,737,196	8 021 310
Most man and construction have receivable		***************************************	000000	18 777 780	3 595 000		22 372 780	31 101 706
Accred interest receivable	15.618	395,387	24.624	2,278,906	1.110.263	:	3.824.798	4.540.313
Other receivables			4,656	•		61,592	66,248	60,755
Total restricted current assets	15,036,335	11,733,103	3,442,204	74,365,437	24,868,629	250,114	129,695,823	137,598,193
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	51,028,276	11,733,103	3,442,204	74,365,437	24,868,629	250,114	165,687,764	179,276,946
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Unrestricted non-current assets:							1	;
Investments	3,216,887	•	•	•		•	3,216,887	3,361,379
Mortgage and construction loans receivable	5,073,864	(330 493 67	••••				5,073,864	249,921
Total unrestricted non-current accerts	10 074 817	(2 684 066)				· [·	8 290 751	3 611 300
Destricted non-correct sesses.	126-176	(2001-001-)						225,255
Investments held in trust		11,883,458	•	12,832,842	•	•	24,716,301	35,721,340
Mortgage-backed securities at fair value	1,755,227	29,476,364	6,616,257	37,327,827	19,905,333	•	95,081,007	119,606,044
Mortgage and construction loans receivable	•	380,000	110,000	489,942,138	186,455,714	•	676,887,853	652,774,882
Loans receivable	•			2,309,116	•	•	2,309,116	2,464,857
McKinney Act loans receivable, net	1,455,883	•	. •	•	•		1,455,883	1,332,193
Other receivables		•	-		.•		•	
Total restricted non-current assets	3,211,110	41,739,822	6,726,257	542,411,924	206,361,047	•	800,450,160	811,899,316
Capital assets:						000 612	6 6 6	000 000
Land		•	•	•	•	000,575	273,000	3/3,000
roperty and equipment	1,1,0,111	• • •	•		•	007,007,1	1 745 785	1 745 285
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2.994.293)	•		•	•	(1.076,773)	(4,071,066)	(3,823,562)
Total capital assets, net	927,203					1,291,465	2,218,668	2,450,708
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	15,113,131	39,055,756	6,726,257	542,411,924	206,361,047	1,291,465	810,959,579	817,961,324
TO TAL ASSETS	66,141,407	50,788,859	10,168,461	616,777,361	231,229,676	1,541,579	976,647,343	997,238,270
DEFERRED OUTSLOW OF RESOURCES								
Unamortized deferral on bond refundings				238,080		•		•
Total deferred outflow of resources	s	\$		\$ 238,080		8	\$ 238,080	٠

(Continued)

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2013)

				Multifamily		DC Bullding		
	General	Single Family	Single Family	(Conduit Bond)	Multifamily	Mnance	7117	2012
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	Pand	Program Fund	NIBY FUNG	rrogram runu	MIDL FILLE	Corporation	1107	2104
				-				
CURRENTLIABILITIES	-							
Current liabilities payable from unrestristed assets:			•	•			451 000	475 474
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 451,990	•		•	•		100,100	000 878
Accrued salary and vacation payable	285,024	•	•		•	•	500,007	699'/07
Prepaid fees	996,426	•	•				996,426	1,182,997
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets	1,733,440	•	٠	•	•		1,733,440	4,107,260
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	•	48,727	•	1	•	•	48,727	64,982
Project funds held for borrower and other liabilities	4,632,230	1,327,205		42,295,159	13,066,053	188,360	61,509,007	53,678,950
Interest navable	•	510,889	76,692	3,628,544	2,555,281	11,592	6,782,997	8,803,336
Current nortion of bonds payable	•	665,000	280,000	19,257,780	3,795,000	•	23,997,780	24,878,796
Ourent portion of certificates of participation		•	•	•		150,000	150,000	140,000
Total current lisbilities navable from restricted assets	4.632.230	2,551,821	356,692	65,181,483	19,416,334	349,952	92,488,511	87,566,064
Total current liabilities	٦	2,551,821	356,692	65,181,483	19,416,334	349,952	94,221,951	91,673,324
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Non-current liabilities payable from restristed assets:								200 200
Bonds payable—less current portion	•	30,736,477	8,960,000	543,255,146	208,420,000		191,371,623	907,126,018
Certificates of participation—less current portion	•		•	•	•	200,000	200,000	000,000
Total non-current liabilities payable from restricted a		30,736,477	8,960,000	543,255,146	208,420,000	200,000	791,871,623	816,577,766
TO TAL LIABILITIES	6,365,670	33,288,298	9,316,692	608,436,628	227,836,334	849,952	886,093,574	908,251,090
NOTE 3 COLLEGE								
Net invested in capital assets	927.203	•	•			641,465	1,568,668	1,660,708
Restricted for:			Company of the Compan					
Bond fund, collateral and Risk Share Program	2,541,287	17,500,561	851,769	8,578,813	3,393,343	50,162	32,915,936	34,532,184
McKinney Act Fund	8,645,549		•		•	•	8,645,549	8,576,551
Total restricted net position	11,186,837	17,500,561	851,769	8,578,813	3,393,343	50,162	41,561,485	43,108,735
Unrestricted net position	47.661.696	•	•	, •		•	47,661,696	44,217,737
TO TAL NETPOSITION	59,775,737	17,500,561	851,769	8,578,813	3,393,343	691,627	96,791,849	88,987,180
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 66.141.407	\$ 50,788,859	\$ 10,168,461	\$ 617,015,441	\$ 231,229,676	\$ 1,541,579	\$ 976,885,423	\$ 997,238,270
		ı	•					

