Chairman Phil Mendelson A PROPOSED RESOLUTION IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA To declare the existence of an emergency, with respect to the need to amend the District of Columbia Nonresident Tuition Act, to allow District of Columbia students enrolled at District of Columbia Public Schools or public charter schools who attend non-public schools or programs to continue their education for the remainder of the school year in which legal permanency is achieved and through the end of the following school year, without payment of nonresident tuition, if the child ceases to be in the care and custody of the District as a result of being placed in the permanent care and custody of a parent, guardian, or custodian who resides outside the District of Columbia. RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. That this resolution may be cited as the "Non-Public Student Educational Continuity Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2021." Sec. 2. (a) In 2014, the Council approved the "Educational Continuity Amendment Act of 2014," as part of D.C. Law 20-155, the "Fiscal Year 2015 Budget Support Act of 2014." This act created a residency exemption for wards of the state, allowing youth under the care of the District to continue to attend their District of Columbia Public Schools (DCPS) or public charter school if they are placed in the permanent care and custody of a parent, guardian, or custodian who resides outside the District of Columbia. This provides for continuity in their education.

40	(b) Unfortunately, the law leaves out students who are enrolled in a DCPS or DC public
41	charter school but are attending a non-public school or program. When these students cease to
42	be wards of the District and are placed in the permanent care of an individual who resides
43	outside of the District, the District stops paying the tuition to their non-public schools. In turn,
44	they often have to leave the non-public schools, or their new guardians have to find thousands of
45	dollars to pay their tuition. Arguably, these students need continuity in their education the most.
46	(c) In 2020, the Council learned that numerous students were impacted by the lapse in the
47	law, so the Council approved D.C. Act 23-242, the "Non-Public Student Educational Continuity
48	Emergency Amendment Act of 2020," and D.C. Law 23-104, the "Non-Public Student
49	Educational Continuity Temporary Amendment Act of 2020." D.C. Act 23-242 expired on May
50	31, 2020, and D.C. Law 23-104 expires on January 28, 2021. Permanent legislation has not yet
51	been passed to address this lapse.
52	(e) A second round of emergency legislation is necessary to continue to provide the
53	Office of the State Superintendent of Education the clarity it needs to ensure that non-public
54	students maintain the continuity of education afforded to students who are not in non-public
55	placement.
56	(f) To ensure that there is no gap between the first round of emergency and temporary
57	legislation and the second round, an applicability date of January 28, 2021 has been added to the
58	emergency.

- Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances, making it necessary that the Student Educational Continuity Second Emergency Amendment Act of 2020 be adopted after a single reading.
 - Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.