

**COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION & THE ENVIRONMENT
MEMORANDUM**

1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20004

TO: Chairman Phil Mendelson
FROM: Councilmember Charles Allen *CA*
RE: Request to Place Measures on September 22, 2026 Legislative Meeting Agenda
DATE: September 17, 2026

I request that the following measures be placed on the agenda for the September 22, 2026 Legislative Meeting:

Permanent Measures Approved by the Committee

- **B26-0619, the “Eric’s ID Amendment Act of 2026”**

On March 2, 2026, Bill 26-0619, the “Eric’s ID Amendment Act of 2026”, was introduced by Councilmembers Zachary Parker and Janeese Lewis George; the bill was co-introduced by Chairperson Allen, joined by Councilmembers Brooke Pinto, Robert C. White, Jr., Brianne K. Nadeau, Christina Henderson, Anita Bonds, and Doni Crawford. The bill was referred to the Committee on Transportation and the Environment on March 3, 2026. As introduced, the bill would allow applicants for a driver’s license, permit, or identification card to indicate their nonapparent disability on their credential, defining nonapparent disability as a disability or health condition that is not immediately obvious or visible, including developmental disabilities, intellectual disabilities, and immunodeficiency conditions. The introduced version also required the District Department of Transportation (“DDOT”) to coordinate with the Office of Disability Rights (“ODR”) to conduct public outreach efforts and prohibited DDOT from disclosing information related to an individual’s nonapparent disability except in certain circumstances. The introduced version of the bill also prohibits charging fees to add or remove a nonapparent disability notation on an initial or renewal application and requires the Metropolitan Police Department (“MPD”) to conduct training on interactions with individuals with nonapparent disabilities. The Committee Print of B26-0619 maintains most of the introduction’s language, notably assigning the responsibilities under this bill to the Department of Motor Vehicles (“DMV”).

Emergency Legislation

- **“Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Technical Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2026”**
- **“Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Technical Congressional Review Emergency Amendment Act of 2026”**

On December 20, 2022, the Council passed the Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Amendment Act of 2022, effective April 21, 2023 (D.C. Law 24-345; 70 DCR 953) (“permanent law”). While most of the permanent law went into effect on April 21, 2023, section 105 of the permanent law remains unfunded and has not yet taken effect. Instead, substantially similar provisions have been maintained on an emergency and temporary basis.

There also existed a need to clarify the scope of reporting requirements amended by the Expanding Supports for Crime Victims Amendment Act of 2022, effective April 6, 2023 (D.C. Law 24-341; 69 DCR 14698). Section 4 of the Leading Education Access for Reentry and Necessary Success (“LEARNS”) Amendment Act of 2026, passed on 2nd reading on June 2, 2026 (Enrolled version of Bill 26-526), provides such clarification, but has not yet completed its congressional review period.

In response to these issues, the Council passed the Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Technical Emergency Amendment Act of 2026, effective July 22, 2026 (D.C. Act 26-0371; 73 DCR 11065) (“emergency legislation”). The emergency legislation expires on October 20, 2026. The Council also passed the Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Technical Temporary Amendment Act of 2026, passed on 2nd reading on June 2, 2026 (Enrolled version of Bill 26-0713) (“temporary legislation”). The temporary legislation is projected to take effect on November 13, 2026.

This new round of emergency and temporary legislation is now necessary to prevent a gap in the law between the expiration of the temporary legislation and the applicability date of section 105 of the permanent legislation. This round of emergency and temporary legislation is also necessary to clarify the scope of reporting requirements amended by the Expanding Supports for Crime Victims Amendment Act of 2022 until the Leading Education Access for Reentry and Necessary Success (“LEARNS”) Amendment Act of 2026 takes effect.

Copies of the filed committee reports for each permanent measure are attached. Copies of the introduced version of the emergency measures are also attached. Please contact Kevin Whitfield, Committee Director, at kwhitfield@dccouncil.gov with any questions.

cc: Members, Council of the District of Columbia
Office of the Secretary
Office of the General Counsel