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2013)

				Multifamily		DC Building		
	General	Single Family Program Fund	Single Family NIBP Fund	(Conduit Bond) Program Fund	Multifamily NIBP Fund	Finance Corporation	2014	2013
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 724.733	205 914	141	\$ 220.973	\$ 5.962	•	1.247.223	\$ 1.966.344
Mortone-backed security interest income	4331	2.192,509	307,455	2,208,186	768,577	•	5,481,058	6,890,283
Interest on mort gage and construction loans	27,653		•	23,737,758	7,575,054	•	31,340,466	41,856,888
McKinney Act interest revenue	66,101	•	•	•	•		101'99	121,892
Application and commitment fees	283,132	•	. 1	. •	•	•	283,132	300,813
Service project receipts		1	•		•	1 60	1 00 00	4,580,901
Other	9,339,701	7 089 473	207 505	13 900 303	8 947 706	183,102	17,836,302	14,123,543
Total operating revenues	7,945,152	7,986,423	30,700	33,502,303	0,747,100	701,001	2074/700	02,040,004
OPERATING EXPENSES								
General and administrative	2,259,882	45,758	27,313	6,517,881	897,268		9,748,101	7,012,927
Personnel and related costs	4,450,169	•	•		•	•	4,450,169	4,278,160
Interest expense	9,125	1,800,250	252,652	25,263,414	7,980,613	39,768	35,345,822	47,752,731
Depreciation and amortization	181,014		•	•	•	66,490	247,504	245,364
Service project payments	•	•	•	•		•	•	4,581,667
Trustee fees and other expenses	75,946	21,608	2,750	4,026,098	89,153	2,250	4,217,805	2,066,093
Total operating expenses	6,976,136	1,867,615	282,715	35,807,393	8,967,034	108,509	54,009,401	65,936,942
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,969,016	1,120,808	24,881	(1,905,090)	(19,328)	74,593	2,264,881	3,903,722
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/EXPENS ES				.*				. !
Increase / (Decrease) in fair value of mortgage-backed securities	104,715	(526,085)	37,074	(181,257)	105,342		(460,212)	(8,125,357)
Transfers of funds, net	288,360	30,000	(30,000)	(290,610)	•	2,250	•	٠
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,362,091	624,723	31,955	(2,376,956)	86,013	76,843	1,804,669	(4,221,635)
Net position, beginning of year, as previously stated	56,413,646	16,875,839	819,814	10,955,769	3,307,329	614,784	88,987,180	93,208,815
Net position, end of year	\$ 59,775,737	\$ 17,500,561	\$ 851,769	\$ 8,578,813	\$ 3,393,343	\$ 691,627	\$ 90,791,850	\$ 88,987,180

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2013)

		,		Single	Multifamily	:	DC Building		
		General Fund	Single Family Program Fund	Family NIBP Fund	(Conduit Bond) Program Fund	Multifamily NIBP Fund	Corporation	2014	2013
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:									
Interest received on loans	S	65,137		•	\$ 24,152,586	\$ 7,662,627	•	\$ 31,880,350	\$ 42,380,964
Other cash receipts		17,921,299	•		40,440,718	4,929,748	183,102	63,474,867	110,444,368
Payments to vendors		(1,624,115)	(67,366)		(6,952,354)	(964,737)	•	(9,608,572)	(7,381,588)
Payments to employees		(4,431,360)		•	•	.• 		(4,431,360)	(4,242,460)
Net mortgage and construction loans principal (disbursements) / receipts		(6,704,490)	10,000		(34,568,241)	11,622,028	•	(29,640,703)	(5,519,343)
Receipts of service project income			•	•	•	•	•	•	4,580,901
Payments of service project expenses		٠				•		•	(4,581,667)
Principal and interest received on mortgage-backed securities		53,643,384	13,815,144	1,603,753	12,574,081	958,919	•:	82,595,281	65,129,701
Payment for the purchase of mortgage-backed securities		(53,480,818)		(301,637)	•		•	(53,782,455)	(996'929)
Other cash payments		(3,293,232)	(1,446,080)	(34,719)	(27,437,471)	(3,915,796)	(3,087)	(36,130,385)	(142,238,993)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	2,095,805	12,311,698	1,267,397	8,209,319	20,292,789	180,015	44,357,023	57,944,917
Cash Bows from Canital and Related Busneing Activities		:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(15,464)						(15,464)	(58,730)
Payments of bonds and long-term debt		•	•	· •		•	(140,000)	(140,000)	(135,000)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(15,464)	•	,	•		(140,000)	(155,464)	(193,730)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities									
Interest paid on bonds and loans		(9,125)	(2,164,829)	(270,165)	(27,144,873)	(8,022,353)	(42,265)	(37,653,610)	(48,891,060)
Transfer (to) from other funds		288,360	30,000	(30,000)	(290,610)	•	2,250		•
Proceeds from bond issuances and loans				•	130,662,473	1,675,000	•	132,337,473	118,218,431
Principal payments on issued debt and loans		•	(15,745,000)	(2,110,000)	(123,753,646)	(15,870,768)	•	(157,479,414)	(148,971,779)
Net cash provided by / (used in) non-capital financing activities		279,235	(17,879,829)	(2,410,165)	(20,526,656)	(22,218,120)	(40,015)	(62,795,551)	(79,644,408)
Cach Blows From Investing Activities									
Interest received on investments	. :	318,452	807,440	146	309,361	6,020		1,441,419	2,350,205
Sale of investments		476,890	7,608,241	•	18,890,031	•	•	26,975,162	53,409,357
Purchase of investments		(348,513)	(4,853,261)	•	(10,650,861)	•	•	(15,852,635)	(34,228,969)
Net cash provided by investing activities		446,830	3,562,420	146	8,548,531	6,020	•	12,563,946	21,530,593
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,806,406	(2,005,711)	(1,142,623)	(3,768,805)	(1,919,312)	•	(6,030,046)	(362,628)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		44,856,784	5,255,076	2,659,457	56,597,556	21,882,678	188,522	131,440,074	131,802,702
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	S	47,663,189	\$ 3,249,365	\$ 1,516,834	\$ 52,828,751	\$ 19,963,367	\$ 188,522	\$ 125,410,028	\$ 131,440,074

