

A PROPOSED RESOLUTION

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

To declare an emergency with respect to the need to amend the Housing Production Trust Fund Act of 1988 to insert net zero energy requirements for large residential and mixed-use construction projects receiving local subsidies; the Clean Energy DC Building Code Amendment Act of 2022 to require periodic reporting on the development of universal net zero energy building code regulations that will apply to residential and mixed-use construction; and the Green Building Act of 2006 to remove those net zero energy compliance provisions inserted by the Greener Government Buildings Amendment Act of 2022 that apply to residential and mixed-use projects; and to repeal the Green Housing Transition Extension Temporary Amendment Act of 2024.

RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the “Green Housing Coordination Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2024”.

Sec. 2. (a) Under the Clean Energy DC Building Code Amendment Act of 2022, the Mayor is required to promulgate rules by the end of calendar year 2026 that will impose a net zero energy standard, including a prohibition on onsite fossil fuel combustion, on most new construction and major renovation projects.

(b) On January 12, 2023, Mayor Bowser signed into law the Greener Government Buildings Act of 2022 (GGBA), which among other things compels District government agencies to achieve net zero energy compliance in most new or substantially improved government-owned and government-funded buildings.

(c) The Council funded the GGBA as part of the fiscal year 2024 budget process.

34 (d) In light of earlier legislation, the effect of the net zero energy compliance provisions
35 of the GGBA was to accelerate the existing net zero mandate specifically for government and
36 government-funded buildings.

37 (e) The Council, in consultation with the executive, affordable housing providers, and
38 local environmental advocates, has determined that the timing and nature of net zero standards
39 for residential and mixed-use construction projects should be adjusted.

40 (d) Large new-construction residential and mixed-use projects that receive funding
41 through the Department of Housing and Community Development's Consolidated Request for
42 Proposals process should still be held to strong environmental standards, but these standards
43 should be applied through the solicitation and award process rather than the building permit
44 process.

45 Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances
46 enumerated in section 2 constitute an emergency making it necessary that the Green Housing
47 Coordination Emergency Amendment Act of 2024 be adopted after a single reading.

48 Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.