(Continued)

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

69

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – (CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2013)

		General	Single	Single Family	Single Family		Multi-Family (Conduit Bond)	Mul	Multifamily	DC Building Finance	, ,	ę	;
	-			rogram runa	NIBF Fund	티	rogram rund		NIDL FUND	Corporation	107	3	2107
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	- -										:		
by Operating Activities		1											
Operating income (loss)	∽	2,969,016	٠,	1,120,808	ń	24,881	(1,905,090)	S	(19,328)	\$ 74,593	\$ 2,264,881	er S	3,903,722
Depreciation and amortization		181,014		•		•	•		•	66,490	247,504		245,364
Amortization of prepaid items, premiums and discounts on debt	debt	(1,110,547)		(103,280)			(184,168)	_	•		(1,397,996)	ť	(1,462,770)
Interest on bonds/loans		9,125		2,164,829	27(270,165	27,144,873		8,022,353	42,265	37,653,610	48,	48,891,060
Amortization of premium on investments		39,958		•					•		39,958		31,929
Provision for uncollectible other revenue		19,445		•					•		19,445		14,124
Provision for uncollectible interest revenue		62,890		•		•	•		•	•	62,890		(599,664)
Contingent loss expense		1,863,122		•			•		•	•	1,863,122		613,060
Decrease (increase) in mortgage and construction loans		(4,812,490)		10,000			(34,568,241	_	11,622,028	•	(27,748,703)	S,	(5,212,339)
Decrease in mort gage-backed securities		51,799,946	_	11,570,425	1,29	1,292,173	10,321,564		189,682	•	75,173,789	57,	57,954,578
Purchases of mortgage-backed securities		(53,480,818)		•	(30	(301,637)	•		•	•	(53,782,455)	•	(996'979)
Decrease in fair value of investments		16,114		•			10,889		•	•	27,003		6,189
Interest received on investments		(318,452)		(807,440)		(146)	(309,361)	_	(6,020)	•	(1,441,419)	(2,	(2,350,205)
Decrease (increase) in assets:													
Accrued interest receivable		10,208		686,67		4,130	536,659		88,291	•	719,276		1,082,183
Other current assets		(26,075)		•		•	•		•	•	(26,075)		86,247
Other receivables		7,533,290			٠	(4,656)	(245,850)	_	•	(837)	7,281,947	_	(625,382)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:													
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities	: :	(2,206,646)		(16,255)	• •	•	. •			•	(2,222,901)		(41,360)
Prepaid items		(186,571)		•			•		•	•	(186,571)		1,118,955
Project funds held for borrower and other liabilities		(266,723)		(1,446,080)		•	9,105,336		437,524	•	7,830,057	<u>ą</u> ,	(44,546,589)
Accrued interest payable		•		(261,299)	Ċ	(17,513)	(1,697,291)	_	(41,739)	(2,497)	(2,020,339)	9	(837,219)
Net cash provided by operating activities	∽	2,095,805	S .	12,311,698	\$ 1,26	\$ 765,397 \$	8,209,319	s	20,292,789	\$ 180,015	\$ 44,357,023	\$ 57,	57,944,916
						ľ			ľ				Ī

DC Building Finance Corporation as of September 30, 2014

DC Dunuing Lineaux Corporation as of Department 304 2017	66 1200000000000000000000000000000000000					M	Maturities (in years)		
Asset	Cost		Fair Value	2	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 5 Up To 10 From 10 Up To 15 and More	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents									
Money Market Funds	\$ 188,522	<	188,522	₩.	188,522		· ∽	• •	•
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	188,522		188,522		188,522				
DC Building Finance Corporation Total Cash	\$ 188,522	۰	188,522	S	188,522	s	S		S

DC Building Finance Corporation as of September 30, 2013

Maturities (in years)

Asset		Cost	Fair Value	 	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents									
Money Market Funds	⇔	188,522 \$	\$ 188,522	522 \$	188,522	€ \$		•	•
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1	188,522	188,5	222	188,522			ı	đ
								ć.	
DC Building Finance Corporation	\$	188,522	\$ 188,522	522 S	188,522			.	•
I otal Cash			4						

1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2014

	-						Mat	Maturities (in years)	ı years)			
Asset	Cost	Fair	Fair Value	Ţ	Less than 1	From 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 1	10 Up To 15	From 10 Up To 15 15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents												
Money Market Funds	\$ 1,555,606	⇔	1,555,606	69	1,555,606	~	•	€9	•	∽	•	رم د
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,555,606		1,555,606		1,555,606							
Investments					*							
Investment Agreements	10,000,000		10,000,000		•		ı		•		10,000,000	•
Total Investments	10,000,000		10,000,000		•		•		•		10,000,000	•
Mortgage-Backed Securities					19.1							
Girnie Mae	1,216,038		1,281,364		•		441,758		839,606		1	•
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,216,038		1,281,364				441,758		839,606			
1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- Backed Securities	\$ 12,771,644	•	12,836,970	•	1,555,606	s	441,758	6	839,606	6	10,000,000	٠ به

1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2013

Asset Cost Fair Value Less than Jash Equivalents \$ 944,326 \$ 944,326 \$ farket Funds \$ 944,326 \$ 944,326 \$ t and Cash Equivalents \$ 944,326 \$ 944,326 \$ in and Cash Equivalents \$ 10,000,000 \$ 10,000,000 \$ \$ int Agreements \$ 10,000,000 \$ 10,000,000 \$ \$ stments \$ 10,000,000 \$ 10,000,000 \$ \$ face de Securities \$ 1,552,309 \$ 1,677,879 \$ regage-Backed Securities \$ 1,552,309 \$ 1,677,879 \$ retralized Single Family \$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,622,205 \$ Revenue Bonds Total Cash, stand Mortgage-Backed \$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,622,205 \$				W	Maturities (in years)		
\$ 944,326 \$ 944,326 \$ 944,326 944,326 \$ 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 1,552,309 1,677,879 1,552,309 1,677,879 \$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,622,205		fair Value	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
\$ 944,326 \$ 944,326 \$ 944,326 944,326 \$ 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 1,552,309 1,677,879 1,552,309 1,677,879 \$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,622,205		•					
944,326 944,326 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 1,552,309 1,677,879 1,552,309 1,677,879 \$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,622,205	\$ 944,326 \$	944,326	\$ 944,326	•	•	• •	٠.
10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,00	944,326	944,326	944,326		•	ľ	
10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,00							
10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 1,552,309 1,677,879 1,572,309 1,677,879 1,5496,635 \$ 12,496,635 \$	10,000,000	10,000,000				10,000,000	
1,552,309 1,677,879 1,552,309 1,677,879 \$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,622,205 \$	10,000,000	10,000,000	•		•	10,000,000	
1,552,309 1,677,879 1,577,879 1,577,879 8 12,496,635 \$ 12,496,635 \$ \$ 12,622,205 \$							
1,552,309 1,677,879 8 12,496,635 \$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,496,635	1,552,309	1,677,879	•	4 ·	1,677,879	•	. •
\$ 12,496,635 \$ 12,622,205 \$	1,552,309	1,677,879			1,677,879		
Vecurities	%	12,622,205	\$ 944,326	•	\$ 1,677,879	\$ 10,000,000	· ·

					111	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cost	æ	Fair Value	13	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More	
tr tr tr tr tr tr				•	1				
\$ 1,693,759	\$	1,693,759	∽	1,693,759	·	۱ <u>.</u>	·	· •	
1,693,759		1,693,759		1,693,759					
					•			\$	
1,883,458	:	1,883,458				•	• •	1,883,458	
1,883,458		1,883,458		•				1,883,458	
9,862,011		10,905,140		•	9,466	1,870,749	2,791,220	6,233,705	
8,029,506	-	8,736,887			•	•	246,867		
14,845,350		16,641,324		•	•.			16,641,324	
32,736,868		36,283,351		8	9,466	1,870,749	3,038,087	31,365,049	
\$ 36,314,085	6	39,860,568	•	1,693,759	\$ 9,466	\$ 1,870,749	\$ 3,038,087	\$ 33,248,507	
	\$ 1,693,759 1,693,759 1,883,458 1,883,458 1,883,458 1,883,458 3,029,506 14,845,350 32,736,868	\$ 1,693,759 \$ 1,693,759 1,883,458 1,883,458 9,862,011 8,029,506 14,845,350 32,736,868 \$ 36,314,085 \$		9	\$ 1,693,759 \$ 1,693,759 1,883,458 1,883,458 1,883,458 10,905,140 8,736,887 16,641,324 36,283,351 \$ 39,860,568 \$	\$ 1,693,759 \$ 1,693,759 \$ 1,883,458	\$ 1,693,759 \$	\$ 1,693,759 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,693,759 1,693,759 -	\$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.

1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2013

	-					W	Maturities (in years)		
Asset	Cost		Fair Value	Less than 1	_	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents									
Money Market Funds	\$ 4,310,750	%	4,310,750	\$	4,310,750	•	•	· 1	•
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,310,750		4,310,750	4	4,310,750	•			
Investments							-		
Investment Agreements	4,638,439	_	4,638,439		•.				4,638,439
Total Investments	4,638,439		4,638,439			•	•		4,638,439
Mortgage-Backed Securities			in the second se		7				
Ginnie Mae	12,500,460	_	13,718,707		•	•	1,121,085	4,418,292	
Fannie Mae	10,378,069	_	11,106,097		•			329,485	10,776,612
Freddie Mac	21,092,494		23,158,543		•	1		•	23,158,543
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	43,971,022	1-1	47,983,347			•	1,121,085	4,747,777	42,114,485
1990 Single ramily Mortgage revenue Bonds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 52,920,211	%	56,932,536	& 4	4,310,750	•	\$ 1,121,085	\$ 4,747,777	\$ 46,752,923

Asset Cost Fair Value Less than 1 From 1 Up To 5 From 5 Up To 16 From 10 Up To 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Single Family NIB Program as of September 30, 2014	eptember 30, 2014				Maturities (in years)	ars)		
\$ 1,516,834 \$ 1,516,834 \$ 1,516,834 \$ 1,516,834 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Asset	Cost	Fair Value	Less than 1	From 1 Up 7		To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
1,516,834 1,516,834 - </td <td>Cash and Cash Equivalents Money Market Funds</td> <td>\$ 1,516,834</td> <td>\$ 1,516,834</td> <td>\$ 1,516,8</td> <td>334 S</td> <td>· •</td> <td>•</td> <td> [!]</td> <td>· **</td>	Cash and Cash Equivalents Money Market Funds	\$ 1,516,834	\$ 1,516,834	\$ 1,516,8	334 S	· •	•	[!]	· **
7,971,654 8,264,272	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,516,834	1,516,834	1,516,8	334				
8,205,110 8,512,347 	Mortgage-Backed Securities Girnie Mae Farnie Mae	7,971,654	8,264,272 248,075			:	1 - 1	1 . 1	8,264,272 248,075
\$ 9,721,944 \$ 10,029,181 \$ 1,516,834 \$ - \$ - \$	Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	8,205,110	8,512,347						8,512,347
	Single Family NIB Program Total Cash and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 9,721,944	\$ 10,029,181	\$ 1,516,8	34 S	<i>S</i>	•	У	\$ 8,512,347

Single Family NIB Program, as of September 30, 2013

Unge rannit intringani asorotpenior of soro							Ma	Maturities (in years)				
Asset		Cost		Fair Value		Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15		15 and More	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Money Market Funds	~	2,659,457	S	2,659,457	s	2,659,457	,	•	•	S		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,659,457		2,659,457		2,659,457						
Mortgage-Backed Securities												
Ginnie Mae		9,195,645		9,465,809							9,465,809	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities		9,195,645		9,465,809							9,465,809	5
Single Family NIB Program Total Cash and Mortgage-Backed Securities	· •	11,855,102	<u>.</u>	12,125,265	•	2,659,457		•		9	9,465,809	

Multifamily NIB Program as of September 30, 2014	mber 30, 2014					Σ	Maturities (in vears)			
Asset	Cost		Fair Value		Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 1	0 Up To 15	From 10 Up To 15 15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents										
Demand Money Market Deposits	\$ 19,963,367	\$	19,963,367	•	19,963,367	· •	€9	69		ı ∽
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	19,963,367		19,963,367		19,963,367				•	
Mortgage-Backed Securies										
Girnie Mae	18,299,368		20,105,333	že i	•	•	•		•	20,105,333
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	18,299,368		20,105,333		•					20,105,333
Multifamily NIB Program Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- backed Securities	\$ 38,262,735		40,068,699	, s	19,963,367	· ·	, ,	٠,	•	\$ 20,105,333

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report. (Continued)

Multifamily NIB Program as of September 30, 2013

Cost Rair Value Less than 1 From 1 Up To 5 From 5 Up To 10 From 10 Up To 15 15 and More Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 21,882,673 \$ 21,882,673 \$ 21,882,673 \$ 21,882,673 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Mumamily Ivid Frogram as of September 30, 2013	CIA7 '0C 130					Wa	Maturities (in years)			
\$ 21,882,673 \$ 21,882,673 \$ 21,882,673 \$ 5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Asset	Cost	Fa	ir Value		Less than 1		From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 1		More
\$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ \$ \$ \frac{1}{1}82,673 \$ \$ \frac{1}{1}82,673 \$ \frac{1}82,673 \$ \frac{1}82,673 \$ \frac{1}82,673	Cash and Cash Equivalents										
21,882,673 21,882,673	Demand Money Market Deposits	\$ 21,882,673	s S	21,882,673	Ś	21,882,673	٠ •		63	∽ .	•
18,489,050 20,189,672 - - - Unities 18,489,050 20,189,672 - - - Potal Cash, backed \$ 40,371,723 \$ 42,072,346 \$ 21,882,673 \$ -	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	21,882,673		21,882,673		21,882,673					
lage-Backed Securities 18,489,050 20,189,672 -	Mortgage-Backed Securities								٠		
tgage-Backed Securities 18,489,050 20,189,672	Ginnie Mae	18,489,050		20,189,672		•				- 20	,189,672
ly NIB Program Total Cash, ts and Mortgage-backed \$ 42,072,346 \$ 21,882,673 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	18,489,050		20,189,672						50	,189,672
	Multifamily NIB Program Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-backed Securities	\$ 40,371,723	»	42,072,346	ø	21,882,673	· ·	9	S	° S	,189,672

SCHEDULE OF CASH/CASH EQUIVALENTS, MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS BY FUND (CONTINUED) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY **SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 AND 2013**

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program as of September 30, 2014

Muniamny (Conduit Done) Frogram as of Schemet 30, 2017	S OI DEPREHENT SO			Ms	Maturities (in years)		***************************************
Asset with Asset with the same of the same	Cost	Fair Value	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents						ł	
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 242.788	\$ 242,788	\$ 242,788	•		· ·	·
Derrand Money Market Deposits	34,326,567	34,326,567	34,326,567	•	•	•	•
Money Market Funds	18,259,396	18,259,396	18,259,396		•	•	•
Conmercial Papers	1	•	•	•		•	•
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	52,828,751	52,828,751	52,828,751		•	•	
Investments							
Commercial Papers	•		• .		•	•	•
US Treasury Obligations	9,810,143	9,805,291	9,805,291	•			
Investment Agreements	3,027,552	3,027,552		866,088	•	•	2,161,464
Total Investments	12,837,695	12,832,843	9,805,291	866,088	9		2,161,464
Mortgage-Backed Securities							
Gimie Mae	34,881,163	37,807,827					37,807,827
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	34,881,163	37,807,827	4	•	•		37,807,827
Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program							
Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$100,547,609	\$ 103,469,420	\$ 62,634,042	\$ 866,088		·	\$ 39,969,291

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program as of September 30, 2013

Manualli I Concutt Dong Ligian as of September Sof 2015	or september 28,440	21		Ma	Maturities (in years)		
Asset	Cost	Fair Value	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents							
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 16,335,084	\$ 16,335,084	\$ 16,335,084	·	· •	•	
Demand Money Market Deposits	17,150,710	17,150,710	17,150,710	•	•	•	•
Money Market Funds	22,824,154	22,824,154	22,824,154	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•	•	•
Commercial Papers	287,577	287,577	187,577				
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	56,597,524	56,597,524	56,597,524		•		
Investments							
Commercial Papers	7,087,580	7,094,716	7,094,716	• A	•	•	
US Treasury Obligations	5,907,766	5,906,667	2,703,051	3,203,616		•	•
Investment Agreements	8,081,517	8,081,517	•	1,057,755	•		7,023,762
Total Investments	21,076,864	21,082,900	9,797,767	4,261,371	•		7,023,762
Mortgage-Backed Securities							
Ginnie Mae	45,202,727	48,310,648	* 1 to 1 t	•	•	•	48,310,648
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	45,202,727	48,310,648	•	i			48,310,648
Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program Total Cash, Investments and	\$ 122,877,115	\$ 125,991,072	\$ 66,395,291	\$ 4,261,371		•	\$ 55,334,410
Mortgage-Backed Securities							

Combined Revenue Obligation Funds and General Fund as of September 30, 2014

				Ma	Maturities (in years)		
Asset	Cost	Fair Value	Less than 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents							
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 5,896,412	\$ 5,896,412	\$ 5,896,412	· ·	· •	•	• •
Demand Money Market Deposits	96,299,499	96,299,499	96,299,499	•	•	•	•
Money Market Funds	23,214,118	23,214,118	23,214,118	•	٠		•
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	125,410,028	125,410,028	125,410,028	6	•		
The second secon							
IIIVESIIIEIIS							
Certificates of Deposits	200,000	199,925	199,925		•	•	İ
U.S. Treasury Obligations	10,311,517	10,307,133	10,155,387	151,746	•	•	•
U.S. Agency Obligations	125,000	124,628	•	124,628	•	•	•
Investment Agreements	14,911,010	14,911,010	•	866,088	•	10,000,000	4,044,922
Corporate Obligations	1,245,962	1,248,327	527,311	721,016	•	•	•
GSE Obligations	1,141,049	1,142,166	560,040	582,126	•	•	•
Total Investments	27,934,539	27,933,189	11,442,663	2,445,604	1	10,000,000	4,044,922
Mortgage-Backed Securities							
Girnie Mae	72,666,995	78,827,504		451,224	2,710,355	2,791,220	72,874,705
Farmie Mae	9,507,074	10,306,981	•	•	•	246,867	10,060,113
Freddie Mac	14,845,350	16,641,324		•	•	Ī	16,641,324
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	97,019,419	105,775,808	•	451,224	2,710,355	3,038,087	99,576,142
Combined General Fund and Revenue Obligation Funds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-	\$250,363,987	\$ 259,119,025	\$ 136,852,691	\$ 2,896,828	\$ 2,710,355	\$ 13,038,087	\$103,621,064

Combined Revenue Obligation Funds and General Fund as of September 30, 2013

Combined Revenue Unigation Funds and General Fund as of Septem	id General Fund as	l ochtem	207 700 130				Mat	Maturities (in years)			
Asset	Cost		air Value		Less than 1	From 1	From 1 Up To 5	From 5 Up To 10	From 10 Up To 15	-	15 and More
Cash and Cash Equivalents											
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 53,692,942	S	53,692,942	⇔	53,692,942	S		· ·	• •	~	•
Demand Money Market Deposits	46,354,488		46,354,488		46,354,488						•
Money Market Funds	31,186,249		31,186,249		31,186,249		٠	•	•		
Commercial Papers	287,577		287,577		287,577		•	• .	•		• !
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	131,521,257		131,521,257		131,521,257						•
Investments											
THE CONTRACTOR	•										
Commercial Papers	7,087,580		7,094,716		7,094,716			•	•		•
U.S. Treasury Obligations	6,900,870		6,902,071		3,094,212		3,807,860	•	•		•
U.S. Agency Obligations	150,000		150,006		•		150,006	•			•
Investment Agreements	22,719,956		22,719,956		•		1,057,755	•	10,000,000		11,662,201
Corporate Obligations	1,119,218		1,136,246		221,612		914,634	•	•		•
GSE Obligations	1,079,442		1,079,723		50,237		1,029,486				•
Total Investments	39,057,067		39,082,718		10,460,777		6,959,741		10,000,000		11,662,201
			-		٠,						
Mortgage-Backed Securities					1 .						
Ginnie Mae	86,940,191		93,362,715		•		;	2,798,964	4,418,292		86,145,459
Fannie Mae	10,378,069		11,106,097		•		•.	•	329,485		10,776,612
Freddie Mac	21,092,494		23,158,543		•		•				23,158,543
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	118,410,754		127,627,354		•		·	2,798,964	4,747,777		120,080,613
		j									
Combined General Fund and Revenue											
Ongain trains 1 of a Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 288,989,077	ss ·	298,231,329	%	141,982,033	S	6,959,741	2,798,964	5 14,747,777	ا م	131,742,815
							- 1			<u> </u>	

DC Building Finance Corporation as of September 30, 2014

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents Money Market Funds	\$ 188,522	100.0%	Aaa-mf	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	188,522	100.0%			
DC Building Finance Corporation Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 188,522	100.0%			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
DC Building Finance Corporation as of September 30, 2013	otember 30, 2013				
Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating/ Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents		•	•		
Money Market Funds Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 188,522	100.0%	AAAm	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
DC Building Finance Corporation Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 188,522	100.0%			

1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2014

Control of the Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Money Market Funds	\$ 1,555,606	12.1%	Aaa-mf	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,555,606	12.1%			
Investments					
Investment Agreements	10,000,000	77.9%	Not Rated		
Total Investments	10,000,000	77.9%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Ginnie Mae	1,281,364	10.0%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,281,364	10.0%			
1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed	\$ 12,836,970	100.0%			
Securities					

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report. (Continued)

1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2013

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			
Money Market Funds	\$ 944,326	7.5%	AAAm	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	944,326	7.5%			
Investments					
Investment Agreements	10,000,000	79.2%	AA+	S&P	
Total Investments	10,000,000	79.2%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Ginnie Mae	1,677,879	13.3%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	1,677,879	13.3%			
1988 Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 12,622,205	100.0%			

1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2014

•			Percentage of Total			Underlying Securities Credit Rating/
Asset	rair vaine	ايو	Investments	Crean Kaung	Kaung Agency	Supporting Constensi
Cash and Cash Equivalents					•	
Money Market Funds	\$ 1,693,759	1,759	4.2%	Aaa-mt	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,693	1,693,759	4.2%			
Invastmente		: .				
Investment Agreements	1.883	1.883.458	4.7%	A1	Moody's	
Total Investments	1.883.458	458	4.7%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities						
Girnie Mae	10,905,140	5,140	27.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Famie Mae	8,736,887	5,887	21.9%	Aaa	Moody's	
Freddie Mac	16,641,324	1,324	41.7%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	36,283,351	351	91.0%			
1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue						
Bonds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 39,860,568	,568	100.0%			
a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a						

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report. (Continued)

1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 2013

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating/ Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Money Market Funds	\$ 4,310,750	7.6%	AAAm	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,310,750	7.6%		٠	
Investments					
Investment Agreements	4,638,439	8.1%	AA-	S&P	
Total Investments	4,638,439	8.1%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities				•	
Ginnie Mae	13,718,707	24.1%	Aaa	Moody's	
Fannie Mae	11,106,097	19.5%	Aaa	Moody's	
Freddie Mac	23,158,543	40.7%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	47,983,347	84.3%			
1996 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 56,932,536	100.0%			

Single Family NIB Program as of September 30, 2014

Asset		reicemage or			Onderrying securities Credit Rating/
	Fair Value	Total	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Money Market Funds	\$ 1,516,834	15.1%	Aaa-mf	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,516,834	15.1%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Girnie Mae Fannie Mae	8,264,272 248,075	82.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	8,512,347	84.9%			
Single Family NIB Program Total Cash sand Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 10,029,181	100.0%			

Single Family NIB Program as of September 30, 2013

Asset	-	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents Money Market Funds	4	2,659,457	21.9%	AAAm	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,659,457	21.9%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities						
Ginnie Mae		9,465,809	16.6%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities		9,465,809	16.6%			
Single Family NIB Program Total Cash and Mortgage-Backed Securities	∞	12,125,265	100.0%			

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report. (Continued)

Multifamily NIB Program as of September 30, 2014

Asset		Fair Value	Percentage of Total	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating/ Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents Demand Money Market Deposit	↔	19,963,367	. 49.8%	P-1	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Unirsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		19,963,367	49.8%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities						
Girmie Mae		20,105,333	50.2%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities		20,105,333	50.2%			
Multifamily NIB Program Total Cash and Mortgage-Backed Securities	S	40,068,699	100.0%			

Multifamily NIB Program as of September 30, 2013

		Percentage of Total			Underlying Securities Credit Rating /
Asset	Fair Value	Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Demand Money Market Deposit	\$ 21,882,673	\$2.0%	AA-	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	21,882,673	52.0%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Ginnie Mae	20,189,672	48.0%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	20,189,672	48.0%			
Multifamily NIB Program Total Cash and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 42,072,346	100.0%			

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report. (Continued)

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program as of September 30, 2014

Asset	Fair Value		Percentage of Total	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 242,788	788	0.2%	Not Rated		Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Demand Money Market deposit	34,326,567	292	33.2%	P-1	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Money Market Funds	18,259,396	396	17.6%	Aaa-mf	Moody's	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	52,828,751	25 	51.1%			
Investments						
U.S. Treasury Obligations	9,805,291	291	9.5%	Aaa	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	1,826,932	932	1.8%	A1	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	214,198	198	0.2%	A2	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	986,416	416	1.0%	A3	Moody's	
Investment Agreements		\$	%0.0	Not Rated		
Total Investments	12,832,843	843	12.4%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities		. :			• .	
Ginne Mae	37,807,827	827	36.5%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	37,807,827	827	36.5%			
Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program						* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- Backed Securities	S 103,469,420	170	100.0%			

Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program as of September 30, 2013

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
		-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 16,335,084	13.0%	Not Rated		Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Demand Money Market deposit	17,150,710	13.6%	AA-	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Money Market Funds	22,824,152	18.1%	AAAm	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Commercial Papers	287,577	0.2%	-VA	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	56,597,523	44.9%			
		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
Investments					
Commercial Papers	7,094,716	2.6%	P-1	Moody's	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5,906,667	4.1%	Aaa	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	2,382,277	1.9%	AA+	S&P	
Investment Agreements	2,402,387	1.9%	AA-	S&P	
Investment Agreements	3,268,281	2.6%	¥	S&P	
Investment Agreements	28,573	%0.0	Not Rated		
Total Investments	21,082,900	6.4%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Ginnie Mae	48,310,648	38.3%	Aaa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	48,310,648	38.3%			
Multifamily (Conduit Bond) Program					
Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage- Backed Securities	\$ 125,991,071	89.7%			
		The second secon			

Combined Revenue Obligation Funds and General Fund as of September 30, 2014

		Percentage of Total			Underlying Securities Credit Rating /
Asset	Fair Value	Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 394,220	0.5%	Not Rated		Federal Reserve-Held Aaa Collateral
Non-Money Market Deposits	5,259,404	2.0%	Not Rated		Third Party-Held Aaa Collateral
Non-Money Market Deposits	242,788	0.1%	Not Rated		Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Demand Money Market Deposits	41,120,513	15.9%	Not Rated		Federal Reserve-Held Aaa Collateral
Demand Money Market Deposits	55,178,986	21.3%	P-1	Moody's	
Money Market Funds	23,214,118	%0.6	Aaa-mf	Moody's	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	125,410,028	48.4%			
Investments					
Certificates of Deposits	199,925	0.1%	Not Rated		FDIC Insured
U.S. Treasury Obligations	10,307,133	4.0%	Ава	Moody's	
U.S. Agency Obligations	124,628	%0.0	Aaa	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	155,017	0.1%	Aa2	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	262,431	0.1%	Aa3	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	357,007	0.1%	¥1	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	101,760	%0.0	4 2	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	38,401	%0.0	A3	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	283,453	0.1%	Baa 1	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	50,258	%0.0	Baa3	Moody's	
GSE Obligations	1,142,166	0.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	3,710,391	1.4%	¥I	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	214,198	0.1%	?	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	986,416	0.4%	, ,	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	10,000,005	3.9%	Not Rated		
Total Investments	27,933,189	10.8%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Ginnie Mae	78,827,504	30.4%	Aaa	Moody's	
Fannie Mae	10,306,981	4.0%	Ава	Moody's	
Freddie Mac	16,641,324	6.4%	Aaa	Moody's	(本) のはのむきが、数しむはない。
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	105,775,809	40.8%			
Combined General Fund and Revenue					
Investments and Mortgage-Backed	\$ 259,119,026	100.0%			
Securities					
		•			

Combined Revenue Obligation Funds and General Fund as of September 30, 2013

Asset	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Underlying Securities Credit Rating / Supporting Collateral
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Non-Money Market Deposits	\$ 32,130,092	%8'01		Moody's	Federal Reserve-Held Ass Collateral
Non-Money Market Deposits	5,227,767	%8.1		Moodv's	Third Party-Held Asa Collateral
Demand Money Market Deposits	7.321.105	2.5%		Moody's	Federal Reserve-Held Aaa Collateral
Non-Money Market Deposits	16,335,084	13.0%	Not Rated		Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Money Market Funds	31,186,248	10.5%	AAAm	S&P	
Demand Money Market Deposits	39,033,383	13.1%	AA-	S&P	Uncollateralized, Uninsured
Commercial Papers	287,577	0.1%	AA-	S&P	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	131,521,255	44.1%			•
Investments					
Commercial Papers	7,094,716	2.4%	P-1	S&P	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	6,902,071	2.3%	Aaa	Moody's	
U.S. Agency Obligations	150,006	0.1%	Aaa	Moody's	
Corporate Obligations	104,001	%0.0	AA+	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	61,750	%0.0	¥	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	87,059	%0.0	AA-	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	72,123	%0.0	Ψ+	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	70,981	%0.0	∀	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	664,986	0.2%	.	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	50,257	%0.0	BBB+	S&P	
Corporate Obligations	25,091	%0.0	BBB	S&P	
GSE Obligations	1,079,723	0.4%	Asa	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	12,382,277	%8.6	AA+	Moody's	
Investment Agreements	7,040,826	2.6%	AA.	S&P	
Investment Agreements	3,268,281	2.6%	∢	S&P	
Investment Agreements	28,573	%0.0	Not Rated	S&P	
Total Investments	39,082,718	13.1%			
Mortgage-Backed Securities					
Ginnie Mae	93,362,715	31.3%	Aaa	Moody's	
Fannie Mac	11,106,097	3.7%	Aaa	Moody's	
Freddie Mac	23,158,543	7.8%	Asa	Moody's	
Total Mortgage-Backed Securities	127,627,355	42.8%			
Combined General Fund and Revenue Obligation Funds Total Cash, Investments and Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$ 298,231,329	100.0%			